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The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, December 16.
To the PRINTER, &c.

SIR,

THE Britiſh Plantations or Colonies, in America, are judged at preſent to contain near two Millions of white Perſons, beſides a great Number of Blacks, who are employed in raiſing Rice, Tobacco, and ſeveral other Commodities; and from the Plenty and Cheapneſs of Proviſions, and the eaſy and happy Settlement of the poorer Sort of People, they marry young, and have great Numbers of Children before they arrive at the Age in which People in Europe uſually marry. By the Accounts kept in thoſe Colonies, where the Public Money is raiſed by Capitation or Poll-Tax, it is found that the Inhabitants increaſe at leaſt one Third in fourteen Years; ſo that if we have at preſent 2,000,000 of white Perſons upon the Continent of America, it may be preſumed, that in leſs than 42 Years from this Time, they will increaſe to 4,000,000; and if the Increaſe be carried on in this Proportion for a Century or two, the Britiſh Colonies on the Continent of America will, conſidering their Situation, add an amazing Degree of Strength and Power to Great Britain.

In North America they build a great Number of Ships, and moſt of their Commodities being bulky, they employ many Sailors, in the different Branches of their Trade and Commerce, which makes them a great Nurſery for Seamen. In their own Trade, and in the Fiſhery, they employ at leaſt 25,000 Men.

America is alſo capable of producing all Kinds of naval Stores for the Uſe of our Navy, which may be attended with infinite Advantages, as we ſhall always have a ready Supply of theſe uſeful Commodities within ourſelves, and by paying for them with our own Manufactures, we ſhall improve the landed Intereſt, and employ our Poor.

The different Kinds of Merchandize ſhipped from this Kingdom to America, amount to upwards of 2,800,000l. Sterling per Annum; and although our Colonies are not able to pay for theſe Goods, or Merchandize, in a direct Courſe of Trade, the Commodities which are carried from thence to the Engliſh, French, Dutch and Spaniſh Colonies, ſuch as Lumber, Flour, Beef, Pork, Bacon, &c. amount, at a moderate Computation, to upwards of 1,800,000l. per Annum, which may be conſidered partly as a Balance againſt our own Iſlands, and partly as a Balance againſt the French, Dutch, and Spaniſh Settlements, which is paid by them, and in the End centers in Great Britain.

The Situation of our Colonies in America renders them of the greateſt Importance, and adds great Strength to this Kingdom, as in Time of War with France and Spain, we may be ſupplied from thence, both with Men, and with Ships, to tranſport them upon any Expedition to the Weſt-Indies, on much eaſier Terms than from home; and if needful, upon any Emergency, our Regiments may be ſpeedily recruited from thence. Indeed our Force there is ſuch, that if the Concerns of America be under a right Direction, and that we act conſiſtently, it may upon good Grounds be aſſerted, that both France and Spain will hold their Poſſeſſions in the Weſt-Indies, at the Will and Pleaſure of England, as they may, from the ſuperior Force and Power which we can collect on the Continent of North America, be at any Time deprived of the Poſſeſſion of their Iſlands.

Thus we ſee that America has all the Advantages which could poſſibly be deſired to render this Kingdom great and powerful; it is a Nurſery for Seamen; it produces all Kinds of Naval Stores; abounds with Shipping; and if needful, we can raiſe many brave and reſolute Men there, to attack our Enemies in ſuch Places as may appear agreeable to the Wiſdom of thoſe in Power; and from the Conſumption of our Manufactures, it is capable of enriching us to a great Degree, as our Territories in America can ſupply us, in Return for European Goods, with all the Commodities which we import from the moſt Southern Parts of Italy to the moſt Northern Parts of Germany.

The Increaſe of Money by Trade is certainly to be much deſired, as it not only enriches the private Merchant, but alſo adds to the public Stock: But this alone will not render any Kingdom or Commonwealth great and powerful. The Truth of which may be fully evinced, by obſerving the preſent State of the Spaniſh Nation; for although the Merchants and the public Stock are often enriched there by their Commerce in foreign Merchandize, yet their Landed Intereſt ſtill remains very low and diſtreſſed; and they cannot be conſidered as formidable in War. The ſame Thing may be alſo obſerved of the Seven United Provinces.

It is difficult to aſcertain the true Value of the Produce of the French Iſlands before the preſent War; but by a Calculation which was made by a Perſon well acquainted with the Trade of thoſe Iſlands in 1752, their Produce in Sugar, Rum, Melaſſes, Indigo, Piemento, Cotton, Pepper, Ginger, Coffee, &c. &c. amounted to about 2,400,000l. Sterling per Annum: But as the Planters in thoſe Iſlands were ſupplied with great Quantities of Proviſions of different Kinds, and alſo with Timber and Horſes from our Colonies on the Continent of America, a great Part of the Profits of that Trade did not center with the French.

This Amount of the Produce of the French Iſlands in the Weſt-Indies, is not equal to one Half of the Produce of our Northern Colonies, added to that of our Iſlands in the Weſt-Indies; neither did the French employ in their Iſland Trade, and in the Fiſhery, one Half of the Number of Seamen which are employed in our Trade in North America, in our Fiſheries, and in our Iſlands. But even ſuppoſing the Trade of the French Colonies to be equal, or in ſome Degree ſuperior to what ours is at preſent, Britain, as a great Empire, would receive more real Power, Strength, and Influence, from its undiſturbed Poſſeſſions in North-America, than from the Poſſeſſion of the whole French Iſlands in the Weſt-Indies.

When the French were in Poſſeſſion of Canada, and had a Chain of Forts in the Form of a Creſcent, which in a Manner ſurrounded all our Frontier Settlements, we could not with Safety withdraw any great Number of our Men from the Continent, upon any Expedition in the Weſt-Indies; but conſidering the undiſturbed State which we may, by proper Regulations, enjoy for the future, I do not apprehend that France and Spain can poſſibly reſiſt the Force which can be collected in North America, and afterwards employed againſt them in the Weſt-Indies.

If we were to conſider our own Strength and Situation in the Iſlands, ſingly or independent of that Aid and Security, which they at all Times derive from the Continent of North America, the French, in that Light, might poſſibly appear formidable; but when the Power of Great Britain and of France in America, and in the Weſt-Indies, is taken in a general View, it will be found, that ſo long as we maintain the Dominion of the Seas, the Power of France and Spain united can bear no Proportion to ours on the Continent of America, and in the other Iſlands. Beſides, as the French Settlements in the Weſt Indies want to be ſupplied from the Continent of America with great Quantities of Proviſions, with Timber, with Horſes, and many other Articles neceſſary for their Plantations (which, as I have conſidered above, will bring home to us a conſiderable Part of the Profits ariſing from their Produce) if thoſe neceſſary Supplies were at any Time wholly denied to them, it would lay them under great Difficulties in carrying on their Sugar Works, &c. &c.

The French are a wiſe and diſcerning Nation, and for the moſt Part quickly ſee their true Intereſt; but private and partial Intereſts will prevail in all Courts, which is the preſent Caſe with them. Many of their great Families are concerned in the Property of the Lands in the Iſlands, but are not in thoſe on the Continent; which is the true Reaſon of their being ſo very tenacious in every Matter which concerned their Intereſt in the Iſlands, and more pliable in all the Affairs of the Continent. Had the true Intereſt of France been attended to, they would by no Means have given up their Footing in Canada: For had they continued in any Part of it, they might, in Time of War, have given us full Employment on the Continent of America, and been more at Liberty to attack our Iſlands in the Weſt Indies; but as they have relinquiſhed the Whole of North America, they have put it in our Power to collect ſuch a Force againſt their Iſlands, as neither they nor Spain can poſſibly reſiſt.

And what they have done in this Reſpect, may likewiſe occaſion a great Change in the political Syſtem in Europe, and diſengage us from continental Wars; for if in any future War the French were to attempt to take Poſſeſſion of Hanover, we ſhould have no Occaſion to oppoſe them, as we ſhall always have it in our Power to make Repriſals. And it is to be hoped that the Strength we have acquired in America will appear ſo formidable to France and Spain, as to make them more obſervant and careful in the punctual and due Performance of the Treaty now entered into with them.

PHILADELPHIA RACES.

ON Monday, the 30th of May, will be run for over the Center Courſe of this City, A Purſe of

FIFTY POUNDS;

Free for any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, not full blooded; thoſe of 15 Hands high to carry 9 Stone, Saddle and Bridle included, and ſeven Pounds for each Inch above that Size; to run three Heats, three times round the Courſe each Heat; not leſs than four reputed running Horſes, Mares or Geldings, to ſtart in this Race.

The Horſe, Mare or Gelding, that winneth any two Heats, winneth the Purſe; but if three ſeveral Horſes, Mares or Geldings, win each of them a Heat, then thoſe three, and only they, to run a fourth Heat, and the Horſe, Mare or Gelding, that winneth the fourth Heat, ſhall have the Purſe.

Three Gentlemen will be appointed Judges, who are to fix the Hour of Starting, determine all Diſputes, agreeable to regular Articles, which will be read at the Poſt, and will diſpoſe of the Entrance Money, as they ſhall think moſt likely to entertain the Company the next Day; when a Purſe of TWENTY POUNDS, or more, will be run for by ſuch Horſes as the Judges may think proper.

All Horſes, Mares or Geldings, that run for the FIFTY POUND Purſe, are to be ſhewn, entered and meaſured, by Mr. Peter Robeſon, in this City, on Friday, the 27th of May, paying Two Piſtoles Entrance, or Four Piſtoles, if entered at the Poſt.

Hanover Townſhip, Lancaſter County, March 25, 1763.

WHEREAS on Information upon Oath, duly taken from Timothy Green, that a certain William Wilſon, Inmate with Joſeph Wilſon, of Hanover Townſhip, in ſaid County, had ſtolen divers Goods and Implements, Property of divers Perſons, I iſſued a Warrant to the Conſtable to apprehend him the ſaid William Wilſon, to bring him to Juſtice; but by Stratagem of the above named Joſeph Wilſon the ſaid William Wilſon eſcaped, and is gone to Carolina, as it is ſaid. And being further informed of an uncommon Aſſortment of Tools, Utenſils, &c. at the Place of Abode of ſaid Wilſon, I went with the Conſtable aforeſaid, and made Search, and found at the Place aforeſaid, the following Goods, moſt of them hid in the Ground, viz. 1 Saw-mill Crank, 3 Gudgings, 1 Rag-wheel Iron, 3 Saw-mill Dogs, a Croſs-cut Saw, a Nail Smith's Anvil, a Blackſmith's Anvil, 4 Ditto Hammers, 2 Sledges, and ſeveral other Blackſmith's Tools; 3 Pieces of Steel and Iron, a Shoemaker's Hammer, ſundry Sorts of Waggon Irons, an Iron Wedge, a Grind-ſtone Handle, ſeveral Kinds of Carpenter's Tools (part whereof are ſaid to be ſtolen from William James) a Cooper's Adze, 3 falling Axes, a Broad Ax, 2 Crow Bars, 4 Grubbing Hoes, 4 Shovels, 2 Spades, a Drawing Knife, 3 Mill Picks, 2 Waggon Hand-ſcrews, 300 Cedar Shingles (ſaid to be ſtolen from Leacock Meeting-houſe) ſome Bricks (ſaid to be ſtolen from Lancaſter Barracks, and from Mr. Samuel Scott) 2 Grind-ſtones (one of them ſaid to be ſtolen from Thomas Black) 2 Augers for boring Stone, a Bar of Steel (ſaid to be ſtolen from Timothy Green) an Iron Stove (ſaid to be ſtolen from Cornwall Furnace) together with a Variety of Tools, Implements, &c. too tedious here to mention.

And many more ſuch are ſuſpected to be hid at the ſame Place, which as yet cannot be found. The Public is therefore deſired to take Notice, that any Perſon or Perſons, from whom any of the aforeſaid Goods were ſtolen, by applying to the Subſcriber, living in Hanover Townſhip, in ſaid County, and proving his Property, may have them again. ADAM REED.

Philadelphia, April 4, 1763.

THE CONTRIBUTORS to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, are notified to attend at the ſaid Hoſpital, on the Second Day of next Month, between the Hours of Two and Four in the Afternoon, being the Time appointed by Law for the Election of twelve Managers, and a Treaſurer, for the Year enſuing; when the Accounts of the State of that charitable Inſtitution, for the preſent Year, are intended to be laid before them.

TO BE SOLD,

A PIECE of Land, at the upper End of Germantown, with two ſmall Tenements thereon, containing eleven Acres; it is pleaſantly ſituated for a Country Seat, and there is a good Orchard, Garden and Nurſery on the ſame, in which are a great Variety of Fruit Trees, of the beſt Kinds. Alſo a Paſture near Batchelors Hall, containing about four Acres. Likewiſe 156 Acres of Land, near Little Eaſe Branch, in Glouceſter County, Weſt New-Jerſey, adjoining to a Tract belonging to Amos Strettell. For Terms of Sale, enquire of EDWARD PENINGTON. ¶

N. B. All thoſe indebted to ſaid Edward Penington, whoſe Debts are become due, are deſired to pay.

TO be ſold by public Vendue, on the 20th Day of this inſtant April, A Plantation, Griſt-mill and Saw-mill, in the Townſhip of Wright's Town, Bucks County, late the Eſtate of Richard Mitchell Eſq; deceaſed; the Plantation containing 225 Acres of Land, 150 cleared, 20 Acres Meadow, moſt of it watered from the Mill Race and Dam; a good Stone Houſe, 30 by 27, two Stories high, with four Rooms on a Floor, well finiſhed, a Stone Kitchen adjoining, a Well of good Water at the Door, a large Garden paled in, a Barn, and other Buildings, and an Orchard of good Fruit. The Griſt-mill and Saw-mill both Over-ſhot, and double geared; the Saw-mill almoſt new; the Griſt-mill has two Pair of Stones, and three Boulting Mills, two of which go by Water, has been long uſed to do Merchant Work, and is ſituated in a good Part of the Country for getting Wheat, the Stream conſtant and laſting, and large enough to turn both Mills moſt Part of the Year. The Terms of Payment will be eaſy, and made known the Day of Sale, on the Premiſes, by ELDAD ROBERTS, and JOSEPH WATSON, Executors. ‡

LOST on the 28th of laſt Month, between Hollanders Creek and Philadelphia, a Duplicate belonging to the Overſeer of the Poor of Moyamenſing Townſhip. Whoever has found the ſame, and will bring it to JAMES PENROSE, or GEORGE GOODWIN, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS Reward. ⊙

LOST, a new German Flute, made by SCHUCHART; and a Pair of Silver Spurs, lined with Steel, remarkably long in the Neck and Shank. Whoever will bring them to the New Printing-Office, or give Information where they may be found, ſhall receive FIVE PISTOLES Reward, or THREE PISTOLES for either of them.

N. B. If there is any Name on the Spurs, it is MOORE.

Newark, New-Caſtle County, on Delaware, April 1, 1763.

THIS may ſerve to inform the PUBLICK, that there is a Miſtake in the Almanacks concerning the Fair of this Place, which in them is ſaid to be held on the 15th Inſtant, but ſhould have been the 21ſt Inſtant, as the Fairs of Newark are always to be kept the third Thurſday in April and October yearly. ¶

Virginia, February 8, 1763.

TO be ſold, at my Warehouſes, near the Falls of James River any Quantity of good COAL, from my Pits, in this Colony. SAMUEL DU-VAL.

The RAVEN,

A VERY fine 3 Quarter Blooded Horſe, 14 Hands 3 Inches high, a jet black, with a Star and a Snip, one white Foot, riſing Seven Years old this Graſs, a very eaſy Trotter, and as handſome, perhaps, as any Horſe upon the Continent, Covers this Spring at a Piſtole for a ſingle Leap, or Two Piſtoles Leap and Trial, and Two Shillings to the Groom, paid at the Stable Door. Mares will be taken good Care of, by

¶ 5 W. ABRAHAM CHATTIN.

Woodberry Creek, Glouceſter County, Weſt New-Jerſey, March 1763.

TO be SOLD, by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Saturday, the 16th Day of this inſtant April, at Six o' Clock in the Evening, A Lot of Ground, with a three Story Brick Houſe, a Piazza, and Kitchen thereon, ſituate on the Weſt-ſide of Front-ſtreet, a little below the Draw-bridge, now in the Tenure of Samuel Carſon, being in Front, on ſaid Street, 20 Feet, and in Depth 120 Feet, free of Groundrent, and the Title indiſputable. Any Perſon inclining to treat at private Sale, may know the Terms, by applying to JOSHUA FISHER, or BENJAMIN WYNKOOP.

TEN PISTOLES Reward.

RUN away from Cheſterfield Forge, on the Falls of James River, in Virginia, a Mulattoe Man, named Tom, formerly belonged to the Buſh River Iron-work Company in Maryland; he is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, very ſtout, with a Down-look, ſpeaks ſlow, and has a Scar on his Thigh like a Scald: Had on, when he went away, an old Hat, Cotton Waiſtcoat, Ozenbrigs Shirt and Trowſers, and old Copper Buckles in his Shoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Slave, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have the above Reward, paid by ARCHIBALD CARY, in Virginia, or ISAAC WEBSTER, of Maryland. ¶

TO be ſold at public Vendue, on the 25th Day of April next, on the Premiſes, a Tract of Land, lying in Burlington County, in the Townſhip of Hanover, about 14 Miles from Burlington, and 10 from Mountholly, containing near 700 Acres, to be divided into three equal Parts, all well watered and timbered. On one there is a good Houſe, and on another an Orchard. Said Tract of Land joins Joſeph Lamb's. The Vendue to begin at Ten o' Clock, when the Conditions will be made known by

JOSEPH LEONARD.

N. B. To be ſold at ſame time, another Piece of Land, chiefly Meadow Ground. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the ſame, by applying to JOSEPH BIDDLE junior, living near the Place.

FOUND the Firſt Day of October laſt, at the Corner of Second and Market-ſtreets, a ſmall Quantity of Paper-money. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by deſcribing it, may have it again, on applying to the Printers hereof, and paying the Coſt of this Advertiſement.

PETERSBURGH, Nov. 19.

BY a Manifeſto publiſhed in Moſcow the 27th of October, the following Perſons were convicted of High Treaſon, viz. Peter Kruſhoff, Lieut. in the Izmayloff Guard, Simon Guryoff, Lieut. of the Ingermanland Regiment. Ivan Guryoff, 2d Lieut. and Peter Guryoff, Quarter-maſter of the Izmayloff Guards. And Alexey Kruſhoff, an Aſſeſſor. They were condemned to loſe their Heads; but by the Clemency of her Imperial Majeſty, Sentence was mitigated. The two former are to be publickly knouted, and ſent to Priſon in Camchatca. The two next to be ſent into Baniſhment to Jakutſka, and the laſt to his own Eſtates for Life.

Milan, Nov. 20. A large Mountain, near the Lake of Como, in the Valley of Saſna, between the Valteline and the Country of the Griſons, ſuddenly gave Way at the Bottom, and ſlipping down, inſtantly buried a Village belonging to the Empreſs Queen, and therein about 800 Perſons.

LONDON, December 11.

A certain great Commoner went on Thurſday in his Chair, and afterwards was ſupported by two Gentlemen at the Door of the Houſe of Commons through a large Concourſe of People, much above the common Rank, whoſe Reſpect and Acclamations teſtified their Joy at his Appearance on ſo important an Occaſion; but of which he expreſſed a modeſt Diſapprobation.

Mr. PITT was wrapped in Flannel when he went to Parliament.

By Letters received by Tueſday's Dutch Mail, we are informed, that on Friday the 10th Inſtant, the Right Hon. the Marquis of Granby lay ſo dangerouſly ill at Warbourg, that they had little or no Hope of his Recovery; and that a Meſſenger was that Day diſpatched to Hanover to one of the firſt Phyſicians of that City, by whoſe Aſſiſtance he is now happily out of Danger, to the great Joy of the whole Army, to whom he has endeared himſelf by a Thouſand Acts of Generoſity.

Extract of a Letter from Ratiſbon, Nov. 25.

"Baron Plotho, the Miniſter of Brandenburgh, has declared to the Dyet, that the King, his Maſter, intends to act in a hoſtile Manner againſt all the Circles, until they recal their Contingents from the Auſtrian Army, and give his Majeſty ample Satisfaction for all the Hoſtilities they have hitherto committed againſt him. This plain Declaration has ſtruck Terror into the Circles that are moſt expoſed to his Reſentment. Yeſterday Morning the Military Cheſt of the Army of the Empire was ſent away from hence to Lintz. Several Miniſters, and eſpecially the Emperor's principal Commiſſary, have packed up all their Effects, that they may be ready to depart, in caſe Danger draws nearer."

Part of a Letter from Ratiſbon, dated Nov. 29.

"The Deputies of this City, and of the Grand Chapter, as alſo of the Abbey of Emeran, Ober, and Næder Munſter, having repaired to Baron Plotho, on occaſion of the King of Pruſſia's late Declaration, this Miniſter told them, that the Moment a Body of Pruſſian Troops ſhould appear before the City, and demand Hoſtages to treat of Contributions, they muſt comply, without waiting for Extremities.

"Such is the Situation of Affairs in theſe Parts; and we have the more Reaſon to dread the approaching Appearance of the Pruſſians, as they are already come into the Biſhoprick of Eichſtadt. We don't perceive that Bavaria makes any Preparations for Defence; and it is ſaid, that the Pruſſians have demanded a free Paſſage through that Electorate."

Dec. 17. They write from Paris of the 12th Inſtant, that a Company of Swiſs Guards paſſing over a Bridge, on their March returning to that City from Germany, the Bridge broke under them, by which they were all drowned, except 16 that were taken up.

By Letters from Moſcow it appears, that the Empreſs intended to ſtay there till the Spring. And we can aſſure the Public, from undoubted Intelligence, the Reports which have been ſpread thro' Europe, and inſerted in ſome of the Gazettes, of a new Revolution having happened in that Empire, are totally void of all Foundation. Her Imperial Majeſty continued in perfect Health; a general Tranquility reigned throughout the Empire; and the Diſcovery of the late horrid Conſpiracy had been received with the greateſt Joy by all her faithful Subjects.

Some private Letters by the laſt Dutch Mail intimate, that ſeveral Courts will act in Concert, as well at Leipſic as at Vienna, in order to compromiſe the Quarrel between the Empreſs Queen and his Pruſſian Majeſty.

They write from Paris, that the King of Sardinia is to aſſiſt the Queen of Hungary with 10,000 of his Troops in the Beginning of the Spring, to bring the King of Pruſſia to reaſonable Terms of Peace.

We have it affirmed to us, that the Spaniſh Paſſes, tranſmitted here by M. Grimaldi, the Miniſter of the Court of Madrid at that of Verſailles, have been found ſo imperfect, that they have been obliged to be returned back. If this is true, as we have great Reaſon to think it is, the French and Spaniſh Subjects, under our Paſſes, now reap the whole Benefit of Trade reſulting from the Preliminaries, while our own Merchants, by this Stroke of Politics, remain precluded from ſuch commercial Advantages.

Our naval Force in India, and its Situation, was in April laſt, as follows.

Five Sail of the Line, at Madraſs.

Two of the Line, at Bombay.

Two of the Line, and two Frigates, at Batavia.

Two of the Line, and two Frigates, at the Cape of Good Hope. All ſeparated by Chance, but they were expected to unite at the Iſland of Ceylon, in June laſt.

The Iſland of St. Margaret, to which Monſieur Nadau Detreuil, late Governor of Guadaloupe, is baniſhed (who many think deſerved a better Fate) is a ſmall flat Iſland, on which is a Fortreſs, ſituated to the Eaſt of Toulon, near Antibes. It was to this Iſland that Monſ. Le Cour, who commanded the French Fleet in the Mediterranean, the laſt War, againſt Admiral Matthews, was exiled.

The Parties taken into Cuſtody for diſtributing ſome inflammatory Libels are diſcharged.

Wedneſday an Expreſs arrived from the Duke of Bedford. His Dutcheſs having ſent for her Jewels, it is thought they will ſtay longer at Paris than was at firſt imagined.

A Tax is much talked of upon Brokers of all Denominations.

Yeſterday in the Evening, after the breaking up of the Council, a Meſſenger was diſpatched to the Duke of Bedford at Paris.

Dec. 23. An Officer, lately arrived from the Havannah, declares that there are not 300 Men left alive of the Regiment of Highlanders, commanded by Lord John Murray, which Regiment conſiſted of two Battalions of 1000 Men each.

It is ſaid the Houſhold of his Royal Highneſs Prince William Henry, ſecond Brother to his Majeſty, will ſhortly be eſtabliſhed.

All the ſmall Ships in his Majeſty's Service, of a certain Age, we hear are ordered to be ſold.

It is ſaid that his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle has reſigned the Office of Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middleſex.

On Thurſday three Sailors, who had juſt received their ſecond Payment of 450 l. Prize Money, due from the Hermione, at the Ship Tavern behind the Exchange, took a Coach, in order to go to the Strand, and threw out Money all the Way to the Populace.

Extract of a Letter from Francfort, Dec. 14.

"Two Thirds of the French Army have already croſſed the Rhine and Maes, on their Return to France; and it is expected that their whole Army will have entered Flanders by the End of next Week."

Arrived at Briſtol, the Hawke, Morton, from Philadelphia.

Dec. 27. Letters from Madrid of the 18th of Nov. ſay, that the French Troops, under the Command of the Prince de Beauveau, have received Orders to return to France.

An Engliſh Frigate-built Ship, called the Donald, bound to Virginia, burthen 180 Tons, and 20 Men, is taken by the Triumphant Privateer, and carried into St. Sebaſtians.

Letters from France adviſe, that all the Eſtates and Effects of the late Governor Lally, of Pondicherry, are ſeized, himſelf cloſely confined, and his Secretaries, with ſeveral others, beſides Domeſticks, are kept ſeparately under a Guard.

They are fitting out a Squadron of Men of War at Breſt, for the Eaſt Indies, which are to be commanded by Count d'Eſtrange. This Gentleman ran twice away from his Parole of Honour, and after the firſt Breach of Faith, fitted out ſome Ships at the Moruſhet, and did us a great deal of Miſchief at Bencoolen, and in the Gulph of Perſia.---Quere, What may not be expected from a Soldier who breaks his Honour? In about 20 Months Time, or thereabouts, we may poſſibly hear of ſome extraordinary Exploits in the true French Taſte.

We are informed, that a Perſon of Diſtinction will be immediately ſent to the King of Pruſſia, in order to reconcile him to the Princes of the Empire, againſt whom he has taken an Antipathy, and to endeavour to prevent a Continuance of the War, which ſeems to wear as dreadful a Look at preſent as it ever did, in Upper Germany.

We hear the Articles of the Definitive Treaty between this Court, France, Spain and Portugal, which arrived here a few Days ago from Paris, are already ſent back to his Grace the Duke of Bedford.

Friday Night a Packet was diſpatched from Lord Halifax's Office, with the Thanks of the Houſe of Commons to Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick, for his great and diſtinguiſhed Services to this Country.

The Officers of the Militia, whoſe Colonels are in Town, have received from them, the Thanks of the Houſe of Commons, for their ſeaſonable and meritorious Services; and all the others will in due Time.

Vaſt Quantities of Goods, of various Kinds, are ſhipping in the River, for ſeveral Ports in France and Spain.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Dec. 14.

"Letters from Paris, by this Day's Poſt, adviſe, that the People of France are HIGHLY diſſatisfied with the Preliminaries of Peace. And from Dunkirk they write, that on the 6th Inſtant a Courier arrived there from Verſailles, whoſe Diſpatches occaſioned a great Conſternation, being an expreſs Order to demoliſh all the Works that have been raiſed ſince the Year 1756, which it was apprehended would include the Port; but this was not to be determined till the Arrival of the Engliſh Commiſſaries, who were expected on the 15th."

Letters by the laſt Mail ſay, that a conſiderable Body of Pruſſians were on their March to diſlodge the Auſtrians from Cleves and Gueldres. The ſame Letters add, that his Pruſſian Majeſty, chagrined at a Peace made without his Participation, ſtill continued to make large Claims on England, alledging, among other Things, the great Expences he had put himſelf to, to favour Prince Ferdinand's Operations laſt Campaign. Every Thing announces a moſt bloody Campaign next Summer, between the Empreſs Queen and his Pruſſian Majeſty.

The Clerks of the Admiralty-Office, and the War-Office, have been greatly employed in copying Letters wrote by the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, and the Secretary at War, by Order of the Houſe of Commons, to the ſeveral Officers of the Navy and Army, thanking them, in the Name of that Honourable Houſe, for the meritorious and eminent Services which they have done to their King and Country during the War.

This Day at Noon Peter Annet (lately convicted for publiſhing divers blaſphemous Remarks on the Five Books of Moſes) ſtood in the Pillory at Charing-Croſs, and next Week he is to ſtand at the Royal Exchange.

WILLIAMSBURGH, March 4.

From Cheſterfield County we hear, that a Number of Men being met to ſhoot for a Quantity of Feathers, a Gun, in the Hands of one of the Company, went off by Accident, and wounded 15 Perſons; but it is thought they will all recover.

March 11. The John and Suſannah, Captain Moodie, is arrived in York River. He ſailed from Plymouth the 31ſt of December with the Weſt-India Convoy, but brings no News, only that there were great Murmurings in England about the Peace.

ANNAPOLIS, March 17.

On the 25th of laſt Month, as five Men were coming from on board a Veſſel, lying in the Mouth of Port-Tobacco Creek, in a Pettiauger, ſhe unfortunately overſet, and three of them were drowned.

We are informed, by a Gentleman from Virginia, that a Ship was caſt away, about a Fortnight ago, off Cape Charles, which is ſuppoſed to be the Rappahannock, Sample, from Glaſgow.

BOSTON, March 17.

We hear Captain Dole, in a Veſſel belonging to this Place, was taken, with ſeveral others, in a Harbour in Martinico, and ranſomed; after which two Privateers came in and robbed Captain Dole of his Cloaths, and other Things.

NEW-HAVEN (in Connecticut) March 26.

We hear from ſeveral Towns, back in the Country, that the Snow is deeper than has been known for near Fifty Years, at this Seaſon; it is two and three Feet deep on a Level, in ſome Places, and where it is drifted, the Fences are intirely covered up. What makes the Proſpect diſagreeable is, the general Scarcity of Fodder throughout the Colony.

NEW-PORT, March 14.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived here Captain Croſwell, in 16 Days from New-Providence, who gives us the following Intelligence, viz.---That Captain Robert Rodman, in the Schooner Twins, who ſailed from this Port the 2d of November laſt, was caſt away 16 Days afterwards, on Cat-Iſland, one of the Bahama's, where the Veſſel and Cargo were entirely loſt; the Men, three beſides the Captain, leaving 14 Negroes on the Wreck, had the good Fortune to get aſhore in their Boat, but not without much Difficulty; after ſome Time they alſo got the Negroes on Shore, by carrying 2 at a Trip, their Boat being ſo ſmall as not to admit of any more. They having no Knowledge of the Place they were thus unhappily drove to, travelled about in order to make what Diſcoveries they could, and to procure Subſiſtance; but after having gone, as they imagined, 150 Miles, came to the Place where they ſet off from. They continued eight Weeks in the moſt diſtreſſing Situation, ſubſiſting on Shell Fiſh, and what elſe they could find: The Captain and his three Men came to a Reſolution to take to their Boat; they accordingly ſet off, very weak and feeble, keeping near the Land, being obliged to go aſhore every Night to reſt themſelves; and in about 8 or 10 Days, to their inexpreſſible Joy, very fortunately arrived ſafe at New-Providence, reduced almoſt to Skeletons: At this Place they applied to a Gentleman for a ſmall Veſſel to go after the Negroes; and being provided, they ſailed to the Place where they left them, but on their Arrival found but 7 alive, whom they brought off.

About 10 Days before Capt. Croſwell ſailed, a Snow from Briſtol was caſt away on the Iſland of Euthera; the Veſſel entirely loſt, and Part of the Cargo, but the Men ſaved.

NEW-YORK, March 28.

Captain Henry, in 27 Days from the Muſqueto Shore, informs us, that a Number of the Old Bay-men, were gone down to the Bay to ſettle, and many more would follow them, as ſoon as Veſſels arrived to carry them down.

On Tueſday the 15th of this Inſtant March, about 3 o'Clock in the Morning, a moſt terrible Fire broke out in the Houſe of Meſſieurs Cheſnut and Graham, at Albany, which was ſoon burnt to Aſhes, together with all their Goods, Books, &c. as alſo the Houſe and Store of Mr. Joſeph White, Merchant, adjoining thereto; but by the Vigilance and Induſtry of the Inhabitants, many of Mr. White's Goods were ſaved: The Damage Mr. White has ſuffered by this melancholy Affair is judged to be about 4 or 500 Pounds Currency.

We have Advice from New-Providence, that the Privateers of that Place, ſaid to be about 12 Sail, were converted into Trading Veſſels, and preparing to ſail to the Bay of Honduras; a great Number of Seamen were conſequently diſcharged, who were ſo deſtitute of Employ, that they were glad to go on board Veſſels begging to work for their Victuals, but were not very affectionately received by the Veſſels belonging to the Northward.

March 31. On Monday Night and Tueſday, arrived here a Schooner, and a Brig (Captain Fell) from the Havannah, every Thing quiet there.---The Spaniſh Governor who is to take the Command when the Engliſh Government reſtores the Place, was waiting there. The Spaniſh Soldiers for the Garriſon were daily expected.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.

On Saturday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province adjourned to Monday, the Twelfth of September next. During their Sitting they paſſed the following Law, viz.

An ACT for preventing Abuſes in the Indian Trade, and for ſecuring and ſtrengthening the Peace and Friendſhip lately concluded with the Indians inhabiting the Northern and Weſtern Frontiers of this Province.

In a Letter from Liſbon, dated the Twenty-firſt of January, it is ſaid, that they had Advice there from France of the Definitive Treaty being ſigned; but that they had not heard of its being ſo from England.

Other Letters from Liſbon, a few Days later, mention that the Spaniſh Ports were ſtill ſhut againſt Engliſh Veſſels, but that they every Day expected to hear of their being opened, and of the ſigning of the Treaty.

A Prize Sloop from Providence, belonging to the Hero, Captain Appowen, is in the River.

Arrived at Liſbon from this Port, The Captains Deady, Nuttle, Cleague and Davidſon. Alſo Capt. Kidd, but laſt from Cork.

[For more NEWS, See the laſt Column of next Page.]

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia, INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Dolly, Z. Story, from South-Carolina. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Sloop Succeſs, G. Smith, Sloop Lovy, N. Shiverick, and Schooner Tryall, G. Glover, Boſton. Sloop Unity, P. Reenker, Weſtern Iſlands. Sloop Phœnix, S. Paddock, and Schooner Phœnix, E. Gardner, Nantucket. Sloop Charlotte, F. Ferries, and Sloop Nancy, E. Cotting, N. Providence. Sloop Ranger, E. Hathaway, N. Carolina. Snow Emra, J. M'Carty, and Ship Delaware, P. Creighton, N. York. Sloop Abigail, J. Anthony, R. Iſland. Brig Charlotte, C. Lowe, Salem.

OUTWARDS. Ship Juſtina, T. Muſhett, for Antigua. Ship Tiger, J. Beal, and Ship Pennſylvania Packet, W. Gardner, Jamaica. Sloop Diana, J. Gorham, Sloop Scorton Polly, J. Snow, Sloop Succeſs, G. Smith, and Sloop Lovy, N. Shiverick, Boſton. Schooner Phœnix, E. Gardner, Halifax. Sloop Phœnix, S. Paddock, Nantucket.

CLEARED. Schooner Dove, E. Morton, and Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, to Halifax. Brig Friendſhip, G. Thompſon, Salem. S. Newbury Packet, W. Friend, N. Carolina. Schooner Dolphin, I. Doggett, Maryland. Brig Concord, D. Rees, Jamaica. Sloop Diana, J. Gorham, Boſton. Ship Young Samuel, J. Scott, Barbados. Brig Grampus, J. Coburn, Antigua. Sloop Martha and Hannah, W. Kilgour, New-York.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, [*Price Two Shillings,*]

MINUTES of CONFERENCES, held at Lancaſter, in Auguſt 1762, with the Sachems and Warriors of the *Northern* and *Weſtern* INDIANS.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

DAVID HALL,

At the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet,

CHAMBAUD's French and Engliſh Dictionary; Ainſworth's Dictionary; The Biographical Dictionary, 11 Vols. Dictionary of the Bible, 3 Vols. Buchanan's Engliſh Dictionary; Dyche's, Bailey's, Martin's, Stone's, Cole's, and Pocket Dictionaries; Boyer's Dictionary and Grammar; Telemachus, French and Engliſh; Ditto French only; Ditto all Engliſh; Spelman's and Hutchiſon's Xenophon; Cicero's Orations, Horace, Juſtin, Terence, Cæſar, and Ovid's Metamorphoſes and Epiſtles, Delphini; Clarke's Juſtin, Eutropius, Ovid, Sueton, Salluſt, Florus, Introduction to making of Latin, with and without the Supplement, and Supplement only; Eraſmus, Æſop's Fables, Grammar and Cordery; Kent's Lucian; Schrivelius's Lexicon; Titus Livius; Iſocrates; Demoſthenes's Orations; Tacitus; Leuſden's Greek and Latin Teſtaments; Caſtalio's and Beza's Latin Teſtaments; Bailey's and Ruddiman's Exerciſes; Eraſmus, all Latin; Port Royal's Greek, Latin and Rational Grammars; Wettenhall's and Weſtminſter Greek Grammars; Smith's Longinus; Selectæ è Profanis Scriptoribus; Seleſtæ è Veteri Teſtamento Hiſtoriæ; Malcom's, Holmes's, Waſe's and Lilly's Grammars; Virgil, Cornelius Nepos, Quintus Curtius, Juſtin, Eutropius, Cicero, and Juvenal, ſmall; Holmes's and Stirling's Rhetorick; Compendium Græcum Novi Teſtamenti; Towers's Cæſar; Ruddiman's Rudiments; Mair's Latin Syntax; Græcæ Poetæ Minores; Thomas's Eutropius; Sententiæ Pueriles; Hoole's Terminations; Accidence; London Vocabulary; Hare's Hebrew Pſalter; Sophocles' Tragedies, Greek and Latin; Hutchiſon's Philoſophy; Dyche's Trifts; Davidſon's Virgil and Horace; Virgil, Horace and Ovid, with Minelly's Notes; Dugard's Rudiments; Phædrus Fables; Proſody conſtrued, &c. &c. &c.

WANTED,

A SERVANT, to take Care of HORSES, and wait on a GENTLEMAN. Such a One, who can be well recommended for his Sobriety and Fidelity, will have good Wages given. For further Particulars, enquire at the New Printing-Office.

N. B. Thoſe who cannot bring good Recommendations with them, are deſired not to apply.

LOST, from the Ship Mercury, off Chriſtine Creek, a Long-boat, about 19 Feet Keel, had no Thawts in her, about half worn, and a red Bottom. She went down the River with the Ice, being parted from the Ship at or near High-water. Whoever brings the ſaid Boat to MIFFLIN and MASSEY, in Philadelphia, ſhall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS Reward from

MIFFLIN and MASSEY.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

A Plantation, in the Townſhip of Sadſbury, Cheſter County, containing 173 Acres of Land, about 70 cleared, part whereof Meadow, and more may be made. It has been a licenced Tavern for ſeveral Years, and very ſuitable for a Store, being the Place whereon John Miller, Eſq; formerly lived. There is on it a good Dwelling-houſe, Part Stone, and Part Square Logs; a Stone Spring-houſe, Stone Barn, and good bearing Orchard. The Title indiſputable. For further Particulars, and Terms, enquire of John Boggs, living near the Blue Ball, on the great Road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter.

N. B. There has been a Store kept on ſaid Place upwards of 30 Years. ¶

Juſt Imported, and to be Sold by DANIEL RUNDLE, *for Caſh or Credit, on the loweſt Terms, A Choice Parce of Old Teneriffe and Madeira Wines, by the Pipe, Hogſhead, or Quarter Caſk.*

TO BE SOLD,

On Monday the 11th Day of April next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Jacob Coleman, at the King of Prussia, in Germantown,

A LOT of Ground in Germantown, on which are two good Stone Messuages, or Tenements, two Stories high, with Cellars under the same, the Lot is 102 Feet and an Half Front on the public Street, and 544 Feet and an Half in Depth, be the same more or less, adjoining the Land of Christopher Sower and Christian Lashet.

At the same Time and Place will also be sold, a Lot 33 Feet Front on the public Street, and 544 Feet and an Half in Depth, with a Tenement thereon, one Story high, adjoining the above, and Land late of John Keyser.

Also on the 12th Day of the same Month will be sold, at the London Coffee-House, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, a two Story Bank Brick House, well finished, in the Tenure of Edmond Beech, adjoining the House of Robert Black, and Northward adjoining a Lot of the late Thomas Leech, deceased, subject to a Ground-rent of Seven Pounds Ten Shillings per Annum. The aboveſaid Lots, or either of them, may be purchased at any Time before the Sale, by applying to WILLIAM CLAMPFER, in Second-street, Philadelphia. ¶

Allen Township, Cumberland County, Dec. 15, 1762.

CAME to the House of Ralph Whiteside, a stray Mare, an Iron grey, short Tail, a Piece off one Ear, the Brands unknown. The Owner coming and proving his Property, shall have her again. ¶ JOHN WHITESIDE.

To be SOLD,

A Likely young Negroe Wench; she is a good Cook, can wash and iron, and understands House Work very well. For Terms apply to ROBERT LETTIS HOOPER, jun. ¶

ALL Persons indebted to John Hall, Shipcarpenter, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said John Hall, are desired to bring in their Accounts, on or before the 29th Day of May next, that they may be adjusted as far as the Money goes, by me

† ALEXANDER FLETCHER, Administrator.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the Sign of the Tun, in Springfield, Chester County, on the 4th of this inst. January, a Servant Man, named Robert Cosgraves, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, well-set, of a fresh Colour, and lightish coloured Hair; he is much given to Drinking and Gaming: Had on when he went away, a Felt Hat, cock'd up, an old dark brown Great Coat, old short Fustian Waistcoat, of a lightish Colour, striped Linsey Jacket, homespun Shirt, old Buckskin Breeches, and blue Yarn Stockings. He lodged that Night at the Sign of the Waggon, in Philadelphia, and it is thought he will try to get off by Water. Whoever takes up and secures said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by me ‖ RICHARD HALL.

NOTICE *is hereby given,*

THAT a Stage Shallop, well accommodated for Passengers, will ply from New-Castle to Philadelphia till the Navigation is stopped in Winter, on Friday every Week; and on the Wednesday following will leave Philadelphia, so as to reach New Castle on Thursday, where there will be a Stage Waggon ready to set out on Friday Morning, to proceed to Chester Town, in Maryland, about 48 Miles, and from thence to Rock-hall on Monday, about 12 Miles, where there is a Stage Shallop, well accommodated for Passengers, which will sail to Annapolis, on Monday, about 20 Miles; on which Day the Waggon will return back to Chester-Town, and set out from thence the Wednesday following for New-Castle, so as to be there on Thursday Evening.

SAMUEL OAKFORD, Owner of the New-Castle Stage-boat.
ABRAHAM AYERS, Owner of the Rock-Hall Boat.
JOHN BOLTON, Owner of the Waggon.

N. B. Attendance will be given on said Days at Samuel Bonsall's, at the Sign of the Sloop, on Crooked Billet Wharff, where said Boat will constantly lie. † 3 M.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, on the Fifth of this instant April, in the Evening, from John Kaighin, in Haddonfield, Gloucester County, an English Servant Boy, named Richard Clark, about 4 Feet high, a chunky thick set Fellow, has a full Face, much Pock-marked, and has sandy Hair. Had on, when he went away, a light grey coloured Coat, with a Cape, thick strong Shoes, with large Brass Buckles, old Felt Hat, and old Leather Breeches. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JOHN KAIGHIN.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry him off at their Peril. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the Second of this instant April, from the Subscriber, living in Birmingham, Chester County, a lusty Servant Man, aged about 25 Years, born in Pennsylvania, named William Smith, of a dark Complexion, a Down-look, dark brown Hair, often tied behind, upwards of six Feet high: Had on, when he went away, a Fur Hat, about half worn, a blackish grey Jacket, with Cuffs, lined with blue Shaloon, a double breasted Linsey Ditto, striped across the Body, a new Deer-skin Apron, an old Pair of Thickset Breeches, patched with Cloth, a Check Shirt, a Pair of Neats Leather Shoes, tied with Thongs, about half worn. Also went away with him an elderly Woman, of short Stature, with an old brown Drugget Gown, whom he calls his Wife, called Mary Latt more (being the Name of her former Husband.) Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him in any Goal, so that his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward of Five Pounds, and reasonable Charges, paid by ABRAHAM DARLINGTON. ¶

TO be sold by public Vendue, on the 18th Day of April next, four Lots or Parcels of Land, situate in or near the Town of Newport, on Christiana Creek, New-Castle County; the first Lot extending 46 Feet on Market-street to the Corner of James-street, thence along the said Street 132 Feet, whereon is a good two Story Brick House and Kitchen, a Garden and Stable, and a Well of good Water before the Kitchen Door; the House hath three Rooms on the first Floor, and two on the second, and good Garrets, with Fire-places in two Rooms on each Floor. The second is a Water Lot, 69 Feet 4 Inches Front on Christiana Creek, and 150 Feet Back. The third is an Orchard and Pasture Lot, about Half a Mile from the Town of Newport, and fronting the great Road, containing 3 Acres and 3 Quarters of an Acre. The fourth is a Piece of drained Meadow, on the North Side of Christiana Creek, containing 10 Acres, the Banks in good Order, situate about a Mile from Newport; the House hath been a well accustomed Tavern for many Years, and is very convenient for a Merchant or Store-keeper; the Water Lot is very suitable for building Vessels, or for Shalops to transport Flour to Philadelphia, the whole being very convenient for a private Gentleman, lying in a healthy and pleasant Part of the Country, being but four Miles from Wilmington, and 34 from Philadelphia. The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock, on the Premises, where the Conditions of Sale will be made known. JOHN MARSHALL. 4 W.

READY Money for clean Linen Rags at the *New-Printing-Office.*

USHER, MITCHELL, and Company,

At their Sugar-house, on Society-Hill, and at their Store, in Water-street, near Walnut-street, manufactures and sells,

THE best Single Refined Sugar at Twelve Pence per Pound; Double Refined, and Lump Sugar, at the Market Price.

Any Person in the Country may be supplied, by sending their Orders, with Cash, or Bills on their Friends here for the Value, on the same Terms as if present, and forwarded agreeable to their Orders.

To be SOLD,

THE remaining Term of a Lease, being six Years of the Dwelling-house, Malt-house and Brew-house, now occupied by Robert Henderson and Company, situate between Market-street and Chestnut-street, in Sixth-street; together with all the Utensils necessary for carrying on the Business of Malting and Brewing, the same being well accustomed for the Sale of Beer for Town Use, and Shipping. For Terms, enquire of ROBERT HENDERSON, living on the Premises.

TO be SOLD by the Subscriber, living on Potowmack River, in Prince George's County, Maryland, two Tracts, or Parcels of Land, in Loudoun County, Virginia. One lying near the Mouth of Shanandoah, on Potowmack River, containing upwards of 2300 Acres, whereon are several Tenements; the whole is well watered with sundry good Springs and Runs proper for Mills. The other lying within a few Miles of Leesburgh, in the County aforesaid, containing upwards of 1000 Acres of very good Land, well watered and timbered, with a large Quantity of Meadow Ground. For Title and Terms, apply to

¶ WILLIAM DIGGES.

TO be SOLD by SAMUEL PRITCHARD, living at the Head of Opeckon, five Miles from the Town of Winchester, in Frederick County, Virginia, about 4000 Acres of Land, in different Tracts, some of them improved, and for the most part well watered and timbered. The Prices will be from Twenty-five to Forty Pounds per Hundred. The above Tracts are situate from Seven to Thirty Miles Distance from Winchester Town. †

THE Members of the PHILADELPHIA CONTRIBUTION-SHIP, for insuring Houses from Loss by Fire, are requested to take Notice, that the Election of twelve Directors and a Treasurer, to serve the ensuing Year, comes on on Monday, the 11th of April next, between the Hours of Two and Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Court-house in this City.

And as the Contributors, at a General Meeting, which was held on the 31st of January last, apprehended that the present Method of crediting each Member's Account with a proportionable Part of the neat Interest arising on their Deposite-money is attended with great Difficulty, and without any real Advantage to the Society, it was directed by them that the Contributors should be informed, That it is to be proposed for the Consideration of the Society, at their annual Election;

First, Whether it will not be as beneficial to the Members, that the Interest-money arising from the Stock, should be carried to one common Account, and be applied as directed by the 21st Article of the Deed of Settlement, "in discharging the Expences of the Office;"----the Surplus or Remainder may be paid towards satisfying any Loss that shall happen by Fire; as to be at the extraordinary Trouble and Expence in calculating each Contributor's Proportion of Interest, and crediting him therewith, and debiting his Account with his Proportion of all the Expences of said Office, and his Contribution, towards every Fire?

Second, That no Part of the Deposite-money shall be expended in repairing, or paying for, any Damage done by Fire, until the Ballance of the Interest-money, as shall accrue to the Time of such Fire, be first expended. Philadelphia, March 25, 1763.

TO be sold by publick Vendue, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of Virginia, for enlarging the Town of Alexandria, 58 Lots, or Half Acres of Land. This Town is beautifully situated near the Falls of Patowmack, one of the finest Rivers in North-America; it affords good Navigation for the largest Ships in Europe up to the Town, where there is an excellent Harbour. The Country back is very extensive, and the Soil capable of producing Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Flax, Hemp, &c. in great Perfection. Its equal Convenience for transporting any Commodity to the Waters of the Ohio, is obvious to any One that will give himself the Trouble of examining the Draughts of the Country.

JOHN CARLYLE, Treasurer.

IN Pursuance of an Order of Orphan's Court, on Friday, the 15th Day of April, at about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to Sale by public Vendue, at the House of Jacob Whitman, the Sign of the Tun, in the Township of Moyamensing, a certain Lot or Piece of Ground, situate on the East Side of a Road leading from Moyamensing Road into Passyunk Road, containing six Acres and an Half and one Perch, or thereabouts; bounded Southeastward, Northeastward and Northwestward by Land belonging to the Heirs of John Stilley, deceased, and Southwestward by the aforesaid Road. The above described Lot will be divided into sundry smaller Lots, for the Conveniency of the Purchasers. Also on Saturday, the 16th of the same Month, at the Dwelling-house of Joseph Cox, late of the District of Southwark, Hatter, deceased, will be exposed to Sale by public Vendue, the following Messuages, Tenements, Lots of Ground, and Ground-rents, viz. One Lot of Ground in the City of Philadelphia, situate on the North Side of Lombard-street, containing in Breadth on said Street 18 Feet, and in Length or Depth 50 Feet, bounded Westward by a Messuage and Lot of Ground belonging to Robert Tatnall, Northward by the Line of Matthew Cowley, deceased, Eastward by a Lot of Joseph Wharton, junior, and Southward by Lombard-street aforesaid. Another Lot of Ground, situate in the District of Southwark, on the West Side of Front-street, containing in Breadth on said Street 29 Feet six Inches, and in Length or Depth 108 Feet, with the Privilege of a three Feet Alley on the North Side thereof, bounded Southward with Catherine-street, Westward with a Lot of Ground herein next after described, Northward with the said three Feet Alley, and Eastward with Front-street aforesaid. Another Lot of Ground, situate in the District of Southwark, on the North Side of Catherine-street, containing in Breadth on said Street about 15 Feet and an Half, and in Length or Depth 66 Feet, bounded Westward by Philip Hulbert, junior's Lot, Northward by Land late of Joseph Wharton, Eastward by the Lot next herein before described, and by other Ground late belonging to said Joseph Cox, deceased, and Southward by Catherine-street aforesaid. Also one Annuity, or yearly Rent-Charge of Three Pounds, Money of Pennsylvania, issuing out of two Lots of Ground, adjoining to the said Philip Hulbert's Lot, on the West Side thereof, which was leased to Jacob Pollard for the said yearly Sum. Likewise a certain Messuage or Tenement, and Lot of Ground, situate in the District of Southwark aforesaid, on the North Side of Christian-street aforesaid, containing in Breadth 18 Feet on the said Street, and in Length or Depth 120 Feet, bounded Westward by Ground of Francis Garriques, Northward by a twelve Feet Alley of Joseph Wharton's, Eastward by a Messuage and Lot of Charles West's, and Southward by Christian street aforesaid, subject to a Groundrent of Two Shillings and Six-pence per Foot to the Estate of Francis Garriques, late the Estate of the said Joseph Cox, deceased. ¶

THERE is in the Goal of this City a certain Jane Ratcliffe, who is a Servant to one Thomas Indicutt, living near Mountholly, in East-Jersey; these are to desire her Master to come and take her away, or she will be sold for her Fees in two Weeks from the Date of this Paper. She has been committed ever since the Eleventh Day of December last.

JOHN MITCHELL, Goaler.

By the Johnson, Captain M'Connell, arrived at New-York from Bristol, we have the following Advices, viz.

MADRID, December 7.

THE Most Christian King, of his own Motion, and without requiring any Equivalent, at present, has ceded to our Monarch Louisiana and New Orleans.---This Cession is made purely and precisely to keep up those Sentiments of sincere and disinterested Union which fill the Breasts of the two Kings.

Lisbon, Dec. 12. Upon the News of the Signature and Ratification of the Preliminary Articles between Great-Britain, France and Spain, including Portugal, a Cessation of Hostilities, between the respective Armies in this Kingdom, has been agreed, and published.

Milan, Dec. 6. We have a Report here, that the Prince of Monaco will cede his Principality to the King of Sardinia, and receive from the French King in Return the Island of Belleisle.

Hague, Dec. 22. It is reported that Prince William Henry, his Britannic Majesty's Brother, will be speedily declared Bishop of Osnabrug, and that he will set out in the Spring, to take Possession of that Principality.

London, Dec. 28. Yesterday Morning an Express arrived from Germany, and amongst other Dispatches, it is said, has brought Advice of the Marquis of Granby being relapsed, and was dangerously ill when the Express came away.

Dec. 30. In the Course of the War we have taken from the French 18 Ships of the Line, and 36 Frigates, and destroyed 14 Ships, and 13 Frigates; and they have lost by Accidents 5 Ships, and 6 Frigates; so that on the whole their Navy has been deprived of 37 Capital Ships, and 55 Frigates. From the Spaniards we have taken 12 Ships, and 4 Frigates. Our Loss has been only 2 Frigates taken, and 3 destroyed; and 13 Ships, and 14 Frigates, lost by Accident.

A Letter from the Hague, dated Dec. 21, says, "It is rumoured at that Place, that though only 26 Preliminary Articles of Peace between France and England have been published, there were 37 signed; consequently 11 which have not been thought proper to be published. By one of these, some People pretend to say that it is stipulated, That notwithstanding the vague and haughty Answer which the King of Prussia made to the Representation of England on the Expediency of accommodating his Difference with the Empress Queen, fresh Application shall be made to him, desiring him to be more explicit on the Terms of Peace he will agree to."

According to the last Letters from Vienna, the Troops of the Empress Queen will be augmented next Campaign with 70,000 Men, viz. 50,000 Recruits, raised in her Hereditary Dominions, and 20,000 foreign Troops, which she will take into her Pay. The Grandees of Hungary have promised to advance to her Majesty Seventeen Millions, which they borrow at Venice, Genoa, and other Cities.

The whole Discourse of the Town turns now upon the strong Report of the Reconciliation of our Court and that of Vienna; and some Politicians pretend to see strange Revolutions, in Consequence thereof.

Letters from Brussels, of the 30th Instant, advise, that a very strong Detachment of Prussian Troops were on their March to occupy the Territories of Marck, Cleves, and Guelders; on which Account Orders have been sent from Vienna, to Prince Charles of Lorrain, to have a watchful Eye over these Troops, that they do not penetrate into the Austrian Netherlands.

The Prussian Troops, which are on their March to take Possession of Cleves, it is said, will execute some COUP D'ECLAT against a Province belonging to the Dutch, and also against the County of Horne, to which the King of Prussia has long laid a Claim.

It will give Pleasure to the Friends of Ireland, when they are informed, that their Linen Exports have increased upwards of 211,000l. within the last Year, ending the 25th of March, 1762.

January 1. Various are the Opinions of Persons on the sudden Departure of the Honourable Hans Stanley, for Paris; but in general it is believed, that he is gone as an Assistant to his Grace the Duke of Bedford, in the same Station as the French Ambassador has an Assistant at our Court; yet some say the Affairs of the East-India Company is the chief Object.

England and France have agreed to use their joint Influence to induce the States of Germany to withdraw their Troops from the Army of the Empire, and observe a strict Neutrality whilst the War continues.

Letters from Leipsic, of the 17th ult. advise, that the King of Prussia intended to have three Armies in the Field next Campaign; one in Saxony, commanded by Prince Henry; another in Silesia, under the Prince of Bevern; and the third headed by the King in Person, to invade the Kingdom of Bohemia.

Jan. 3. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has, within this Day or two, been indisposed, but we hope without any Danger.

Jan. 4. Spanish Passes, we are informed, arrived here by the last French Mail.

Several Merchants and Traders have begun to remove themselves and Effects from Belleisle, some of which are gone, and others intend to go, to Boston, Piscataqua, &c. in order to dispose of their Effects in North-America.

Advices by this Day's Mail inform us, that a Courier is dispatched to General Kleist from the Prince of Stolberg, with Orders to propose to him a Suspension of Arms.

A private Letter by this Day's Dutch Mail says, that the Marquis of Granby was better on the 24th past.

This Morning arrived a Mail from Lisbon, and with it some Dispatches from Count de la Lippe Buckebourg, by which we are informed, that all the Troops were ready to embark for England, every Thing being very quiet throughout the Kingdom.

They write from Franconia of the 21st ult. that General Kleist, having received a very considerable Reinforcement from Saxony, was returned with his Forces to Bamberg, when he proposed to maintain that Post. It is added, that the King of Prussia, on his Tour thro' Thuringia, had an Interview with Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick.

Whitehall, Jan. 4. The King has been pleased to grant unto Henry Osborn, Esq; the Office or Offices of Vice Admiral of Great-Britain, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, and also of Lieutenant of the Navies and Seas of the said Kingdom, void by the Death of George Lord Anson.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Sir Edward Hawke, Knight of the Bath, the Office or Offices of Rear Admiral of Great-Britain, and of the Admiralty thereof, and of Rear Admiral of the Navies and Seas of the said Kingdom, in the Room of Sir William Rowley, Knight of the Bath, appointed Admiral and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Fleet.

BOSTON, March 28.

We have Advice from the West-Indies, that the French and Spanish Privateers have been very successful of late, and that since the 18th of January, no less than 25 Sail of Vessels, belonging to the Northern Colonies, have been taken by them.

NEW-YORK, April 4.

The Bristol Merchant, Kerr, is arrived at Bristol from Boston. As is also the Harriot Snow Packet Boat, Capt. Bonnell, from New-York at Falmouth, in 26 Days.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Gosport Man of War, Captain Jarvis, is arrived at Portsmouth, from Virginia.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY healthy Negroe Girl, about Sixteen Years of Age, who has had the Small-pox. Enquire of JOSEPH SWIFT.

TO be SOLD or LETT, by DAVID REYNOLDS, on Chestnut-hill, A certain Lot of Land, containing about 8 Acres, lying betwixt two very public Roads; the one leading to Reading, the other to Easton, and Bethlehem, with a good Stone House two Stories high, and a Stone Barn and Stables; also a large Frame Building, one Story high, adjoining said House, which makes the whole suitable for any Public Business whatever; a good bearing Orchard, of about 150 Apple Trees, with plenty of other Fruit Trees; a good Garden, a Pump by the Door, which never fails; Water and other necessary Conveniences. The whole pleasantly situated 10 Miles from Philadelphia, and suitable for any Gentleman of Taste for a Country Seat, being a healthy Place, and as pleasant a Prospect as almost any in the Province. Any Person inclining to purchase the same, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber, on the Premises.

† DAVID REYNOLDS.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the Province of PENNSYLVANIA, intituled, "An Act to prevent and remove certain Nusances in and near the City of Philadelphia," We the Subscribers, COMMISSIONERS, by the said Act authorised and appointed, with the Assent of the Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen of the said City, have limited, directed and appointed, That no Vaults, Wells or Sinks, hereafter to be dug and made in the several built Parts of the said City, for Privies, or Necessary-Houses, shall exceed the Depths following; of which all Persons are desired to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

In Penn's-street, on the West Side,

From Cedar-street to Pine-street, from or below the Level of Penn's-street, Ten Feet.

In Plumb-street, on both Sides,

From the Level of the said Street, Six Feet.

In King's-street,

From Spruce-street to Vine-street, Six Feet.

In Front-street, on the East Side,

From Pine to Vine-street, below the Level of King's-street, Six Feet.

In Front-street, on the West Side, Half-way Westward to Second-street, from the Level of Front-street,

From Vine-street to Emlen's Alley, Eighteen Feet.
From Emlen's Alley to High-street, Twenty Feet.
From High-street to Walnut-street, Eighteen Feet.
From Walnut-street to the Drawbridge, Fourteen Feet.
From Spruce-street to Union-street, Twelve Feet.
From Union-street to Pine-street, Sixteen Feet.
From Pine-street to Cedar-street, Eighteen Feet.

In Second-street, on the East Side, Half way Eastward to Front-street, from the Level of Second-street,

From Cedar-street to Pine-street, Eighteen Feet.
From Pine-street to Union-street, Sixteen Feet.
From Union to an Alley between Brown and Fisher, Twelve Feet.
From said Alley to Walnut-street, Fourteen Feet.
From Walnut-street to Chestnut-street, Sixteen Feet.
From Chestnut-street to Vine-street, Twenty Feet.

In Second-street, on the West Side, Half-way to Third-street, From the Level of Second-street (excepting in the hollow or low Ground between Second and Third-streets, and between Mulberry-street and Church-Alley, in which they may be dug Sixteen Feet deep, to be measured from the Surface of the Earth there,)

From Vine-street to Chestnut-street, Twenty Feet.
From Chestnut-street to Union-street, Fifteen Feet.
From Union to Cedar-street, Eighteen Feet.

In Third-street, on the East Side, Half-way to Second-street, from the Level of Third-street (excepting as before excepted)

From Cedar-street to Chestnut-street, Fifteen Feet.
From Chestnut-street to Vine-street, Twenty Feet.

In Third-street, on the West Side, Half-way to Fourth-street, from the Level of Third-street,

From Vine-street to High-street, Twenty Feet.
From High-street to Chestnut-street, Eighteen Feet.
From Chestnut-street to Cedar-street, Fifteen Feet.

In Fourth-street, on the East Side, Half-way to Third-street, from the Level of Fourth-street,

From Cedar-street to Willing's Alley, Fifteen Feet.
From Willing's Alley to Chestnut-street, Sixteen Feet.
From Chestnut-street to High-street, Fifteen Feet.
From High-street to Mulberry-street, Fourteen Feet.
From Mulberry-street to Vine-street, Twenty Feet.

In Fourth-street, on the West Side, Half-way to Fifth-street, from the Level of Fourth-street,

From Vine-street to Mulberry-street, Eighteen Feet.
From Mulberry-street to High-street, Fourteen Feet.
From High-street to Chestnut-street, Fifteen Feet.
From Chestnut-street Southward as far as Willing's Alley, Eighteen Feet.
From thence to Cedar-street, Fifteen Feet.

In Fifth-street, on the East Side, Half-way to Fourth-street, from the Level of Fifth-street,

From Cedar-street to Walnut-street, Fifteen Feet.
From Walnut-street to High-street, Eighteen Feet.
From High-street to Sassafras-street, Sixteen Feet.
From Sassafras-street to Vine-street, Twenty Feet.

On the West Side of Fifth-street, extending Half-way to Sixth-street, from the Level of Fifth-street,

From Vine-street to Sassafras-street, Twenty Feet.
From Sassafras-street to High-street, Sixteen Feet.
From High-street to Walnut-street, Eighteen Feet.
From Walnut-street to Cedar-street, Fifteen Feet.

In Sixth street, both Sides, extending Eastward Half-way to Fifth-street, and Westward Half-way to Seventh-street, from the Level of Sixth-street,

From Vine-street to Mulberry-street, Eighteen Feet.
From Mulberry-street to Chestnut-street, Twenty Feet.
From Chestnut-street to Cedar-street, Eighteen Feet.

In Seventh-street, both Sides, extending Eastward Half way to Sixth-street, and Westward Half-way to Eight-street, from the Level of Seventh-street,

From Vine-street to High-street, Sixteen Feet.
From High-street to the Strangers Burying-ground, Eighteen Feet.

In High-street, from Half-way between Seventh and Eighth-streets, Westward to Broad-street, in the Center Square,

From that Part of High-street Northward, Half-way to Mulberry-street, Twenty Feet.

And from High-street Southward, Half-way to Chestnut-street, Twenty Feet.

HUGH ROBERTS, THOMAS GORDON,
PHILIP SYNG, JACOB LEWIS,
JACOB COOPER, GEORGE BRYAN.

NOTICE is hereby given by the TRUSTEES of the GENERAL LOAN-OFFICES for the Government of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex upon Delaware, that by a late Act of ASSEMBLY, all the Bills of Credit struck and emitted for the said Government, bearing Date the 31st Day of May 1760, are ordered to be sunk and destroyed, and are no longer current or legal Tender in any Payments, all Persons therefore, who are possessed of the said Bills, are desired to bring or send them into the Trustees of the said Loan-Offices, where they will be exchanged for others, which are current by Law. § 6 W.

TO be sold, on the 12th Day of April next, by public Vendue, a Plantation, in the Township of Darby, Chester County, containing near an Hundred Acres, about fifty Acres cleared, five of which are Meadow, and more may be made, with a Log house, Barn, Stable, &c. a good Spring near the House, and a young bearing Orchard, the rest well timbered, and the whole well watered. For further Particulars, enquire of JAMES MARIS. ¶

Just imported in the last Vessels from London, and to be sold Wholesale and Retail, by

SMITH and HARRIS,

At the Medicinal Store, lately kept by Messieurs M'Lane and Stuart, at the Sign of the Golden Pestle, in Second-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets,

A VERY large and compleat Assortment of Drugs, Chymical and Galenical Medicines, Apothecaries Utensils, Furniture for Shops, &c. Also a compleat Assortment of Surgeons Instruments, made by Cargill and Wrigglesworth, Instrument-makers to his Majesty's Hospitals, viz, compleat Setts of amputating Instruments, in Fish-skin Cases, trepanning Ditto, in Fish-skin Cases, Cases of Pocket Instruments, Silver mounted; Ditto plain; Cases of best Lancets, six or four in each, Silver mounted; Ditto plain; Ditto single; Abscess Lancets, best Spring Lancets; Cases of Needles; Cases of Scalpels; compleat Cases of Cupping Instruments, with Pump, Scarificator containing 16 Lancets, six Valve Glasses, and Lamp, Trochars and Canulars; Male and Female Catheters; Ditto elastic, in Cases different Sizes, with bulbous Ends, by Hunter; Key-teeth Instruments, with Ivory and Ebony Handles, and with three Claws to each; Gum Lancets, Probes, crooked Scissars, Smellie's Midwifery Instruments; Petit's Srew Tournaquits improved; Canula for Bronchotomy; Ditto for the Empyema; Pins for the Hair Lip; Dutch Pessaries with Bandages; Eye Probes, Silver Spatulas, Pot Spatulas with round Shanks, convex and strait edged Bistories, Silver Directors, by Sharp, Silver Cases for Lunar Caustic, &c.

Pyrmont and Spa Water, best English Damask Rose Water, Eau de Luce in any Quantity; best Violet Strasburgh Rappee, plain Ditto, Spelter Solder, Aleppo Galls, Pumice Stone, Crucibles, Retorts and Receivers of different Sizes, Salt-petre, Borax, Cochineal, crude Antimony by the Quantity, red and yellow Sanders, Orange and Lemon peel, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Cassia, Winter's Bark, Nutmegs, Juniper Berries, Carraway, Coriander and Anniseeds, best Bitters by the Gallon, Quart or Bottle, &c. &c.

Medicine Chests for Ships or private Families, put up in the compleatest Manner, with ample Directions as usual. 6 W.

WHEREAS the Partnership between FRANCIS WADE, and SISTER, is now expired, all those who are indebted to said Partnership, are desired to make immediate Payment to Francis Wade, so as to enable him to close the Partnership Accounts; and all Persons who have Demands against said Partnership, are to bring their Accounts to Francis Wade, to have them settled and paid.

As said Francis Wade has all the Goods on Hand, and intends to keep a general Assortment as usual, as well as to give due Attendance to the same Branch of Business, he hopes to merit the Continuance of his former Friends and Customers Favours. He has to sell a Quantity of yd. wd. haircloth, suitable for maltsters, gentlemens halls, or entries of houses, best bedside and floor Wilton's carpets, ditto suitable for stairs, low priced broadcloths, Irish poplins, yd. wd. ditto camblets, calimancoes, durants, tammies, russels, cross-bar stuffs, worsted damasks, mens best black Genoa velvet, twilled and plain, black, snuff and cloth coloured Manchester ditto, womens black and crimson velvet, a very large assortment of mens silk, cotton, thread and worsted hose, youths, boys, maids and girls cotton, thread and worsted ditto, mens black, blue, crimson, scarlet and buff silk and worsted breeches patterns, womens, maids and girls black, white, blue and cloth coloured silk mitts and gloves, worsted and leather ditto, calicoes, chints, stamped cottons, and linens, yd. wd. yd. and 3 8ths, and 7-8ths wd. cotton and linen checks, a well assorted parcel of yd. wd. fine Irish linens, 7 8ths ditto, cambricks and lawns, yd. wd. ditto, yd. wd. 5 qr. and 6 qr. muslins and humhums, cyprus gauze, thread lace, black hood lace, gimps and snails, pins assorted by the pound, Irish, Bristol and Hose's shoes, sundry sorts of silk, and sundry other goods, too tedious to mention, all of which he will sell on the lowest terms for cash.-------As there are numbers who have purchased goods at a cash price, during the partnership, and have not discharged the same, it is now requested that they will immediately discharge their accounts, particularly those of a long standing.

TO be sold by the Subscribers, a very valuable Tract of Land, lying upon Deer Creek, in Baltimore County, containing 500 Acres, about the Half of which is cultivated, fit for Farming, and is remarkable for producing good Weat, Indian Corn, Tobacco, &c. it being very rich and fertile, and the Wood Land exceeding thick timbered, with fine large Timber of all Sorts that the Country produces, and well watered, as the whole Breadth of the Land lies along the aforesaid Creek; there is some Meadow Ground on it already improved, and a good deal more that is already cleared, fit to lay down in Grass; the Whole of which may be watered with little Trouble; there is also a very extraordinary Conveniency for building of Iron Works, such as Forge and Furnace; as also Water Mills, the Stream being very constant, and sufficient to support a great many Water Wheels, as well in Summer as Winter, and a Dam may be made, with little Expence, as the Stream is not wide, and a vast Quantity of Stone upon the Spot. Iron Ore may be had pretty convenient. There is also upon the said Land, a small Dwelling House and Kitchen, and two or three Tobacco Houses, that may be turned into Barns, and a Spring of fine Water, within 20 Yards of the Dwelling House, as also a fine young bearing Apple and Peach Orchard, of the best Sort of Fruit. It is also a convenient Place for Merchandizing, and in a very pleasant and healthy Part of the Country. An indisputable Title will be given to the Purchaser. Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Land, upon paying down one Half of the Purchase Money, may have four Years Time to pay the other Half, upon giving their Bond with good Security, if required. And if the said Land is not sold before the 14th Day of April next, it will that Day be set up at public Vendue on the Premises. WILLIAM FRISBY, SAMUEL BUDD.

To be SOLD,

BY way of public Vendue, on Friday, the 22d of April, on the Premises, a certain Messuage, Tenement and Piece of Land, containing about 120 Acres, 15 of which are Meadow Ground, the Remainder being partly cleared, and under Fence, a small Orchard and remarkably good Spring near the House, situate Part in Merion, and Part in Blockley Township, about six Miles from this City, and adjoining the Lands of William Roberts, Capt. Crookshanks, Thomas Vaughan, and Alexander Crookshanks. Any Person that chooses to purchase at private Sale, may apply to Lewis Jones, near the Place, and know the Terms, or to the Subscribers, in this City. JOSEPH STRETCH, and ENOCH STORY, Administrators to the Estate of Richard Pearne, Esq; deceased.

WANTS Employ,

A YOUNG Man that is qualified for keeping Merchant Accounts, being a Stranger, would agree upon reasonable Terms, may be heard of, by enquiring at the New Printing-Office. ‡

TO be sold, on Tuesday, the 10th Day of April next, at Alexandria, being Court Day, Two Lots, or one Acre, in the said Town, known by the Name of The Long Ordinary, consisting of one Dwelling-house, about 90 Feet long, and 24 wide, six Rooms below, all with Fire-places, and six Rooms above, a good Cellar, Kitchen, Meat-house, &c. The whole pailed in, with a Garden distinct.

At the same Time will be sold, one Lot, with a good neat Brick House, about 26 Feet by 24, a good Cellar, Kitchen, and other Outhouses, the Lot well pailed in.

They are both well accustomed Houses. Any Person inclining to purchase before the Time of Sale, may know the Terms, by applying to CARLYLE and DALTON. 4 W.

AT the repeated Solicitations of several Persons, the Ohio Company have agreed to lay off a Number of Lots for a Town at Fort Cumberland, near the Mouth of Willis's Creek, on Potowmack River, in the Province of Maryland; and that each Purchaser may have an Opportunity of attending, and choosing the Lots he may judge most convenient, they will be sold to the highest Bidders on Friday the 15th of April next.

Any one who will consult the Maps must see that Fort Cumberland, from its natural Situation and Contiguity to that very extensive and fertile Country on the Ohio and its Waters, must be the Key to all that valuable Settlement; it being the highest and most convenient Landing-place for the Inhabitants on the other Side the Allegheny Mountains, on all the River Potowmack, which affords a Water Carriage that, with a very inconsiderable Expence, might be rendered Safe, certain and easy, at all Seasons of the Year, from the great Falls to the Spot now proposed for a Town. It is about 75 Miles Land Carriage to the Monongahela, which is navigable to the Ohio for Flat-bottomed Boats or Battoes; and not more than 65 Miles to the Yauyaugaine, where the Road, as it is at present cleared to Pittsburgh, crosses; to which Place the Indians frequently, before the War, brought up their Battoes loaded with Skins: And all who are acquainted with the Country agree that a very good Waggon Road may be made to that very Spot, or even a few Miles lower down the River, which would reduce the Distance from thence to Fort Cumberland at least 15 Miles. The Land Carriage from Pimmitt's Warehouse, at the Little Falls, which is the highest Tide Water of Potowmack, to the Great Falls, does not exceed 12 Miles; and the Manufactures of Great Britain may be transported by the Potowmack to the Ohio, and its Produce or Furs remitted through the same Channel, only with 90 Miles Lang Carriage at the Most.

Fort Cumberland is about 115 Miles from Pittsburgh, 30 from Fort Bedford, 60 from Winchester, Land Carriage, good Waggon Roads, and 100 Miles Water Carriage from the Mouth of Conecocheague Creek in Maryland.

The Day the Lots are sold the Ohio Company will lett to the highest Bidder, for a Term of Years, two very good Storehouses, opposite to Fort Cumberland, in Virginia, one 45 by 25, with a Counting-room and Lodging-room at one End, the other 44 by 20, with proper Conveniences for a Family to live in, two Stories high each, besides Garrets, with good dry Cellars, fit for storing Skins, the whole Size of the Houses; and a Kitchen, Stable for 12 Horses, Meat-house and Dairy; there are two good Battoes, which will be given to the Person who Rents the Houses. The whole entirely new, and will be completely finished, and fit to enter upon immediately; and the Person who takes the Store-houses, may also have a Lease, for a Term of Years, of as much Land adjacent to them as he chooses. Any one desirous to treat privately for the Store-houses, &c. before the Day of Sale, or the Town Lots, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, who will attend at Fort Cumberland, on the 15th Day of April before-mentioned, to deliver the Purchasers Deeds for their Lots. There is great Plenty of good Timber and Limestone on the Lands, on each Side of the River; and the Company are building a Saw and Grist-mill, within a Mile of the Spot proposed for the Town.

¶ GEORGE MERCER.

TO be sold by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-house, on Friday, the 8th of April next, to begin at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Ground-rent of Twenty-five Pounds per Annum, for ever, on Land near the City, on which is good Security for the Rent, and in good Hands. 'Tis necessary to observe, the Possessors have a Right to purchase off, at twenty Years Purchase.

ALSO a new three Story Brick House, situate near the upper End of Second-street, next Door to the Corner, on the East Side, 16 Feet front, and about 40 Feet deep, it is neatly finished, and would suit a small genteel Family; subject to a Proprietary Ground-rent of Thirty-two Shillings Sterling per Annum; it is insured, and letts for Thirty Pounds a Year. And as that Street is now paved, and a Bridge erected leading to the Barracks, for the Conveniency of the Country People coming into Town that Way, it is not doubted but it will shortly be a good Situation for any Business; the Purchaser may in a little Time move into it. Twelve Months Credit will be given for one Half the Purchase-money, on giving Security, and paying Interest. For further Particulars, or for the Satisfaction of those who would see the House, enquire of JOHN SEARSON, at the House of Mr. John Hunt, in Front-street, next Door but one to Mr. Correy's, Merchant, or at the London Coffee-house. Said Searson hath also to dispose of at private Sale, a good eight Day House Clock, and a Share in the Statehouse Library. As he intends moving to New-York in the Spring, it is hoped those yet indebted to him, will be speedy in settling their Accounts; and those who have any Demands against him, will call at his Lodging aforesaid, to have them adjusted. ¶

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphans Court, on Saturday, the 16th of April, will be exposed to Sale by public Vendue, on the Premises, a certain Messuage or Tenement, and one Acre of Ground thereunto belonging, situate in the Manor of Moreland, late the Estate of Isaac Hawkins, late of the Manor of Moreland aforesaid, deceased. The Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon. SAMUEL LEWIS, and SUSANNAH LEWIS, Administrat.

TO be sold by way of public Vendue, at the Dwelling-house of William Hays, of Allen Township, Northampton County, in Pennsylvania, two valuable Plantations, one, whereon he now lives, containing about 40 Acres of Land cleared, Meadow and Upland, all under good Fence, with a good House, Barn, Sheds, &c. The other about an English Mile distant, has 15 Acres cleared, fown in Wheat, and well fenced, four Acres more grubb'd, and the Logs of a hewn Log-house raised for the Cover, 26 by 22 Feet. Both Places well watered and timbered, in a healthy Situation, good Land, near to both English and Dutch Places of Worship, and convenient to Mills and Market. The Vendue to begin at Twelve o'Clock, on Thursday, the 14th of April, where due Attendance, and reasonable Credit, will be given by ¶ WILLIAM HAYS.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Negroe Wench, about 16 Years of Age, has had the Small-Pox, as she says herself. Enquire of Issachar Davids, at the Sign of the Leopard, in Front-street, below the Drawbridge, or of Humphrey Smith, Cooper, near the same Place. ¶

To be SOLD by

WILLIAM WALLACE, and Company,

At the House of Joseph Turner,

SINGLE refined Sugar, at 12d. per Pound; double refined Sugar, at 16d. and 18d. per Pound. †

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, and D. HALL, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

April 21, 1763. NUMB. 1791.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

DRESDEN, December 14.

WE flattered ourſelves that the negociation for evacuating this country would have had the deſired ſucceſs; but the King of Pruſſia paid no more regard to the repreſentations of the Court of Peterſburgh, than he did to the ſecurities offered him by the Court of Vienna; and in anſwer to the offers of this laſt, ſaid in a haughty tone, that he was reſolved to keep poſſeſſion of Saxony, till a peace ſhould be concluded: This anſwer, and the exorbitant contributions by which he overwhelms the country, have made many leave it with their beſt effects.

Hague, Dec. 24. The King of Sardinia is already a very conſiderable gainer in conſequence of the pains taken by him in bringing about the preſent peace. His moſt Chriſtian Majeſty has procured for him the commodious port, the impregnable fortreſs, and the entire principality, of Monaco; which has been 700 years in the poſſeſſion of the family of Grimaldi, and under the protection of France ſince the reign of Lewis the Thirteenth.

Honorius Camillus Leonor Grimaldi, preſent Prince of Monaco, which he inherits from his mother, is of the noble family of Matignon, Duke of Valentinair, and Peer of France, and, in conſideration of his ceſſion of that principality, is to have Belleiſle, which the late Marſhal Duke exchanged with the preſent Moſt Chriſtian King.

It is generally underſtood in Spain that the ceſſion of Louiſiana, on the weſt ſide of the Miſſiſippi, is in the nature of an equivalent for Florida, which his Catholic Majeſty was obliged to cede to Great Britain, in order to recover the important fortreſs of the Havannah, which was loſt by his taking part with France in the war. By this means the Spaniards are freed from the continual apprehenſions they were under, that if the French could ever have raiſed that Colony into a flouriſhing condition, they might have opened an intercourſe with their ſubjects in the kingdom of New Mexico, where there are very rich ſilver mines.

Conſtantinople, Nov. 16. On the 3d Inſt. the Sultana was brought to bed of a daughter; on which occaſion great rejoicings were made in the Seraglio: The young Princeſs is called Mihrma Sultana, that is, Bright as a Star. All the foreign Miniſters are employed in ſending their compliments, and bringing their preſents.

Ratiſbon, Dec. 23. The Pruſſian Miniſter has received full powers from the King his maſter to treat and conclude a neutrality with the Princes and States of the Empire. It is reported that the Imperial Miniſters at Munich having demanded winter quarters for the Saxon troops, formerly in the pay of France, in the Palatinate, and meeting with a peremptory refuſal, had thereupon quitted the Court.

Prague, Dec. 18. The preparations for war are ſtill continued with vigour. Every regiment of Cuiraſſiers is to be augmented to 1200 men, and thoſe of Huſſars to 1500. Mean while Saxony ſuffers beyond expreſſion.

Hague, Dec. 21. It is ſtill aſſured, that the Republic has reſolved to ſend a ſquadron of 8 ſhips and frigates againſt the Algerines, and that this armament will ſoon be ready to ſail.

Ratiſbon, Dec. 20. The Duke of Wurtemberg hath ſignified by his Miniſter, that the preſent diſagreeable and critical conjuncture of affairs, and the declaration made by the Pruſſian Miniſter at Ratiſbon, laid him under an indiſpenſable neceſſity of concerting meaſures with the Electors and Princes his friends, for entering into a negotiation of neutrality with the King of Pruſſia; that in conſequence thereof he had ordered his Miniſter in Suabia to uſe his endeavours to bring the States of that Circle into the ſame ſentiments, before it ſhould be too late to prevent the threatened danger.

This declaration hath occaſioned the more ſurprize, as every body imagined that the Wurtemberg troops were on a reſpectable footing; but the truth is, no dependance could be placed on them, when led againſt their brother-proteſtants, the troops of Pruſſia: Beſides, there is a general murmuring in the Duke's dominions againſt his preſent Miniſters.

The Pruſſian Miniſter, when he went round yeſterday to acquaint all the Miniſters of the Diet, that he had full powers from the King his maſter to conclude a neutrality with them; aſſured them, that not only the neutrality ſhould be ſtrictly obſerved, on the part of the King; but that his Majeſty would protect any State or Prince that ſhould be attacked or moleſted on account thereof.

This declaration hath given occaſion to ſeveral conferences, in which divers expedients were propoſed. One was, to withdraw the contingents from the army of the Empire, but inſtead of ſending the troops home, to form them into an army of obſervation, to be ſtationed where the exigency of the caſe might require: That above all things a neutrality ſhould be avoided, as that would wound the honour of the Empire, and claſh with the reſolution of the 9th of May 1757: And that the Court of Vienna would be the leſs offended with this project, as it would be a means of diſengaging the Empreſs Queen from the promiſe of indemnification which ſhe hath made to the Empire. But in all probability this project will not take place, for the Auſtrian Miniſters have received freſh orders to exhort the States of the Empire to perſiſt in their patriotic ſentiments; and not ſuffer themſelves to be prevailed on, by any inſinuations, to diſarm: That the troops under the Prince of Stolberg would be employed only to cover and protect the Diet and the Empire, and in caſe of need would be ſtill farther reinforced: That in the mean while the Empreſs Queen had ordered Palfi and Bathiani's regiments of cuiraſſiers, with three battalions of foot, to join him; and that her Imperial Majeſty had taken meaſures which would ſoon be made public by their effect, to give a favourable face to the wavering ſyſtem of the Empire.

The Prince of Stolberg, agreeably to the intentions of the Court of Vienna, hath ſent General Wurtzbourg to Saalfeld to treat of a ceſſation of hoſtilities in the Empire.

Hague, Dec. 30. They write from Paris, that the next reduction of their forces will be very conſiderable, not leſs than 1200 ſubaltern officers, and 60,000 private men, who are however to be encouraged by certain Douceurs, to remain, and to eſtabliſh themſelves within his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's dominions.

Francfort, Dec. 24. Since the ſuſpenſion of arms between the Auſtrians and Pruſſians in Saxony was concluded, advices from divers parts inform us, that a freſh negotiation is ſet on foot between the courts of Vienna and Berlin; a happy iſſue of which is the rather expected, as the Empreſs of Ruſſia ſeems more ſincerely diſpoſed than ever, to employ her mediation between them, and to intereſt herſelf in behalf of the King of Poland. We are told, that it is not the intention of the Czarina that Prince Charles of Saxony ſhould renounce his claim to the Dutchy of Courland without an equivalent; and in this caſe there is no queſtion to be made but the King of Poland will conſent to the Duke of Biron's repoſſeſſing himſelf of that Dutchy.

Moſcow, Nov. 30. On the 23d the Empreſs received from Baron Goltz, Miniſter from Pruſſia, the Collar of the Order of the Black Eagle, ſet with brilliants, valued at 30,000 rubles.

Hague, Jan. 2. It is not doubted but the Engliſh intended the Pruſſians ſhould have the immediate poſſeſſion of the towns belonging to them upon the Lower Rhine, whenever they were evacuated; but yet, as the preliminaries are not quite clear in that article, the French, it ſeems, inſiſt upon delivering them up to the Auſtrians: Which has ſo enraged the King of Pruſſia, that it is much to be feared the war will be transferred to the Lower Rhine. This affair, we hear, has not only occaſioned his Pruſſian Majeſty to ſend a memorial, couched in very ſtrong terms, to England; but alſo to order a large body of troops to march to Dortmund, Reckinghauſen, and even to Dorſten.

Paris, Jan. 7. Our Court hath ſignified to that of London, that tho' the King agreed in the Preliminaries to withdraw his troops from Germany, he was obliged, as a guarantee of the treaty of Weſtphalia, to leave ſome forces in that country, to protect the States of the Empire from the ravages of the Pruſſians; but that his Majeſty hoped that the King of England would employ his good offices with the King of Pruſſia to prevail with him to withdraw his troops from the Empire, upon condition that the Circles ſhould recal their contingents; and that his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty would endeavour to bring the Empreſs Queen to conſent to theſe meaſures.

As this declaration was not diſagreeable to the Britiſh Court, there is room to hope that thoſe of Vienna and Berlin will enter into the view of the pacific Powers. Mean while, this ſhews us why our troops have not yet evacuated Francfort, Weſel, Cleves, &c.

Vienna, Jan. 1. On the 29th paſt, at half paſt eight in the morning, the degree of cold by Farenheit, was 6 degrees below 0.

Utrecht, Jan. 13. They write from Munich, that the troops of the Elector of Bavaria occupy all the places upon his frontiers that have bridges over the Danube; that the Pruſſians, to the number of 30,000 men, are preparing to enter into Swabia, and the Circle of the Upper Rhine, by way of Franconia, as ſoon as the rigour of the ſeaſon is abated; and that the King of Pruſſia has declared, that if the Auſtrian troops that came from Bohemia into Franconia did not march back into Bohemia, his Majeſty would not conſent to an armiſtice with the army of the Empire, and would even break thoſe with Saxony and Sileſia.

Hague, Jan. 21. We have certain advice that the negociation between the Empreſs Queen and the King of Pruſſia, inſtead of being brought to a happy concluſion, daily encounters freſh difficulties, and will be a tedious work. The King of Pruſſia hath declared, that he will not conclude any peace but on the conditions he offered laſt year. We have an account from Vienna, that a deputation of the States of Hungary is expected there to offer their Queen a ſubſidy to continue the war, if peace be not reſtored this winter.

Leyden, Jan. 28. One of our botaniſts has remarked, that the froſt has penetrated the ground deeper this winter than in 1740. He found his garden then frozen 22 inches and 8 lines deep, whereas it is at preſent frozen upwards of 24 inches deep; which is attributed in a great meaſure to the want of ſnow.

Cadiz, Dec. 24. It is ſaid by ſome people, that our Court has reſolved to purchaſe our ſhips of war that were taken at the Havanna; and that the Miniſter we ſhall ſend to London will be charged with this commiſſion, when thoſe ſhips come to Europe.

Paris, Jan. 21. Melancholy accidents happen every day in this city from the froſt. The Seine is no ſooner cleared of ice, than it is again froze over. A young gentleman of fortune in croſſing the river on the ice, by way of bravado, fell in, and was drowned; upon which his footman, who he ordered to follow him, prudently turned back. The arrival of all the mails is retarded by the badneſs of the roads. No body gains by the hard weather but the wood merchants who ſupply us with firing.

We learn from Avignon, that the Rhone is froze over in ſeveral parts; and that if the froſt continues, both in that country and in Provence the olive and other trees will ſuffer ſeverely.

Whitehall, Dec. 11. Yeſterday the Right Honourable the Houſe of Peers waited on his Majeſty, with the following Addreſs of thanks on the Preliminary Articles of Peace.

WE, Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled, beg leave to return Your Majeſty our ſincereſt acknowledgments for the important communication, which Your Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to make to us, of the Preliminary Articles of Peace, concluded the third Day of laſt month, at Fontainbleau, with the crowns of France and Spain: And to expreſs, in the moſt dutiful manner to Your Majeſty, the ſatisfaction which we have received at the foundation laid by theſe articles for a treaty of peace, which will greatly redound to Your Majeſty's honour, and the real benefit of Your Kingdoms: And our intire reliance, that the ſame care and attention will be ſhewn for the perfecting of this great work by the definitive treaty. We think it our indiſpenſable duty to lay before Your Majeſty, this early teſtimony of our warmeſt gratitude; ſeeing that great object of the war ſo fully anſwered, all proper attention ſhewn to Your Majeſty's Allies, a vaſt extent of Empire added to the Britiſh Crown, new ſources opened for the trade and manufactures of this nation, and ſtability and duration inſured, under the bleſſing of prov dence, to theſe great and national advantages. We are no leſs ſenſible of the prudence and wiſdom which has guided Your Majeſty's conduct on this great occaſion, than of the humane diſpoſition, and paternal affection, Your Majeſty has ſhewn, in putting a ſafe and honourable end to a burtheſome and expenſive war. We beg leave to aſſure Your Majeſty, that we ſhall immediately apply ourſelves to improve the bleſſings of peace, by promoting that œconomy which Your Majeſty has wiſely recommended, and which is ſo neceſſary to the dignity of the Crown, and the Proſperity of theſe Your Kingdoms.

LONDON, December 16.

Subſtance of the Houſe of Commons Addreſs on the ſame occaſion.

THE Houſe of Commons, in their addreſs to his Majeſty upon his condeſcending to lay the preliminary articles of peace before them, begged leave to aſſure him, that they had conſidered them with their beſt attention. And, although to make peace and war was his juſt and undoubted prerogative, yet knowing how agreeable it muſt be to him, to be informed of the grateful ſenſe his people entertain of the juſtice and wiſdom of his meaſures, and of his unwearied attention to their welfare, his faithful Commons were impatient to expreſs their approbation of the advantageous terms, upon which he had concluded preliminary articles of peace; and to lay before him the hearty applauſe of a faithful, affectionate, and thankful people. While they admired his prudence, in availing himſelf of the ſucceſſes with which divine providence has bleſſed his arms, whereby he had procured ſuch great, and, in all human probability, ſuch permanent, advantages for this nation, they were no leſs ſenſibly affected with that humane diſpoſition, which induced him to put an end to a long, bloody, and expenſive, though glorious and ſucceſsful war. His faithful Commons further promiſed, they would take the earlieſt opportunity to examine into the State of the public revenues, in order to eſtabliſh the beſt œconomy for the future, ſo wiſely recommended by him, and ſo neceſſary to maintain the Kingdom of Great Britain in that great and reſpectable ſituation, in which his fortitude and wiſdom had now placed them. That they were convinced that poſterity, from their own experience, would hereafter agree with them, in eſteeming that peace to be no leſs honourable than profitable, by which there would be ceded to Great Britain ſuch an addition of territory, attended with ſo great an extenſion of commerce. They therefore begged leave, humbly to lay before him the ſtrongeſt ſentiments of gratitude; and to aſſure him, that it ſhould be their ſtudy to improve that confidence of the people in him which he had already ſo very deſervedly acquired, from his conduct in the preſent moſt important conjuncture.

*** His MAJESTY's Anſwers to the foregoing Addreſſes were inſerted in No. 1788 of this Paper.

Dec. 17. It is ſaid that about 100 ſhips of war will be kept in commiſſion at their lower compliment of men, and that they will be in various ſtations, to ſee the treaty lately concluded is ſtrictly and literally adhered to.

Jan. 4. On Friday ſome gentlemen, dining at a houſe near Baſhot Heath, tried the following experiment, to ſhew the intenſeneſs of the froſt: They put a glaſs of water on a table in the bowling green, and in ſix minutes it was froze over ſo hard as to bear five ſhillings put on it, one after the other. They then tried a glaſs of red port, and a glaſs of brandy; when the wine was froze over in two hours, and the brandy in ſix, both with hard ice.---It has not froze ſo hard ſince 1739.

They write from Florence, that a party of Sbirri, or Sheriff's officers, happening to call at the New-Caſtle-Inn, on the confines of Tuſcany, and the territory of Rome, to refreſh themſelves, the innkeeper's ſon, as ſoon as he ſaw them, cried out, in a great fright, 'It was not I that killed the traveller, but my father, 'who threw him into the well, after taking his money.' The father, ſon, and all the ſervants, were immediately ſeized, and carried to goal.

Jan. 6. Letters from Liſbon, of the 23d of laſt month, ſay, that the King of Portugal had ordered our King's Speech to both Houſes of Parliament to be tranſlated, and publickly ſold through his whole kingdom.

The following is an exact Liſt of thoſe Noblemen and Gentlemen who have lately reſigned, with their Succeſſors.

Duke of Newcaſtle, firſt Lord of Treaſury, ſucceeded by Earl of Bute.

Duke of Devonſhire, Lord Chamberlain, by Duke of Marlborough.

Earl of Lincoln, Earl of Aſhburnham, Marquis Rockingham, and Earl of Coventry, Lords of the Bedchamber, by Lord Maſham, Earl of Pomfret, Viſcount Bolingbroke, and Lord Willoughby de Broke.

John Offly, Eſq; and Hon. Col. Fitzroy, Grooms of the Bedchamber, by James Wright, and Charles Mordaunt, Eſquires.

Earl of Kinnoul, Chancellor of Dutchy, by Lord Strange.

Lord George Cavendiſh, Comptroller of the Houſhold, by Humphrey Morrice, Eſq;

Earl of Aſhburnham, Ranger of the Parks, by ----------

George Onſlow, Eſq; Out Ranger of Windſor Forreſt, by Lord Charles Spencer.

Right Hon. C. Townſhend, Secretary at War, by Right Hon. Welbore Ellis.

Viſcount Villiers, and Thomas Pelham, Eſq; Lords of the Admiralty, by Lord Carysfort, and James Harris, Eſq;

Thomas Townſhend, Eſq; a Clerk of Green Cloth, by Hon. Hen. Fr. Thynne.

John Roberts, Eſq; a Lord of Trade, by Lord Orwell.

Andrew Wilkinſon, Eſq; Storekeeper of the Ordnance, by Sir Edward Winnington.

Earl of Beſborough, Poſtmaſter General, by Earl of Egmont.

Henry Potts, Eſq; Secretary to the Poſt-Office, by Anthony Todd, Eſq;

Samuel Potts, Eſq; Comptroller to Ditto, by Robert Charles, Eſq;

Jan. 8. The Eaſt-India Company are going to raiſe recruits, who are to be ſent by the next fleet for the better protection of their ſettlements.

The Rialto, Thomas, from Virginia, one of the fleet bound to Briſtol, is arrived at Milford.

Jan. 11. The fifth daughter of the Empreſs Queen, named Jane-Gabrielle, died at Vienna the 22d paſt, aged twelve years and ten months.

We hear from Portugal, that every officer employed in the detachment of 300 Engliſh troops, the 6th of October laſt, in croſſing the Tagus at night, under the command of Col. Lee, and attacking 1500 Spaniards, with an intrepidity not to be equalled but by Britons, killing every man of their advanced guards, taking poſſeſſion of their camp, ſpiking their cannon, bringing a conſiderable booty of mules and horſes croſs the river to their own camp before day-light) had the diſtinction paid him, to receive, in

writing the particular thanks of Count La Lippe; and that Lieutenant Woodford Rice, of the Royal Volunteers, has been presented with a company of Portuguese Grenadiers, with an indulgence to keep his Lieutenancy in the Royal Volunteers, and with full rank of Captain in both services, for his gallant behaviour in that action.

A private letter from Nuremberg, of the 24th ult. makes the whole sum of the contribution that was raised by the Prussians in the circle of Franconia, part of Swabia, the Upper Palatinate, &c. amount to above five millions of rixdollars, which is about 1,250,000l. sterling. Besides which, the great cities and towns were obliged to furnish 50,000 pair of shoes, 30,000 pair of boots, 60,000 yards of flannel, a great number of stockings, and sheep-skins tanned, with the wool on, for winter cloathing for the troops.

Letters from Vienna, by the Dutch mail, advise, that if the success of the next campaign correspond to the vigour of the preparations for it, the King of Prussia may possibly be compelled to make some abatement in his claims.---In the year 1758, while the King of Prussia was besieging Olmutz, the French Ambassador, alarmed at the probable consequences of that King's success, was desirous of persuading the Empress Queen to think of some terms of accommodation. He ventured to ask her, whether, in case of bad fortune, she would wait for her victorious enemy at Vienna, and stand a siege in her capital? No, Sir (said that Princess) when he advances to Vienna, I will retreat to Presburg. And what, Madam, replied the Ambassador, if Vienna should not be able to arrest the conqueror in his progress? you will hardly throw yourself into the arms of the Turk. That I will never do, answered the Empress. I will collect my faithful Hungarians, and perhaps I may give battle to the King before Presburg: Should I be defeated, I will write a letter to him, in which I will let him know that our differences are inexpiable; that therefore I will meet him, at a place to be named, in my post-chaise, with a brace of pistols; that we will draw up near to each other, and he shall then perceive, that I have a courage above my fortune, and a resolution superior to my sex.

Jan. 13. They write from Leipsic in Saxony, that the King of Prussia goes abroad very seldom; that there are many of the Princes of the blood, and of his Generals, about him; that his troops next spring will amount to 220,000 men; that it is settled, that all the troops of Hesse Cassel shall go into his pay; and that General Freytag is already arrived at Leipsic to wait on his Majesty. The Court of Vienna having sent thither Baron Coulenbach, the arrival of his Lordship occasioned much speculation: Some pretended that he was charged with new proposals of peace; but the more general opinion was, that his mission related only to an exchange of prisoners.

The Prussians are enlisting men at Hamburgh with the greatest activity: They give even 50 crowns bounty-money.

Jan. 18. The Dolphin man of war, in her passage from Oporto, fell in with a French advice boat, bound from France to the East-Indies, with an English passport; but as Capt. Taylor, of the Dolphin, was uninformed of such passports being granted, he paid no regard to it, and has now brought her into Portsmouth. The French Captain, relying on the validity of his passport, did not throw his dispatches overboard, which are found to contain, among other things, the preliminaries of the peace, and a plan of operations to be executed by the French in Asia, in consequence of the preliminaries. These operations are said to be of such a nature, that the moment they are attempted to be executed, a new war must commence in that part of the world, and they contain a demonstration of the French court being determined to adhere strictly to the letter of the preliminaries, relative to Asia, notwithstanding all the modifications they have amused this court with, for correcting the mistakes made therein; this discovery has occasioned fresh instructions to be dispatched to the East-Indies, and has created great uneasiness and embarrassment.

It is said that the Right Hon. William Pitt will be created a Peer, and be made President of the Council.

We hear that a pension of 3000l. per annum is, or soon will be, settled upon Prince Ferdinand, commander in chief of all his Majesty's forces in Germany.

It is said, that the Duke de Nivernois will return to Paris the beginning of May, and be succeeded by the Count de Garcia.

Jan. 29. A letter from Rome, dated Dec. 29, says, "We had a great deal of snow here in the night between the 27th and 28th. The wind also hath been very violent. It hath likewise frozen to such a degree, that all our publick fountains are stopped: A very extraordinary event, in as much as in the memory of man the Waters of them have always been, at least, only of a gentle cold. It is feared, that our olive, our orange and citron trees, will be frozen to the very heart."

It is said that all the articles of the definitive treaty are finally adjusted, except what regards the demolition of Dunkirk.

It is said the King of Portugal has proposed to pay an annual subsidy to our crown for keeping up a number of troops, to be always in readiness to embark for the defence of that kingdom.

By letters from Moscow we have advice, that some Peasants, being cruelly used by Ecclesiasticks, to whom they are slaves by birth, have obtained an audience of the Empress, and presented to her their deplorable case, beseeching her Imperial Majesty to put them under better masters. Their affair is to be taken into consideration by the Senate.

The King of Prussia has refused to agree to the neutrality proposed to him by the Courts of Great-Britain and France, in favour of Westphalia and the Lower Rhine.

We hear that Mr. Mooney, a gentleman farmer in Ireland, hath made some important discoveries towards finding out the longitude, which have been laid before the Lords of the admiralty, who, it is said, have referred the same to the Earl of Macclesfield and Dr. Bisse.

By a letter from Plymouth we are informed, that a sailor, who had been lately paid off, and received 45l. put the same in a loose pocket in his trowsers; being in liquor, and rambling through the Streets there, a sharper took an opportunity to cut his pocket away, which a shopkeeper observing, informed the sailor of his loss, who immediately ran after the thief, cut off one of his ears, and threatened to cut his throat, if he did not return his money: The villain directly complied, and the sailor complimented him with his ear, and then let him go.

Feb. 1. The frost has done very great damage to both shores of the river Medway, from the new Bason downward to the Nore; and, besides stopping the navigation, has damaged several of his Majesty's ships moored there.

Near Woolwich, the bodies of two men have lain on the ice on the river for several days, no persons being able to get near them.

Another melancholy sight, near the same place, is that of a boy in a boat, which is seen driving up and down among the ice every tide.

The King of Prussia has signified to the Bishop of Liege, that having acquired the incontestable right of the Prince de Coswaren-Loo to the county of Horn, he claims that county, with all its dependencies; and expects, that the Bishop and his Chapter, will not, by a refusal on their part, add to the umbrage they have already given to his Majesty, by furnishing their quota to the Army of the Empire, and by granting a passage through their territories for the French troops. [The capital of the county of Horn or Hornes, is a large borough or small city of the same name, situated in a plain, about a thousand paces to the west of the Meuse, almost over-against Ruremonde, on the opposite side of the river. It has an old castle with some fortifications. The house of the Counts of Horn, which is still a flourishing family in the Low Countries, lost this county in 1563, it being then incorporated with the Bishoprick of Leige.]

Part of a Letter from the Hague, Jan. 28.

"Several of our politicians who are in place hint, that they have reasons for thinking, that notwithstanding the difficulties which have been started at the conferences at Hubertsberg, an accommodation between the Empress-Queen and the King of Prussia is at no great distance. Meanwhile some letters, which are kept very secret, give room to believe that the tranquility of Russia is not so firmly established, but that great changes may be expected; and that the crown still totters on the head of Catherine II."

Edinburgh, Jan. 15. By a letter from Brechin we are informed, that some days ago, the river hard by that place, commonly called the North Water, all on a sudden dried up, and continued so, from six in the morning till twelve mid-day, when the water again returned, and began to flow as usual.

CHARLES-TOWN (in South-Carolina) March 19.

By Capt. Lawrence, who arrived here last Thursday from Jamaica, we have an Account of a very large French Xebeque being taken and carried in there the 20th of January last, with upwards of 290,000 lb. of Indico on board; and also a Confirmation of the taking of two very large and rich Spanish Caraccas Ships, by his Majesty's Ship the Temeraire, and a Privateer belonging to Jamaica, commanded by Capt. Belfour; these Ships were entirely laden with Cocoa, and had besides a great Quantity of Specie on board.

Capt. Lawrence sailed from Jamaica the 24th ult. 'Till the 21st, he says, the Island was almost surrounded by Spanish and French Privateers, who made many Captures; but after that Day they disappeared.

Capt. Hooper, who arrived here Yesterday, in 7 Weeks from Gibraltar, informs us, that the Communication between that Garrison and the Spaniards was opened again as in Time of Peace; and that the most extraordinary Civilities passed between the Officers of both Nations.

BOSTON, April 11.

Tuesday Evening came to Town by Land from New-London, Capt. Jacob Coles, late Master of the Sloop Hunter of this Port; he informs, that on the 15th of January he sailed from Jamaica for this Place, and was taken by a French Privateer on the 25th of the same Month; the next Day he was retaken by Capt. Washington, in a Privateer belonging to Jamaica; after which, on the 1st of February, he was again taken by a Spanish Xebeque, and carried into St. Jago on Cuba; where he was confined in Goal till the Cessation of Arms took Place: That upon the Spaniards hearing of the Ratification of the Preliminary Articles (which they had by some Papers that went from hence in a Vessel taken by the Spaniards, and carried in there) they were greatly elated, and immediately discharged all the English Prisoners, which amounted to upwards of 140.

PROVIDENCE, April 9.

A very melancholy Accident lately happened at North Kingston.---A young Man at the House of Mr. James Sweet, going to clean a Gun that was loaded, of which he was unapprised, it unhappily discharged, and wounded a Girl about five Years old, Daughter of Mr. Sweet, who was in another Room, in so terrible a Manner, that after languishing two Days she expired.

NEW-PORT, April 11.

The Brig Manhood, Captain Trotter, belonging to Chichester, in England, and bound from London to Virginia, in Lat. 35. 51. N. Lon. 73. 20. W. on the 27th of March, at Nine in the Morning, laying to under a Foresail, the Wind blowing hard at N. W. shipt a large Sea, which cleared the Deck, carried both Masts by the Board, stove the Boat to Pieces, and damaged the Vessel, so that she made considerable Water: At Six the next Morning she fortunately fell in with the Sloop Nancy, Capt. Wrigh, from Guadaloupe, bound to this Port, and in the Evening Capt. Trotter, with his People, were all taken on board the Nancy, and arrived here last Tuesday. There were 4 Horses, valued at 1200l. sterling, left on board the brig.

NEW-YORK, April 14.

Yesterday the Pitt Packet Boat, Capt. Goddard, sailed with the Mail for Falmouth, and about 3 o'Clock passed the Hook, when there was no inward bound Vessels in Sight.

April 18. Fort St. Mary's, on Lake Superior, being the most advanced Post the French ever had in the Indian Country, in Canada, was, by some unknown Accident, on the 20th of December last, in the Night, reduced to Ashes, with the Barracks, and every Thing that was in the Fort; and the Commanding Officer, an English Gentleman (the Fort having been in the Possession of the English since the Reduction of Canada) was much scorched in endeavouring to avoid the Flames.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.

In Letters from Lisbon, dated the Twenty-third of February, by Captain Kidd, it is mentioned, That that Day an Express arrived there to Mr. Hay, the English Envoy, from the Duke of Bedford at Paris, with Advice, that the Definitive Treaty was signed at Fontainbleau the Tenth of that Month.

We hear likewise, from the same Place, that the Spanish Ports were opened about the End of that Month.

On Monday last the Sloop Hero, a Prize to Captain Appowen, of the Hero Privateer, of this Port, arrived here from Providence.

The PHILADELPHIA PACKET, Captain BUDDEN, will certainly sail for London the 27th Instant.

The Ship FRANCIS, for London, will certainly sail on Wednesday next; all Passengers that have engaged to go in her, are desired to get their Baggage on board by that Time.

"Last Saturday died, of a lingering and tedious Illness, Mr. JOHN WILCOCKS, an eminent Merchant in this City; an irreparable Loss to his Family, his Friends, and the Public.---As a kind, loving and affectionate Husband, he universally shewed himself a most shining Example of conjugal Felicity---a tender, affectionate and indulgent parent---a steady, sincere, beneficent and hospitable Friend---a humane, charitable and public-spirited Citizen---a generous Trader---a Man with a good Heart, sound in his Principles, upright and honest in all his Dealings, which has rendered his Death universally and justly lamented.---He has left a disconsolate Widow, the loving Partner of his Life, to mourn the Loss; together with two promising Sons, which he reared under his own Eye, and had them educated in his own virtuous Principles, with a wise Indulgence, and prudent Care. For,

"Virtuous and wise he was, but not severe;
"He still remember'd that he once was young;
"His easy Presence check'd no decent Joy."

His Remains were respectfully attended to the Grave, where he was decently interred on Monday last."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia, Inward Entries.

Sloop Thresher, J. Goddard, from Rhode-Island. Schooner Two Brothers, J. Nicholls, and Sloop Elizabeth, J. Sewall, Boston. Snow Neptune, E. Davey, London. Brig Hound, A. Porter, Sloop Polly, H. Lane, and Sloop Jolly Robin, H. Richards, St. Eustatia. Sloop Success, N. Fletcher, Salem. Schooner Charming Molly, J. Stillson, Piscataqua. Schooner Nancy, W. Price, Liverpool. Sloop Monckton, W. Mitchell, Turks-Island, Schooner Hannah, S. Lombard, Schooner Susannah and Hannah, D. Dingee, Sloop Manby, J. Davenport, and Sloop Friendship, J. Tooly, Virginia. Sloop Industry, J. Caldwell, Maryland. Schooner Polly, R. Coffin, Nantucket. Sloop Hero, J. Powers, New-Providence.

Outwards. Brig Charlotte, C. Lowe, and Brig Elgin, E. Fullerton, for Jamaica. Sloop Ranger, E. Hathaway, Halifax. Schooner Penobscot, J. Hatch, Boston. Ship Francis, T. Osburn, London. Schooner Unity, J. Logan, N. Providence. Snow Fanny, S. Dougherty, Granades. Sloop Abigail. P. Groves, Salem. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Quebec. Snow Molly, M. Drason, Madeira. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, New York. Sloop Thresher, J. Goddard, R. Island. Schooner Polly, R. Coffin, Nantucket.

Cleared. Ship Hope, J. Dee, to Havannah. Ship London, J. Watson, Barbades. Ship Tyger, J. Fea, Jamaica. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullony, and Sloop Ranger, E. Hathaway, Halifax. Sloop Sally, W. Pearne, Piscataqua. Snow Fanny, S. Dougherty, Granades. Schooner Penobscot, J. Hatch, Boston. Brig Elliot, C. Burch, North-Carolina. Brig Polly, W. Allison, Guadaloupe. Brig Abigail, W. Kerlin, Fyall.

Just imported, and to be sold by

DAVID HALL,

At the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, the following Books, viz.

SHAW's Boerhaave's Chemistry; Boerhaave's Academical Lectures; Van Swieten's Commentary abridged; Winslow's Anatomy; Shaw's, Allen's, Ladies and Brookes's Dispensatories; Mackenzie and Armstrong on Health; Pringle on the Diseases of the Army; Henry, Le Dran, and Ranby on Gun-shot Wounds; Smellie's, Mauriceau's, Daventer's, Pugh's, Chamberlain's, Dawkes's and Culpepper's Midwifery; Mead and Lobb on the Small-pox; Lind on the Scurvy; Sympson's Enquiry; Friend's Emmenologia; Liger and Cheyne on the Gout; Pharmacopœia Edinburgensis; Tissot, Cockburn, Glass, Cheyne, Astruc and Huxham on Fevers; Barrow's Medicinal Dictionary; Barry on Digestion; Essays and Observations Physical and Literary; Allen's Synopsis; Edinburgh Medical Essays; Le Dran's, Gooch's, Sharpe's and Turner's Surgery; Douglass on the Hydrocele; Cheyne on Regimen, Health and curing Diseases; Lobb's Medical Principles; James's, Shaw's, Bull's and Shebbeare's Practice of Physick; Boerhaave on the Cure of Diseases; Robinson on the Stone; Sanctorius and Keil's Aphorisms; Jenty's Lectures in Anatomy; De Monchy on the Causes and Cures of Diseases in the West-Indies; Stork on the Hemlock; Ball's Pharmacopœia; Alston on Lime Water; Van Swieten on Diseases; Distinct Systems of the Gravel and Stone, with the Cure; Dover's Physician's Legacy; Observations on Anatomy; Astruc and Chapman on the Venereal Disease; Heister's Practice of Physick; Mead on Malignant Fevers, &c. &c.

Also, A Compleat Body of Husbandry; Miller's Gardiner's Dictionary; Hitt on Fruit Trees; Du Hamell's Husbandry; and Beawse's Lex Mercatoria.------Stationary of all Sorts, Wholesale and Retail---A great Variety of curious Prints---And a neat Assortment of PAPER HANGINGS.

Wilmington, April 14, 1763.

Just Published (Price One Shilling)

And to be sold by JAMES ADAMS, at his Printing-Office, in Wilmington; and by WILLIAM FALCONER, opposite the Court-House in Philadelphia;

THE SUFFICIENCY of the SPIRIT's TEACHING, without Human Learning: Or, A Treatise, tending to prove Human Learning to be no Help to the Spiritual Understanding of the Word of GOD.

Written (if it may be) for the Silencing of such false and scandalous Reports as have been rumoured about concerning this Matter; as also for the Information of all such as desire to know the Truth.

With a PREFACE, by a Friend of the AUTHOR's, shewing the Occasion of the Work.

Revelation iii. 2. Be watchful, and strengthen the Things which remain, that are ready to die.

N. B. Of said Adams may be had Bibles, Testaments, Psalters; all Sorts of Spelling-books and Primers; Variety of Histories, Novels and Plays; various Sizes of Account Books, and Writing Paper; Sealing Wax and Wafers; Ink and Ink-powder; Black-lead Pencils; all Sorts of Blank Bonds and Indentures; extraordinary good Lampblack, &c.-----And by whom will be given the highest Price for clean Linen Rags. ¶

NEW BOOKS,

This Day are published, and to be sold by

RIVINGTON and BROWN,

In Market-street, Philadelphia,

THE Works of the Author of the Adventures of a Guinea, under the Title of The Reverie, or Paradise of Fools. A very animated and entertaining Piece, upon many striking Subjects and Characters in real Life: All the Admirers of the Author's former Work, will be well pleased with this Performance. 2. The Memoirs of Pierrepoint, a Novel. 3. The Life of old Beau Nash. 4. Millennium Hall, a Novel. 5. The Polite Lady. 6. The Modern Manners and Customs of the Chinese. 7. Dufresnoy's Chronological Tables. 8. The Court and City Register for 1763. Containing the Lists of all the great Officers of State, of the Parliament, Army, Navy, &c. 9. A new Play, called, Love in a Village. 10. The London Magazines, for November, and December.

ALSO,

This Day are published the following Political Pamphlets, relating to the Earl of Bute, Duke of Newcastle, Mr. Pitt, &c.

THE Freeborn Englishman's unmasked Battery, containing Remarks on the Articles of Peace, founded on undeniable Facts, shewing the fatal Tendency of granting the French a Fishery, and restoring our important Conquests. 2. Reflections on the Terms of Peace. 3. An Address to the Cocoa Tree Coffee House, from a Whig. 4. A Review of the glorious Administration of the Hon. William Pitt, by Mr. Wilkes, a Member of Parliament. "He Wishes to lay open and reveal to the Public, both "the Motives and Actions of every Part of his Administration." Vide Observations on the Spanish Papers. 5. A Letter concerning Mr. Touchit's Petition to the King, for an exclusive Grant to the Trade of the River Senegal, wherein the Injury it will do to the African Commerce, is considered, together with a Copy of Mr. Touchit's Petition.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Saturday, the 7th Day of May next, at three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Margaret Donaldson, in Southwark, 2 Lots of Ground; one of them containing in Breadth, on the South Side of Christian-street, 53 Feet, and in Depth 80 Feet; the other containing in Breadth, on a 30 Feet Alley, 20 Feet, and in Depth 113 Feet; each Lot subject to a Ground-rent of Two Shillings per Foot to the Swedes Congregation; late the Property of James Bayley, and taken in Execution by me

Joseph Redman, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, at the House of Isaac Williams, on Society Hill, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, at 5 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Lot of Ground, with a two Story Brick Kitchen and Wash-house erected thereon, situate on the West Side of Third-street, and adjoining to St. Peter's Church, containing in Front, on said Street, 20 Feet, and in Depth 198 Feet; late the Property of John Davis deceased, and taken in Execution by me

Joseph Redman, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Tuesday, the 10th Day of May next, on the Premises, at 5 o'Clock in the Afternoon, three Lots of Ground, lying on the West Side of Fourth-street, and on the Corner of Apple-tree Alley, between Arch and Sassafras-streets, containing in Breadth, each Lot, on Fourth-street 15 Feet 4 Inches, and in Depth 131 Feet. One other Lot, lying on the North Side of Apple-tree Alley, containing in Front, on said Alley, 19 Feet 8 Inches, and in Depth 138 Feet, adjoining the Lands of Thomas Stretch, and Abraham Mitchell; late the Property of Henry Chads, and taken in Execution by me

Joseph Redman, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Wedneſday, the 11th Day of May next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of the Widow M'Vaugh, in Francfort, a Tract of Land, lying and being in the Townſhip of Abington, containing 64 Acres, adjoining the Lands of Nicholas Moore, and Silas Criſpin; late the Property of John Thomas, and Samuel Weſtcomb, and taken in Execution by me

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

ON Wedneſday next, the 27th of this inſt. April, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, will be ſold, by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe, A certain Meſſuage and Lot of Ground, ſituated on the South Side of Saſſafras-ſtreet, commonly called Race-ſtreet, being 16 Feet Front on ſaid Street, and 51 Feet deep; ſubject to a Ground-rent of Four Pounds per Annum. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame before the Day of Sale, may know the Terms by applying to WILLIAM MASTERS. ¶

CHOICE SALLAD OIL, by the Cheſt, or ſmaller Quantity, to be ſold by THOMAS WEST, in Market-ſtreet, near the London Coffee-Houſe.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

PLEASANTS and SMITH,

At their Store, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Creditors of James Anderſon, late of Buckingham, in the County of Bucks, Pennſylvania, That whereas the ſaid Anderſon hath departed this Province, without paying his Debts, Attachment hath iſſued, and been levied the 21ſt of Third Month, 1763, on all his Goods, Chattels and Credits, found in ſaid County, according to Law of ſaid Province for Debts under Five Pounds, to anſwer his Creditors, that the 10th Day of the Fifth Month next, at the Houſe of the Subſcriber, of Soleſbury Townſhip, in ſaid County, is the Time and Place appointed for the ſaid Creditors to appear, and make Proof of their reſpective Demands, in order that farther legal Meaſures may be taken by JONATHAN INGHAM. ¶

Philadelphia, April 21, 1763.

THE MANAGERS of the LOTTERY ſet on Foot to provide a Fund for a LIGHT-HOUSE, and other Improvements of the Navigation of DELAWARE BAY, deſirous of executing their Truſt, in the moſt uſeful and judicious Manner, hereby give Notice, that they would be glad to receive Advice from any Perſon concerning the intended Light-Houſe, particularly as to the Situation, Form, Height and Materials, Plans and Elevations, with Eſtimates of either a Stone, Brick or wooden Structure, from any Artificer, willing to undertake the Work, which will meet with their attentive Regard. And as it is conceived that a few Buoys, carefully placed, would greatly add to the Safety of the Navigation, any Hints as to their Situation and Conſtruction, with any other Information in the Premiſes, will be gratefully acknowledged. Letters may be directed to THOMAS WILLING, and GEORGE BRYAN.

WESTOVER,

A FINE Bay, fifteen Hands high, is four Years old, free from Blemiſh, and in high Form, will cover Mares this Seaſon, under the Care of JOHN BUCKINGHAM, at the Sign of the Coach and Horſes, the Corner of Saſſafras and Third Streets, in the City of Philadelphia, for a Piſtole a Leap. WESTOVER was got by Col. Byrd's Valiant, who was a running Horſe in Eſteem, belonging to the Duke of Ancaſter, and was got by Graſshopper; the Colt's Dam was got by Prentis's Tryal, who was the beſt Horſe of his Size in England, bred out of an Engliſh Mare. The ſaid John Buckingham hath good Accommodations, ſo that any Gentlemen inclining to bring their Mares to the ſaid Weſtover, may depend on having due Care taken of them, for what Time they pleaſe, at a moderate Rate.---He hath to hire out, for any Diſtance, a Landau, four Wheel Chaiſe, Waggon, and other Carriages, where Gentlemen and Ladies will meet with the beſt Uſage, upon reaſonable Terms. He alſo undertakes to break young Horſes to any Kind of Carriages.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Managers of St. John's Church Lottery, that the Subſcriber had the good Fortune to draw a Prize in the ſaid Lottery by a Ticket, No. 3282, ſigned by John Singleton, and for which ſaid Prize I have been to him two different Times, but could not get it, and my living at ſuch a great Diſtance, makes me take this Method to inform all the Managers of ſaid Lottery, that if they do not take ſome Method that the Money may be paid unto Mr. John Barr, at Lancaſter, who is appointed to receive it, or to myſelf, living in Frederick Town and County, Maryland, by the 10th Day of May, 1763, they may expect to be proceeded againſt according to Law, by CHARLES BEATTY. ¶

Philadelphia, April 21, 1763.

On Monday, the ſecond Day of May next, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, will be ſold, at the London Coffee-Houſe,

The Privateer HERO,

SAMUEL APPOWEN Commander,

With all her Guns, Warlike and other Stores, as ſhe came from Sea, agreeable to an Inventory to be ſeen at the ſaid Coffee-Houſe.

This Ship is 98 Feet Keel ſtreight Rabbit, 32 Feet and an Half Beam, 10 Feet 9 Inches Hold, 4 Feet 9 Inches between Decks, was launched laſt June, and very completely fitted, with Plenty of Rigging, Sails and Stores, which have only been uſed one ſhort Cruize.

Juſt imported in the Neptune, and other Veſſels, from London, and Briſtol, and to be ſold, on reaſonable Terms, for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, by

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his Store, in Second-ſtreet, a few Doors above the Engliſh Church, and oppoſite Coombe's Alley,

AN ASSORTMENT of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1763.

CAME to Philip Shilling's, in Spring-garden, the 23d of January, 1763, a dark bay Horſe, 13 or 14 Hands high, and has four white Feet. The Owner is deſired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away; otherwiſe he will be ſold in ten Days after Date, by PHILIP SHILLING.

N. B. The above Horſe has been advertiſed in the Dutch News Papers, and cried in Philadelphia. ¶

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY Negroe Man, this Country born, has had the Small-pox and Meaſles, ſkilful, and fit for all Sorts of Plantation Work on Upland and Meadows, making Ditches, driving a Team, and other Buſineſs of a Farm. Enquire at the New Printing-Office. ¶

THE Members of the Germantown Library Company are deſired to meet at their Library Room in Germantown, on Monday, the Second Day of May next, between the Hours of Two and Six in the Afternoon, to make their Nineteenth annual Payment, and chooſe Directors, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year. By Order of the Directors,

8 WOLLERY MANG, Secretary.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1763.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Members of the Union Library Company, that they are to meet, purſuant to their Charter, on Monday, the 16th of May, at the New Library Room, in Third-ſtreet, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year.

N. B. The Cellar, under ſaid Library, is to be lett. Enquire of David Evans, next Door. 8

To be SOLD by

DANIEL RUNDLE,

At his Store in Front-ſtreet, near the Corner of Walnut-ſtreet, very cheap for ready Money, or Credit,

A Variety of European and India Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon, amongſt which are, an Aſſortment of printed Cottons for Beds, wide Damaſks for Room Furniture, Rattinets, Shaloons, boiled Camblets, Tammies, Calicoes, printed Linens, Dowlas, Flanders Bed-ticks, Iriſh Linen, a Parcel of neat Manchester Checks and Stripes, Indian Blankets, the beſt Engliſh Sailcloth, from No. 1 to 8, Gold and Silver Lace, Sattin, Paduaſoy and flowered Ribbons, Thread, a Parcel of the very beſt plated, Pinchbeck, white Metal, &c. Shoe and Knee Buckles, Stone Sleeve Buttons, Snuff Boxes, Watch Chains, Seals, and Keys, Counting-houſe Seals, lacquered, Horn and Metal Coat and Veſt Buttons, &c. &c.

Madeira, Teneriffe, white and red Wines, by the Pipe, Hogſhead or Quarter Caſk, Geneva, Rum, Sugar, Melaſſes, London Steel, Violins, Copperas, the very beſt Claret in Bottles, with ground Bottoms. Alſo a few Caſks of very good Carolina Indigo, to be ſold very cheap, by taking the whole.

N. B. Said RUNDLE has to diſpoſe of, a Parcel of Silver Watches, which he will ſell very cheap, either ſingle, or by the Dozen.

Juſt imported in the Neptune, Captain Davis, from London, and to be ſold by,

SHAW and BARNES,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near the old Ferry Houſe,

SEVEN eights and yard wide Iriſh linens, Iriſh dowlas, 9-eights Iriſh ſheeting, demy cambricks, 7-eights and piſtol lawns, princes linen, Ruſſia drills, ozenbrigs, Cumberland and cotton romal handkerchiefs, blue and white Scotch ditto, ſilk ditto, calicoes, 3-qr. 7-eights, yard wide, and yard 3-eights cotton and linen checks, blue, white, green and cloth coloured ſhaloons, venetian poplins, black, white, blue, pink and cloth coloured tammies, white, blue, pink and cloth coloured durants, middling and ſuperfine blue, and cloth coloured camblets, blue and copper coloured damaſks, coloured thread, whited brown ditto, for knitting, Scotch thread, from No. 7 to 20, 2d. 4d. and 6d. ferrits, narrow and broad paduaſoy and ſattin ribbons, nonſopretties, mens and womens white, purple, and ſhammy mitts and gloves, womens coloured ditto, writing paper, mens and womens ſtockings, black, dove and claret coloured cotton velvet, red, white and purple coloured flannels, twilled ſwanſkin ermins, mohair twiſt, fine ſilk and hair ditto, mohair buttons, bandſtring twiſt, bed hunts and Flanders bed ticks, horſewhips, ivory, horn and buckling combs, with and without caſes, blue and cloth coloured broadcloths, kerſeys and plains, naps, bearſkins, ruggs and blankets, ſhot and bar lead, pewter, white and brown huckram, pepper, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace, &c. &c. ¶

Juſt imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, and to be ſold by

BARTRAM and LENNOX,

At their Shop, the Corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet,

A Compleat aſſortment of ſhop goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon; amongſt which are a variety of fine and coarſe cambricks, 7-8ths and yd. wd. clear lawns, piſtol and long lawns, 6-qr. and yd. wd. India muſlins, with a large quantity of humhums for gowns, a variety of ſilks, viz. paduaſoys, ducapes, taffeties, plain and ſtriped half-yd. and ell-wd. perſians, alamodes, figured modes for cardinals, damaſks, mens and womens velvets, beſt Genoa do. ſattins and peelings, a variety of new faſhoned, flowered, ſpotted and plain Scotch gauze and lawns, flowered and ſtriped bordered kenting handkerchiefs, ſilk and leather mitts and gloves, black and coloured ſilk handkerchiefs, gauze do. ſtriped and plain camblets, dorſetteens, ſhaloons, tammies, crape and alopeens, durants and calimancoes, ſilverets, ſenegals, taberets, bredaus and poplins, florettas and cruſadoes, fine, ſuper and ſuperfine broadcloths, knit breeches and jacket patterns, ſaggathies, jeans, nankeens and everlaſtings, large and ſmall damaſk and diaper table linen, a choice aſſortment of coarſe and fine 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh and Scotch linens, clouting diaper, Ruſſia toweling, huckaback, counterpains, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting and dowlas, a large aſſortment of mens and womens ſilk, thread, cotton, and worſted hoſe, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and yd. and 3-8ths cotton and linen checks, bed furniture ditto, bed bunts, Flanders and Scotch tickings, ozenbrigs, fuſtians, demities and thickſets, new faſhioned ſilk and ſattin hats, chip hats, ſilk purſes, ſtock tape, black ſilk neckcloths, fans, necklaces, plain and figured ribbons, a large quantity of dark and light grounded chints, fine India do. a variety of fine and coarſe calicoes and cottons, of the neweſt figures, black and white ſilk and thread lace edgings, gimp and fringe, ſtriped hollands, cotton and linen ſtripes, womens cloth cloaks, ſilk cardinals, Cyprus ſilk gauze, cat-gut ditto, womens ſtuff ſhoes, with a variety of other goods.

N. B. They have for ſale a few kegs of Scotch Barley.

AS THOMAS POWELL, of Burlington, Schoolmaſter, hath been applied to ſundry Times to take Girls to board, and hath hitherto declined it, becauſe he thought it inconvenient to board a Number of each Sex in the ſame Houſe; WILLIAM FENTHAM, Latin and French Maſter, in the ſame School, begs Leave to inform the Public, that Girls may be conveniently boarded, and taught Needle-work by his Wife, who has opened a School for that Purpoſe, and may have the Benefit of being inſtructed in Engliſh, Writing, Arithmetic and French, by

THOMAS POWELL, and WILLIAM FENTHAM.

N. B. The Boarders will have an Opportunity of ſpeaking the French Tongue in the Houſe. 1 Mo.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphans Court, for the County of Cheſter, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the late Dwelling-houſe of John Lamplugh, late of Lower Chicheſter Townſhip, in the ſaid County, Shipwright, deceaſed, will be expoſed to Sale by William Lamplugh, Adminiſtrator of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid John Lamplugh deceaſed, A certain Brick Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate, lying and being in Lower Chicheſter aforeſaid, commonly called Marcus-hook, containing in Breadth, on the River Delaware, 120 Feet, and extending back 540 Feet, being the real Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed. Attendance will be given on the Day of Sale by the ſaid Adminiſtrator.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to pay; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be paid. ¶

RUn-away from his Bail, the 11th of this inſt. April, A certain Jacob Shondey, about 21 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, thin faced, with an out thick lipped Mouth: Had on when he went away, A good Hat and Silk Cap, blue Cloth Coat, Scarlet Plush Jacket, new Leather Breeches, good Stockings and Shoes, with carved plated Silver Buckles. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Jacob Shondey in Philadelphia Goal, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward; or if in any other of His Majeſty's Goals, ſo as he may be had again, ſhall have Three Pounds, paid by the Subſcriber, living in Springfield Townſhip, Philadelphia County, HENRY DEWEES. 3

ABRAHAM USHER, *and* JOHN MALCOLM,

At their Sugar-houſe, on Society-hill, and at their Store, in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut ſtreet, manufacture and ſell

BEST ſingle refined Loaf Sugar, at 12d per Pound; double refined and Lump Sugars at the Market Price; alſo brown and white Sugarcandy by the Dozen, at 18d and 2s per Pound. Any Perſon in the Country may be ſupplied, by ſending their Orders with Caſh, or Bills on their Friends here for the Value, on the ſame Terms as if preſent, and forwarded with Care and Diſpatch, agreeable to their Orders.

N. B. The Partnerſhip of Uſher, Mitchell, and Malcolm being diſſolved, by Randle Mitchell's declining the Buſineſs, thoſe indebted are requeſted to pay, and thoſe who have any Accounts unſettled, are deſired to bring them in.

TO be ſold, by Way of publick Vendue, on the 26th of May, A valuable Plantation, ſituated in Bucks County, adjoining the Roads that lead from Philadelphia to New-York, and from Briſtol to Durham, and the Forks of Delaware, which makes it very convenient for Tavern and Store; containing 150 Acres of good Land, about 90 whereof is cleared, and 15 Acres of good Meadow, and more may be made; a good Stone Houſe and Kitchen, a Barn, Orchard and Out-houſes. The Purchaſer paying Fifty Pounds, may have the reſt divided into ſuch Payments as ſuits him, with paying intereſt, and giving Security, if required. The Vendue to begin at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, where Attendance will be given by me SAMUEL BLAKER.

N. B. The Title is indiſputable. 8

NOTICE *is hereby given,*

THAT the Subſcribers, now living in Wilmington, and occupying the Wharff and Stores there, lately in the Tenure of Robert Lewis, Merchant, in Philadelphia, have a large new Shallop, well found, which they intend ſhall conſtantly ply between the aforeſaid Places.

All Perſons who may have Occaſion to ſend Flour, &c. from the former of theſe Places to the latter, may depend upon being faithfully ſerved, as one of them will conſtantly attend at Wilmington, and their Friend, Robert Lewis aforeſaid, will aſſiſt them in Philadelphia. 8 JOSHUA BYRNE.

Wilmington, April 14, 1763. ROBERT WOODCOCK.

Cheſter, April 2, 1763.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphan's Court for the County of Cheſter, on Saturday the 23d of this Inſtant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the London Coffee-Houſe, will be expoſed to Sale, by ANN CROSTON and JOHN HUGHES, Adminiſtrators of the Goods and Chattels of Edward Croſton, late of the City of Philadelphia, Gentleman, deceaſed, a certain Tract of valuable Marſh, or Meadow Ground, containing about 182 Acres, ſituate, lying and being on Tenicum Iſland, in Ridley Townſhip, Cheſter County, bounded by the River Delaware, by Bow Creek, and by Lands of Joſeph Galloway, Eſq; and John Taylor, being Part of the real Eſtate of the ſaid Edward Croſton, deceaſed; which ſaid Premiſes are intended to be ſold in Lots from 12 to 22 Acres, which Lots are intended to be accommodated with the Privilege of three public Landings, according to a Plan thereof made, which may be ſeen at Henry Hale Graham's, Eſq; in Cheſter, at John Rudolph's, in Darby, at John Biddle's, at the Sign of the Indian King, and at the London Coffee-Houſe, where Attendance will be given at the Time of Sale, by the ſaid Adminiſtrators.

N. B. If any Perſons ſhould think proper to view the Premiſes aforementioned, before the Day of Sale, they are deſired to attend on the 16th Inſtant, where John Morton, Eſq; will attend all that Day, and on the 21ſt Inſtant, from Ten o'Clock in the Morning till Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, in order to ſhew them the particular Advantages attending ſaid Meadow Ground. ¶

To be SOLD,

A VERY valuable Tract of Land, containing upwards of 500 Acres, lying and being in Suſſex County, in the Province of New-Jerſey, and ſituated upon the River Delaware; it is well timbered, the Soil rich, and Plenty of Lime-ſtone; it joins the Plantations lately belonging to William Biſhop, and Walter Cohoon, and will be ſold either together, or divided into Parcels, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. For Terms apply to Mrs. MASTERS, and JOHN LAWRENCE, of Philadelphia, or Mr. SAMUEL TUCKER, junior, of Trenton. Tbc. 6 mo.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land, containing between 3 and 400 Acres, on George's Road, within three Miles of New-Brunſwick, in Middleſex County, Eaſt New-Jerſey; it is kind Land, well watered and timbered, and great Part of it may be made good Meadow. It will be either ſold together, or divided, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. For further Particulars, enquire of Mr. Samuel Okaſon, at the Longbridge Farm; Mr. Samuel Tucker, jun. at Trenton, or of John Lawrence, in Philadelphia. Tbc. 3 M.

Philadelphia, April 13, 1763.

NOTICE is hereby given to ſuch Inhabitants of the City and County of Philadelphia, as have loſt Apprentices, by Inliſtments into the late King's or his preſent Majeſty's Service, to attend at the State-Houſe from Monday the 18th, to Saturday the 23d of this Inſtant, in order to receive Payment for the ſame from the Provincial Commiſſioners.

And thoſe of other Counties of this Province, are required to give their Attendance at the ſame Place for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, in Manner following, viz.

Bucks, from Monday the 25th, to Wedneſday the 27th Inſt.
Cheſter, from the 28th to the 30th.
Lancaſter, from the 2d of May to the 4th.
York, from the 5th to the 7th.
Cumberland, from the 9th to the 11th.
Berks, from the 12th to the 14th.
Northampton, from the 16th to the 18th.

By Order of the Board,

CHARLES MOORE, Clerk.

TO be ſold, by Way of public Vendue, on the ſecond Day of May next, A Lot of Land, ſituate in Middletown, in the County of Bucks, at the Four-Lane-Ends: There is on it a good bearing Orchard, a Stone Houſe, with three Rooms on a Floor, a good Brick Smith's Shop, and ſundry other Buildings. The Place is very ſuitable for a Blackſmith, or any other Tradeſman, or public Buſineſs.---The Conditions to be made known at the Time and Place aforeſaid. NATHANIEL ELLICOT. ¶

Philadelphia, April 7, 1763.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Members of the Library Company of Philadelphia, that they are to meet, purſuant to their Charter, on Monday, the Second Day of May next, at the Library, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, and a Treaſurer, and to make their Thirty-firſt Annual Payment. FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Secretary.

THE Members of the ASSOCIATION LIBRARY COMPANY, are deſired to meet at the Library Room, in Philadelphia, on the Second Day of the Fifth Month (May) at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, Treaſurer and Clerk, for the enſuing Year, and to make their Seventh annual Payment. ¶ JOHN ARMITT, Clerk.

THE Members of the AMICABLE LIBRARY are deſired to meet, at the Library Room, the Tenth Day of May next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, Treaſurer and Clerk, for the enſuing Year. 3

PHILADELPHIA, April 21, 1763.

WHEREAS a Propoſal is now on Foot, for ſettling a very extenſive Colony upon the fineſt Part of the OHIO, and Application been alſo made, previous to the Peace, for that Purpoſe, it is neceſſary to acquaint the Public with the Propoſals.

As they are the moſt advantageous of the Kind ever known, and I may venture to ſay, that ever will be: The Situation, Fertility of the Soil, Navigation, and innumerable other Advantages that attends this Colony, over and above any that can be mentioned in the American Empire, are Inducements ſufficient for any ſenſible Men to ſettle there, without the leaſt Heſitation; but as Mankind are fond of being ſecured in the real Enjoyment of ſomething independent, it is propoſed that every Family who becomes Proprietors and Settlers in this Colony, are to have 300 Acres of Land, to be granted by Patent, to them and their Heirs for ever: It is alſo propoſed that 4 000 000 Acres are to be ſold to Gentlemen Proprietors, which will be granted in Patents, from One Thouſand to Ten Thouſand Acres each, theſe are propoſed to be ſold at the Rate of £ 50 per Thouſand Acres, which will raiſe a Sum of £ 200 0, which is to be employed in purchaſing the Colony, Proviſions, Cattle, and farming Utenſils, &c.

The Extent of the Colony as propoſed, is nine Degrees of North Latitude, and nine Degrees of Weſt Longitude, beginning at the ninth Degree from Philadelphia, and ending at the ſeventeenth Degree of Weſtern Longitude, Latitude from 36 to 44.

The Name of the Colony is to be NEW-WALES, in Honour of His Royal Highneſs the Prince of WALES, who is to be ſole Proprietor of the Colony.

As the ſettling of this Colony will be effected as ſoon as poſſible, it is deſired that all Planters, Farmers and others, who are inclined to ſettle, give in their Names by the laſt of May; as alſo, thoſe Gentlemen who are inclined to become Purchaſers, as their Names will be ſent to England, and the Patents made out there, if approved.

The Numbers of Families propoſed to form the firſt Settlement are 4000, who are to march in two Diviſions, and are to compoſe two Cities or Towns, for the more Convenience of laying out the Land round each: They will be laid out upon the River, and every Advantage taken, both with reſpect to the Navigation and Situation.

This Colony will be ſo advantageouſly ſituated, with reſpect to the eaſy Navigation to the Weſt-Indies, that the Inhabitants will be able to tranſport their Commodities in a few Days, That is to ſay, Thoſe that are in Demand, viz. Lumber, Live-ſtock, Pork, Beef and Flour, many of which Articles they may raiſe the firſt Year, beſides ſome for Great-Britain, particularly Tobacco, which, in that rich Soil, is eaſily cultivated, and turns out to great Advantage.

But, as the Articles of Produce are taken Notice of in a Work which will be ſhortly publiſhed for that Purpoſe, I ſhall omit it here; every Family muſt have two Draught-Oxen, all Sorts of Breeding-Stock, and every Kind of farming Utenſils: The Colony will march from Philadelphia, and proper Notice will be given in the public Papers, with reſpect to the Time the Coloniſts are to meet: The Grants for the Land will be given before they march from Philadelphia: Upon the Delivery of the Patents, each Family muſt pay Five Pounds, which is alſo to be laid out in Proviſions for the March, as many People will omit providing thoſe Articles, from the great Diſtance they will have to come to Philadelphia.

Great Encouragement will be given to Millwrights, Wheelwrights, Houſe Carpenters, Ship Carpenters, Blackſmiths, &c. Ships will be provided at Philadelphia to tranſport the Artificers, Tools, farming Utenſils, Proviſions and Seed-Corn.

Thoſe who are determined to embrace this Opportunity, are deſired to ſend their Names to the undermentioned Perſons in the different Provinces within the Time mentioned, viz.

Pennſylvania, { to Mr. WILLIAM DUNLAP, in Philadelphia. / to MATTHIAS SLOUGH, Eſq; in Lancaſter.

Boſton Government, and Governments to the Eaſtward, to Colonel WILLIAM GRIDLEY.

Connecticut, to Brigadier LYMAN.

Rhode-Iſland, to Colonel BABCOCK.

New-York, to Mr. GARRET NOEL.

New-Jerſey, { Eaſtern Diviſion, to Mr. HUDE, at New-Brunſwick. / Weſtern Diviſion, to JOHN LAWRENCE, Eſq; in Burlington.

Maryland, to WILLIAM NICHOLSON, Eſq; at Newtown.

Virginia, to BENJAMIN YOUNG, Eſq;

North-Carolina,

South-Carolina,

T. WEBB, Lieut. of the 48th Regiment, one of the Propoſaliſts.

N. B. All Perſons are deſired to pay Poſtage that ſend Letters to any of the above Gentlemen, or they will not be regarded.

Whereas frequent Complaints have been made concerning the Article, known by the Name of Crumb-creek Scythe Stones, this may ſerve to inform the Publick, that they have been impoſed upon by Perſons not ſkilled in the Buſineſs of making ſaid Stones; for there are many Quarries in the Neighbourhood that reſemble thoſe of the right Kind, which, upon Trial, will not anſwer the End; and as the Subſcriber has in his Poſſeſſion the only Quarry yet found out that is of the right Sort, and as he has followed the Buſineſs many Years, all Shopkeepers, and others, that are deſirous to be ſupplied with good Stones, are cautioned to be careful that they be ſupplied with thoſe of his make only; but if they will take thoſe of others, they muſt blame themſelves if they are diſappointed. Any Perſon may be ſupplied, by applying to the Subſcriber, living at Crumb-Creek, near John M'Ilvain's Mill. JAMES M'ILHENNY. ¶

NOTICE is hereby once more given, That there are in Eaſton Goal, in the County of Northampton, Two Negroe Men, and one Woman, with a Male Child, of about 3 Years old. One of ſaid Men gives himſelf the Name of Spencer Lake, and ſays he run away from one John Pennel, in Maryland, who had hired him of his Maſter Col. Palmer. The others Names unknown, being New Negroes, and ſpeaking little or no Engliſh. It is ſuppoſed, by what can be learned from them, that they run-away from Schenectady, or thereabouts. The Maſters or Owners of ſaid Negroes are deſired to come and pay their Charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be ſold for the ſame, by the Sixteenth of May next, without further Notice, by

JACOB BACHMAN, Jail-keeper. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN on Sunday the 10th Inſtant, from the Subſcriber, living in Buckingham, Bucks County, a likely brown Horſe, 8 or 9 Years old, about 14 Hands and a Half high, with a pretty large Star in his Forehead, a mealy Noſe and Breech, and is ſhod only before; he has a handſome Feather on each Side of his Neck, a looſe Mane, and is middling ſhortly docked, he paces and trots pretty wide. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Horſe, ſo that the Owner may have him again, with the Perſon who ſtole him, ſhall be intitled to Three Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, or Thirty Shillings for the Horſe only, from me JOHN BROWN.

N. B. The Perſon ſuſpected to have ſtolen him, is thought to wear bluiſh Cloaths. †

Wants a PLACE,

A WOMAN with a very good Breaſt of Milk. Enquire at the New Printing-Office. ✿

WHEREAS one Robert White, a Taylor, eloped from Mill-creek Hundred, in the County of New-Caſtle, on or about the 15th of March laſt, and, to defraud his Creditors of their juſt Debts, carried off with him an Apprentice Lad, bound to him for ſeven Years, the Indenture bearing Date the 13th of Auguſt, 1760, named Samuel Woods, about 16 Years of Age, of a tall ſlender Growth, has pretty long fair Hair, and long Viſage. Whoever ſecures ſaid Robert White in any Goal, ſo as he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by the Subſcriber, living in New-London Townſhip, Cheſter County. ¶ GEORGE CURREY.

N. B. All Perſons are hereby forewarned not to purchaſe the remaining Time of ſaid Samuel Woods's Apprenticeſhip from ſaid Robert White, as he is bound only to ſaid White, and not to his Aſſigns.

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing upwards of 200 Acres of good Land, in a very pleaſant Situation, about 6 Miles from the Head of Elk River, and three from Newark, near a great Road leading from Chriſtiana Bridge to Nottingham, and on a great Road leading from the Head of Elk to the Heart of Cheſter County. There is on ſaid Land a good Stone Dwelling-houſe, with Barn, Stables, and other Houſes convenient for a Farmer; two good bearing Orchards, a conſiderable Quantity of good Meadow, and about 50 Acres of Wheat in the Ground. The Fences are in good Repair, the Land remarkable for good Paſture, and the Title indiſputable, for Terms of Sale, apply to the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes. DANIEL ALEXANDER. ¶

To be SOLD by

WILLIAM SITGREAVES,

At his Store, in Market-ſtreet, and oppoſite the London Coffee-Houſe,

A Quantity of good Starch, in large or ſmall Kegs, fit for Exportation, or Home Conſumption; with a Parcel of Raiſins in Kegs, Iron Pots, choice Powder, 8 d. and 10 d. Nails, Ozenbrigs, Checks, Iriſh Linens, Ruſſia and Iriſh Sheeting, Dowlas, Heſſians, brown Rolls, and other coarſe Linens, with a good Aſſortment of Pewter, and a large Variety of other Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

WANTED,

A NEGROE Ship-carpenter, who can be well recommended for his Workmanſhip, Honeſty and Sobriety. Any Perſon having ſuch a One to diſpoſe of, by enquiring at the New Printing-Office, may hear of a Perſon that will give a Price ſuitable.

N. B. A great Price may be had for a Negroe Joiner or Houſe-carpenter, who can be well recommended, as above.

WHEREAS it has been publiſhed in this Paper, for ſome Time paſt, for all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of William Smith, late of Chriſtiana Bridge, deceaſed, to make Payment, but few Perſons have paid any Regard thereto; further Notice is here given, and all Perſons indebted are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame immediately; and thoſe having Demands, to bring in their Accounts. Likewiſe thoſe who ſtand indebted to the Adminiſtrators for Goods bought at the deceaſed's Vendue, are requeſted to make Payment, there being Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate that muſt be paid off by GEORGE ADAMS, DONALDSON YEATES, Executors

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber above 6 Months, are here noticed to ſettle the ſame with him, otherwiſe expect to be troubled. ⊕ 8 W. GEORGE ADAMS.

PUBLIC Notice is once more given to ſuch as are indebted to the Managers of the Leacock Lottery, that they immediately pay the ſame to the reſpective Managers from whom they had Tickets, or they will be ſued, without any further Notice.

N. B. Thoſe who are indebted to Robert Long, of Leacock, by Bond, Note, or otherwiſe, are requeſted alſo ſpeedily to come and ſettle the ſame; or they alſo may expect to be proceeded againſt as the Law directs. ¶

April 13, 1763.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of John Blackwood, late of the Northern Liberties, deceaſed, by Note or Book Debts, are deſired to pay at or before the 10th of May next, or expect to be proceeded againſt as the Law directs. And all who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be ſettled and paid by

‖ JANE BLACKWOOD, Executrix.

STRAYED from the Plantation of Chriſtian Herman, of Heidelberg Townſhip, in the County of Northampton, on the ſecond of October laſt paſt, a Sorrel pacing Mare, about 5 Years old, with a ſmall Ball in her Forehead; ſhe is Hip-ſhot on her near Hip, branded on her off Side G R. She had on a large Bell, with a Leather Strap. Whoever takes up the ſaid Mare, and brings her to Drinker's Mill, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ CHRISTIAN HERMAN.

Kennet, April 11, 1763.

TO be ſold, by public Vendue, on the 2d Day of May next, by the Subſcriber, a valuable Plantation, in the Townſhip aforeſaid, containing about 120 Acres, 60 whereof cleared, 12 Acres of good Meadow, chiefly watered, and in very good Repair, on which is erected a good ſquare Log-houſe and Kitchen, and Weaver's Shop of Stone; a tolerable Log-barn, a very good and large Orchard. The Title indiſputable. The Purchaſer paying Part in Hand, and giving Security, if required, ſhall have a reaſonable Time for the Remainder. At ſaid Time and Place will be ſold, a Crop of Wheat and Rye in the Ground, and ſundry Articles, too tedious to mention. The Vendue to begin at 10 o'Clock ſaid Day, where Attendance will be given by ⊕ ENOCH EACHUS.

PHILIP FITZSIMONS,

TAKES this Method to inform the Public, that he is lately moved from Providence Townſhip, to the Sign of the Buck, on Reading Town Road, formerly kept by Chriſtian Gamelin, 20 Miles from Philadelphia, the Buildings very commodious, and a Stream of good Water by the Door, renders it a pleaſant and convenient Stage. All Gentlemen Travellers, and others, that will favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on good Entertainment from their humble Servant PHILP FITZSIMONS

He has now, and intends to keep hereafter, an Aſſortment of Goods, ſuitable for the Country, which he will ſell very cheap, and will give the higheſt Price for Butter, Gammons, and Bees Wax. There has been with the Cattle of ſaid Fitzſimons ſince laſt June, a Year old Heifer. Any Perſon proving their Property, and paying the Charges, may have her again. ⊕

RUN away from Anthony Hull, living at the Sign of the Ship and Caſtle, in Front-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, on the Tenth of this inſtant April, in the Evening, a Servant Woman, named Margaret Shaw, about Forty Years of Age; ſhe is blind of an Eye, much Pock-marked, and of a ſandy Complexion: Had on a dark Calimancoe Gown, Silk Handkerchief, Check Apron, and old Shoes and Stockings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo as her Maſter may have her again, ſhall receive Ten Shillings, if taken in Town; and Twenty Shillings Reward, if out of Town, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ ANTHONY HULL.

To be SOLD or LEASED,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Douglaſs Townſhip, in the County of Berks, about a Mile from Colebrookdale Furnace, and 6 Miles from Pottſgrove, containing 150 Acres of Land, of which between 80 and 90 Acres are cleared, the reſt Woodland. There are 20 Acres of choice good mowable Meadow on the Premiſes, which can all be watered by one Spring of Water. The ſaid Plantation is accommodated with two bearing Orchards. There is a good Lime Pit, and a new Kiln on the Premiſes. The whole is ſuitable for a Tavern, as it lies on the Great Road from Philadelphia to Reading. For theſe ſeven Years paſt a public Houſe has been kept on the above Plantation. Whoever inclines to purchaſe or leaſe the ſame, is deſired to apply to the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes. ‡ DERRICK CLEVER.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of James Bell, late of Trenton, in New-Jerſey, deceaſed, either by Bond, Bill or Book Debt, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment: And thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted, by ELIZABETH BELL, ALEXANDER CHAMBERS, JOHN CHAMBERS, Execut. †

CAME to the Plantation of Peter Backer, now living in Leacock Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the 7th of this Inſtant April, an Iron grey Mare, 5 Years old, marked on the right Ear, and her near hind Foot white, and Saddle marked on both Sides. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. ♂ PETER BACKER.

STOLEN out of the Stable of Thomas Pim, of Eaſt Caln, Cheſter County, the Night of the 7th of this inſtant April, a white Horſe, ſix Years old, 14 Hands high, with a Switch Tail, paces and trots, is apt to rear when mounted, ſhod before, and not known whether branded or not, thin of Fleſh. Whoever takes up ſaid Horſe, and gives Notice to the aforeſaid Thomas Pim, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings; and for the Thief and Horſe Three Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by THOMAS PIM, or WILLIAM BOGGS. ¶

To be SOLD,

BY way of public Vendue, on Friday, the 22d of April, on the Premiſes, a certain Meſſuage, Tenement and Piece of Land, containing about 120 Acres, 15 of which are Meadow Ground, the Remainder being partly cleared, and under Fence, a ſmall Orchard and remarkably good Spring near the Houſe, ſituate Part in Merion, and Part in Blockley Townſhip, about ſix Miles from this City, and adjoining the Lands of William Roberts, Capt. Crookſhanks, Thomas Vaughan, and Alexander Crookſhanks. Any Perſon that chooſes to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply to Lewis Jones, near the Place, and know the Terms, or to the Subſcribers, in this City. JOSEPH STRETCH, and ENOCH STORY, Adminiſtrators to the Eſtate of Richard Pearne, Eſq; deceaſed.

THE Sale of the Lot and Houſe, late in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Walker, deceaſed, being ſeveral Times adjourned, is now fixed to be ſold at the London Coffee-houſe, on Friday, the 22d of April, at Five o'Clock in the Evening, by public Vendue; it is pleaſantly ſituated in Spring-Garden, on the Verge of the City of Philadelphia; the Lot contains three Acres and a Quarter, on which is a Dwelling-houſe, Stable, and ſeveral Outhouſes, a fine Stream of Water running by one End of it; it is free from Groundrent, and very ſuitable for a Gentleman's Seat, a Tanner, Brewer or Butcher, and muſt now, in order to ſettle Accounts, be abſolutely ſold.

Weſt-Caln, Cheſter County, March 12, 1763.

ON the 25th of April next, will be expoſed to Sale, by way of public Vendue, about 30 or 40 Lots or Pieces of Land, containing 66 Feet front, and 165 Feet back; theſe Lots lie on both Sides the Great Road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, between the Sign of the Waggon, and William Gingan's, Eſq; at the New Brewhouſe and Malthouſe, being about 41 Miles from Philadelphia, 25 from Lancaſter, and 27 from Wilmington; there were 110 Lots laid out for a Town in ſaid Place, and the reſt being ſold, the remaining 30 or 40 will be ſold either on Ground-rent, or may be purchaſed off, as may beſt ſuit. There is Plenty of good Stone, Lime, Timber, Sand, and Water, very handy for building, as any Town in this Province. This Town was firſt advertiſed in February, 1762. PETER BUFFINGTON ✿

TO be ſold at public Vendue, on the 25th Day of April next, on the Premiſes, a Tract of Land, lying in Burlington County, in the Townſhip of Hanover, about 14 Miles from Burlington, and 10 from Mountholly, containing near 700 Acres, to be divided into three equal Parts, all well watered and timbered. On one there is a good Houſe, and on another an Orchard. Said Tract of Land joins Joſeph Lamb's. The Vendue to begin at Ten o' Clock, when the Conditions will be made known by

JOSEPH LEONARD.

N. B. To be ſold at ſame time, another Piece of Land, chiefly Meadow Ground. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the ſame, by applying to JOSEPH BIDDLE junior, living near the Place.

To be RUN for,

At CHRISTINE FERRY, on the third Day of May,

A SUBSCRIPTION Purſe of TEN POUNDS, by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, full Blood excepted; to run the two Mile Heats, and repeat the Heats; each Horſe to carry nine Stone; Entrance Money Ten Shillings, if entered two Days before the Race is run, or Twenty Shillings at the Poſt. The Entrance Money to be run for the next Day, by any Horſe that never has run for more than Forty Shillings. Entrance Money to be paid to DANIEL M'LONIN, in New-Caſtle, CORNELIUS TOBIN, or DANIEL TURNER, at Chriſtine Ferry. ⊕

TO be ſold by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on the Firſt Day of May next, or any Time before, at private Sale, a valuable Tract of Land, ſituate, lying and being in Hunterdon County, in the Province of New-Jerſey, within two Miles of Princetown, whereon are a good Stone Dwelling-houſe, good Orchard, a large Quantity of good Meadow Ground, and more may be made; a ſuitable Quantity of cleared Land, in good Fence, the Remainder exceedingly well timbered, and the whole conveniently watered. The Farm contains about 110 Acres, adjoining the Plantation whereon the Subſcriber lives, from which an Addition of 50 or 100 Acres will be made to the other Farm, if the Purchaſer ſhould chuſe it. An indiſputable Title will be given by

SAMUEL STOCKTON.

TO be ſold by publick Vendue, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, purſuant to an Act of the General Aſſembly of Virginia, for enlarging the Town of Alexandria, 58 Lots, or Half Acres of Land. This Town is beautifully ſituated near the Falls of Patowmack, one of the fineſt Rivers in North-America; it affords good Navigation for the largeſt Ships in Europe up to the Town, where there is an excellent Harbour. The Country back is very extenſive, and the Soil capable of producing Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Flax, Hemp, &c. in great Perfection. Its equal Convenience for tranſporting any Commodity to the Waters of the Ohio, is obvious to any One that will give himſelf the Trouble of examining the Draughts of the Country.

JOHN CARLYLE, Treaſurer.

CHOICE old Shrub, made of ſound Lemons, and by an experienced Hand, in large and ſmall Quantities, to be ſold by JOHN MIFFLIN, in Second-ſtreet, below the Bridge. Tbc.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, and D. HALL, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

April 28, 1763. NUMB. 1792.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the HALIFAX PACKET, Captain BOULDERSON, arrived at New-York, in a ſhort Paſſage from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.

B E R L I N, January 22.

THE preparations for the enſuing campaign are going on, as well here as in Saxony; though all the letters from Leipzig mention, that it was believed the conferences at Hubertſbourg would end happily.

Hague, Jan. 25. The French Commandant in Weſel has renewed with the Pruſſians, for an unlimited time, a ſuſpenſion of hoſtilities on the Lower Rhine.

Warſaw, Jan. 2. Prince Charles of Courland having refuſed to ſuffer the Ruſſian troops to winter in that Dutchy, and having openly declared an oppoſition to the Czarina's intentions, that Princeſs has ſequeſtrated all the revenues of Courland and Semigallia.

Jan. 11. The Empreſs of Ruſſia having ſequeſtred the revenues of Courland, and the States of the country having on the 25th paſt declared their readineſs to acknowledge the Duke de Biren for their maſter, a part of Prince Charles's court immediately left Mittau, and arrived here the 1ſt inſtant. His Royal Highneſs, perceiving his ſtay there would be uſeleſs, and might even be dangerous, left it ſoon after, and came here incog. the 5th inſtant. It is expected that, to preſerve his rights, he will enter a ſolemn proteſt againſt his diſpoſſeſſion.

Ratiſbon, Jan. 30. This day a meſſage from the Emperor was delivered to the Dyet, permitting the States to withdraw their contingents from the army of the Empire, and to obſerve a neutrality during the remainder of the war.

Franconia, Jan. 12. This day notice was given to the Saxon troops under Prince Xavier, that they are again entered into the pay of their own Sovereign. They are at preſent on their march to winter in the biſhoprick of Wurtzbourg.

Hamburgh, Jan. 25. The terms of peace which the King of Pruſſia inſiſts on are, 1. That the county of Glatz ſhall be ceded to him. 2. The Empreſs Queen ſhall pay a ſum, to be agreed on, to the King of Poland, and his Majeſty will cede to the Empreſs Queen a portion of the upper quarter of Gueldres. 3. The King of Pruſſia, as Elector, will give his vote for the Archduke Joſeph to be King of the Romans; and for the reſt, all things ſhall be put on the footing they were before the war.

Cologn, Jan. 24. We are aſſured, that in conſequence of meaſures concerted by the Courts of Verſailles and London, the tranquility of the Lower Rhine will not be diſturbed, even if the negotiation between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin ſhould vaniſh into ſmoke.

Ratiſbon, Jan. 20. This day a Decret de Commiſſion was dictated by the Miniſter of Mentz, by which the Emperor acquaints the Dyet, that the Queen of Hungary, for the ſake of peace, was willing to forego the advantages accruing to her from the concluſion of 1757, by which the war againſt the King of Pruſſia was adopted by the States of the Empire, and diſpenſes them from furniſhing the ſuccours thereby granted; and that his Imperial Majeſty thereupon conſents to their taking ſuch meaſures as may re-eſtabliſh the public tranquility, &c.

Hague, Feb. 1. Some letters from Berlin ſay, that it is the general opinion there, that the peace between Pruſſia and Saxony is concluded; and that with the Empreſs Queen in great forwardneſs.

Verſailles, Jan. 28. This week arrived a courier from Vienna. It is ſaid that the Empreſs Queen aſks the interpoſition of our Monarch's good offices with the King of Pruſſia, to prevail with him to accept of the terms offered.

Ratiſbon, Jan. 27. The attention of the Public is wholly engroſſed by the conferences at Hubertſbourg; the accounts of which differ from day to day. Three days ago it was ſaid, that the King of Pruſſia demanded not only all Sileſia, but alſo all Luſatia; and inſiſted on the ceſſion of ſome diſtricts in Bohemia to the King of Poland, by way of indemnification; upon which the conferences were broke off.

Yeſterday it was reported, that preliminaries of peace between the Empreſs Queen and the King of Pruſſia were ſigned at Hubertſbourg on the 19th; and that a courier, diſpatched with a copy of them to the Court of Vienna, paſſed through Dreſden on the 20th. What truth there is in this time will ſhew.

Langenſaltz, Jan. 26. We would fain perſuade ourſelves that the reſtoration of peace in Germany is at no great diſtance; for we have advice, that the Pruſſian garriſon of Leipſic is ordered to be ready to march out on the ſhorteſt notice; that directions are given for removing the magazines from that city to Torgau and Brandebourg, for which purpoſe the waggons and horſes are already ordered; and that the forage that is either contracted for, or exacted by way of contribution, is to be ſent not to Leipſic, but to Halle.

Francfort, Jan. 29. Many people are firmly perſuaded, that a peace will be concluded this winter between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin: They ſay, that the Courts of Vienna and Dreſden muſt be ſenſible, that if the King has made head for ſeveral years againſt ſo many enemies, it will be eaſy for him to maintain his ground againſt the forces of the Houſe of Auſtria alone.

Berlin, Jan. 25. We flatter ourſelves that we are at the eve of a peace. What confirms this hope is, that orders are iſſued from the war office for preparing quarters for troops, and ſending proviſions to open towns; and a large convoy of warlike ſtores, with new cloathing for the army, that was to be ſent to Saxony, is countermanded.

Saxony, Jan. 26. Though the delivery of recruits and forage, and the payment of contributions ſtill continue, our hopes of a ſpeedy peace increaſe. A convoy of artillery was ſent from Leipſic on the 22d, and was followed next day by a part of the garriſon. The King's guard has orders to march on the 1ſt of February.

Francfort, Jan. 25. One principal object of the negociation at Hubertſbourg is the election of a King of the Romans. We make no doubt of the conferences ending happily.

Hamburgh, Feb. 1. Letters from Hanover of the 28th ult. mention, that a detachment of the troops lately known by the name of the Britiſh Legion, at preſent in the ſervice of Pruſſia, who were eſcorting a foreign Miniſter, made an attempt to ſeize Munſter; but M. de la Chevalerie, who commands there, fired on them, and made them keep off: The Pruſſians having again attempted to croſs the ditch on the ice, in order to ſcale the ramparts, they were ſaluted with a volley of cannon-ſhot, which made them drop their deſign.

Berlin, Feb. 1. Some days ago, orders were iſſued by his Pruſſian Majeſty for the quartering of his troops in his own dominions; and the lodgings for the officers, that are to be in garriſon here are actually marked.

They are repairing the barracks at Potſdam, and other places; and the King of Pruſſia is expected here before the middle of next month.

From theſe circumſtances many people here are of opinion, that peace is actually concluded between the Empreſs Queen, the King of Pruſſia, and the Elector of Saxony, though the conditions are kept ſecret.

Milan, Jan. 14. If a peace ſhould be concluded between the courts of Vienna and Berlin, the ſale of the Empreſs Queen's lands in the Ferrareſe to the court of Rome, will not take place.

Naples, Jan. 18. Yeſterday M. de Durford, the French Ambaſſador, gave a grand entertainment, on occaſion of the Preliminaries of Peace being ſigned, to the Engliſh and Portugueſe Miniſters; to which all the other foreign Miniſters, and ſeveral Ladies of high diſtinction, were invited.

Hanover, Feb. 5. The time of his Britannic Majeſty's viſit to his German dominions, to take poſſeſſion of this Electorate, and receive the homage of his ſubjects here, will not be fixed till the Definitive treaty be ſigned.

Paris, Feb. 7. An ordinance is juſt publiſhed, dated the 21ſt of December laſt, by which the King declares that his Cavalry ſhall, for the future, in time of war, or in time of peace, conſiſt of no more than 30 regiments, beſides the Count de Provence's Carabineers; each regiment being compoſed of eight companies, and four ſquadrons; and each company conſiſting of 52 men, officers and trumpets included.

Vienna, Feb. 2. We have had great talk of a Peace, but the ſubject is now dropt. Expreſſes, however, are daily received and ſent away, but preparations for war, inſtead of being ſuſpended, ſeem to be carried on with greater diligence than ever. In the villages the men are impreſſed to complete our regiments, which, we hope, will be all full by the end of this month.

Franconia, Feb. 8. The Elector Palatine has withdrawn his contingent of 2000 men from the army of the Empire.

Berlin, Feb. 8. All military preparations are ſtopt. The regiments that are to garriſon the places in Pruſſia, and on the Lower Rhine, will march forthwith out of Saxony. Thoſe which are quartered in Pomerania, and in the Marches of Brandenbourg, cannot move ſo ſoon, but muſt probably remain till the rivers are thawed; ſo that it is doubted whether Saxony can be totally evacuated before the end of next month.

Hague, Feb. 19. His Excellency Sir Joſeph Yorke, the Britiſh Miniſter, received lately a Courier from Germany, with the News that a Peace is actually ſigned between the Courts of Vienna, Berlin, and Dreſden.

L O N D O N, February 3.

By a letter from Goree there is advice, that only ten private men and a ſerjeant were blown up in the fortification of that place, and that the Governor's houſe, which lies on an eminence, at a ſmall diſtance from the fort, received no damage.

Letters from Hamburgh inform us, that freſh broils are expected between the Courts of Peterſburgh and Warſaw, relative to the dutchy of Courland. The Memorial on this ſubject, which the Senate of Poland has ſent to the Czarina, is couched in very ſtrong and pathetic terms; and it is ſaid that the Poles are determined to intereſt themſelves in favour of Prince Charles, and to ſupport his right to the dutchy by force, if matters cannot be amicably accommodated.

Some differences have ariſen between the Republic of Holland and the Elector Palatine, on account of money owing by his Electoral Highneſs to ſome perſons at Ravenſtein, for which the States General were bound; but it is hoped that this affair will be made up.

The laſt letters from Vienna adviſe, that a perſon of confidence was to be ſoon ſent to the Court of London; but that the object of his miſſion was not known.

We hear that Sir Ellis Cunliffe, Bart. is appointed one of the Lords of Trade and Plantations.

Feb. 5. Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs prince William Henry took the oaths in the Court of Chancery, to qualify himſelf for his poſt of ranger of Hampton-court park [in the room of his aunt, the Princeſs Amelia.]

It is ſaid that the reigning Prince of Mecklenbourg Strelitz, the Queen's brother, will be appointed regent of the Electorate of Hanover.

The Friendſhip, Capt. M'Neil, from Gibraltar to the Weſt Indies, was taken by two privateers, one French, and the other Spaniſh; upon which, as both boarded her, a diſpute aroſe betwixt them, whoſe prize ſhe ſhould be, and in the interim a Jack Tar ſtepped down below, and ſet fire to her, to end the conteſt, and they had juſt time enough to ſave themſelves.

They write from Bayonne, that the ſeverity of the froſt had forced the wolves and other wild beaſts to come down in whole troops, from the Pyrenean mountains into the adjoining villages and towns, ravaging and devouring every thing they met with; which obliged the peaſants to be under arms day and night on their defence.

It was yeſterday reported that a Newfoundland ſhip, a Virginia man, and a large ſhip, bound to the Havanna, are all taken, and carried into Vigo.

Extract of a Letter from Hamburgh, Jan. 25.

"Whatever may be the iſſue of the negotiation between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, it is confidently ſaid that a ſeparate accommodation will be concluded between the Courts of Dreſden and Berlin. It is determined, we are told, that the Saxon troops which were lately in the pay of France, ſhall not go into the Empreſs Queen's ſervice, but into that of their own Sovereign, who is to bring them into Poland, the Senate of Poland having acquainted the King, that they will ſupport Prince Charles's juſt claim to Courland: But it is imagined that the good will and the efforts of the Poles on this occaſion will be fruitleſs, the Czarina having declared, that ſhe has ſtrong and juſt reaſons for putting the Duke de Biren in poſſeſſion of Courland, and ſupporting him in it."

Letters from Vienna, received at the Hague laſt Sunday, import, That they hoped to hear, in leſs than a fortnight, that peace was concluded with Pruſſia; that they were encouraged in this hope, not only by the diſpoſition of the Empreſs Queen to peace, but by the declaration of the King of Poland, That he deſired above all things to ſee an end put to the differences between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, whether he himſelf ſhould receive any indemnification or not.

Extract of a letter from Vienna, Jan. 15.

"Frequent couriers paſs between this place and Leipſic and Verſailles. M. Collenbach, our Miniſter at the Conferences of Hubertſbourg, writes, that the King of Pruſſia has declared, 1. That he will ſign no Preliminaries; but have all things ſettled at once, and ſign a Definitive Treaty as ſoon as the conditions are ſettled. 2. That he will not part with one foot of territory in Sileſia. And, 3. That he inſiſts on the places belonging to him on the Lower Rhine being reſtored with the concurrence of the Courts of London and Verſailles. Freſh inſtructions have been ſent to M. Collenbach; and notwithſtanding the numerous armies which the Houſe of Auſtria will be able to ſend into the field next campaign, that Miniſter is enjoined to uſe his utmoſt endeavours to accommodate matters with his Pruſſian Majeſty. The exact neutrality which the Czarina has declared ſhe will obſerve during the preſent war, hath principally induced the Empreſs Queen to ſend theſe pacific orders; her Majeſty is now ſatisfied that ſhe hath nothing to expect from Ruſſia but good offices."

Letters from Holland received yeſterday by eminent merchants pretend, that preliminaries between the Empreſs Queen and the King of Pruſſia are actually ſigned.

But letters from Leipſick, received at the Hague laſt Wedneſday, contradict all theſe accounts; and add, that there will, in all probability, be another campaign.

We hear that it is propoſed to keep ſtanding eighty three regiments of foot of 500 men each; of which thirteen will be kept in Great Britain; thirty-eight in Ireland ſix (on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment) in Minorca; ſix (on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment) at Gibraltar; and Twenty in America and the Weſt Indies.

Sunday morning, at eleven, the Marquis of Granby landed at Dover, from on board the Hanover packet boat, in perfect health, and immediately ſet out for London.

Feb. 7. The New Swallow, Capt. Gardiner from Boſton, is arrived at Briſtol.

Yeſterday the Marquis of Granby attended his ſervice in Parliament, and received the compliments of the Members, on his recovery from his late indiſpoſition, and on his ſafe arrival in England.

Feb. 8. Yeſterday morning the prize money taken at the Havannah, and brought home in his Majeſty's ſhip Namur, arrived at the Bank, in eight waggons.

James Napier, Eſq; is appointed to be Inſpector General of the regimental infirmaries, and Chief Director of the hoſpitals for the uſe of his Majeſty's land forces in North America.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Jan. 28.

"On a complaint made to the King of England by the Duke de Choiſeuil, that a frigate in the ſervice of the Eaſt-India Company, provided with a paſſport from his Britannic Majeſty, and bound to the Iſles of France with diſpatches, had been ſtopt by an Engliſh veſſel, and carried into Plymouth, under pretext that the King's licence was not ſufficient, and that ſhe ought to have had a paſs from the Admiralty of England; the Court of London ordered the veſſel to be diſcharged, and left the puniſhment of the Captain who detained her, to the King of France; his Majeſty referred it to the Duke de Choiſeuil, and the Duke has left it to be decided by the Eaſt India Company."

Feb. 10. The firſt inſtant ſailed from Cork the Virginia fleet, under convoy of the Goſport, and ſeveral other men of war, for London.

By letters from Madrid we are told, that an order was gone to Cadiz for the ſailing of an expreſs veſſel to St. Auguſtine, with orders for the Governor and his garriſon to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark for St. Domingo.

The Hercules, Jump, a tranſport from New-York, foundered the 2d inſtant 10 leagues weſt of Scilly. The crew were ſaved.

Letters from Hamburgh, by yeſterday's mail, inform us, that they hourly expected to hear that either the conferences at Hubertſbourg were broke off, or that a treaty was ſigned; the King of Pruſſia having cauſed it to be declared to the Auſtrian Miniſter, That the Empreſs Queen had but two parts to take, either to accept of the conditions offered, or to continue the war.

Theſe letters add, that a ſeparate accommodation between the Courts of Berlin and Dreſden was looked upon as certain.

Letters from Saxony alſo ſay, that a treaty between the Kings of Pruſſia and Poland was as good as concluded; and that the former intereſts himſelf warmly to procure ample indemnification to the latter at the expence of the Houſe of Auſtria.

The King of Poland's Miniſter at the Hague has preſented a Memorial to the States General, requeſting the interpoſition of the good offices of their High Mightineſſes with the Empreſs of Ruſſia, in favour of Prince Charles.

The French King, moved by the diſtreſſes of the family of Saxony, has given Prince Clement the reverſion, upon the death of the Count de Clermont, of the abbey of St. Germain l'Auxerrois.

Letters from Paris of the 28th mention, that the definitive treaty encountered ſuch difficulties, that there was a talk of ſending over another Miniſter to aſſiſt the Duke de Nivernois.

Feb. 12. Letters from Hanover mention, that the Pruſſian Eſcorte of the late Britiſh Legion, attempted to ſurprize Munſter, by marching over the frozen foſſes round that city; but the Commandant ordering the guns upon the ramparts to be fired upon them, they were diſperſed: The reaſon of that attempt was not known.

Letters from Madrid bring advice, that the King of Spain had appointed the Prince de Oſſeron his Ambaſſdor to the King of Great Britain, and that he was making great preparations for his journey hither.

Divers letters from different parts of Spain bring an account, that their ſea ports were at laſt open for the free importation of Britiſh commodities, which had given infinite joy.

The Marquis of Granby being fatigued with his journey, did not wait on the King till yeſterday. He was moſt graciouſly received, and continued for ſome time in conference with his Majeſty.

Private letters from Madrid inform us, that his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Act of Ceſſion, in reſpect to the countries weſtward of

the Miſſiſippi, is expected, and will make the concluſion of the Definitive Treaty highly acceptable.

It was ſaid yeſterday, that the Definitve Treaty between Great Britain, France, and Spain, was actually ſigned.

It is ſaid that among the regiments lately diſbanded in France, are thoſe of Lord Ogilvie and the Duke de Fitz-James's horſe; the latter was looked upon as one of the fineſt corps in the French ſervice.

On the Marquis of Granby's arrival at Canterbury, on Sunday afternoon, eſcorted by a party of light horſe, all the bells in the city were ſet a ringing, and his Lordſhip was waited on at the King's head by the Mayor and aldermen.

The letters by this day's mail agree, that the account of preliminaries being ſigned between the Courts of Auſtria, Pruſſia, and Saxony, on the 19th ult. was premature.

We have received advice, that the Empreſs Queen has ceded the greateſt part of her Italian dominions to Don Lewis of Spain, who is to marry one of the Archdutcheſſes of Auſtria.

Feb. 15. The letters by this day's mail bring nothing poſitive relative to the negotiation between the houſes of Auſtria and Brandeburgh.

They write from Paris, that ſome of their politicians have taken it into their heads, that Mr. Stanley's late errand to Paris was to remonſtrate againſt the great number of regular forces which the French court propoſes to ſend to the Weſt Indies; and they pretend, that in conſequence of his repreſentations, the number of thoſe troops will be reduced to ſeven or eight battalions.

The King of Pruſſia hath appointed Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick, late Commander in Chief of the Allied Army, to be the Governor of Magdebourg.

It is ſaid that an expreſs arrived early yeſterday morning, with the news of the Definitive Treaty being ſigned by the reſpective Plenipotentiaries on Thurſday the 10th inſt.

If a peace take place this winter in Germany, the Genoeſe propoſe to hire a large body of Auſtrians to ſerve in Corſica.

The Wilſon, Lee, from Virginia, is on ſhore at Erith; but will be got off after being lightened.

The diviſion of the money taken ſeems to afford great diſcontent; and it is a wide diſparity, if one Commander is to have 70,000l. to his ſhare; while a ſubaltern has only 80l. and 2l. 10s. is all that comes to a private man. Is not this making one man as valuable as near 30,000; and making the lives of ſo many as equivalent only to one?

Feb. 17. We hear that Sir Edward Hawke, for the eminent and never-to-be-forgotten ſervices he did his country in the deſtruction of, and rendering uſeleſs, ſo great a part of the French navy in November 1759, and thereby freeing theſe kingdoms from the terrors of a powerful invaſion; and Sir George Pococke, for the diſtinguiſhed ſervices he did his country in the Eaſt Indies, and in the conqueſt of the Havannah, are both to be made Peers of Great Britain: An honour conferred upon perſons of ſo much merit, cannot but be highly applauded by a brave and grateful people.

Tueſday evening Richard Neville Aldſworth, Eſq; Secretary to the embaſſy to his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, arrived in London with the Definitive Treaty, which was ſigned at Paris on Thurſday laſt, the 10th inſt.

A letter has been ſent to the Lord Mayor from Lord Egremont, Secretary of State, with the news that the treaty was ſigned.

The Gentlemen Lieutenants of the Royal Navy have propoſed to the Lords of the Admiralty, that to provide for near 20,000 ſeamen, who will now be diſcharged, all the King's frigates, armed ſhips, &c. which can be properly converted to this ſervice, be employed, to the Number of 250 ſail, making 125,000 tons of ſhipping, manned with 17,500 ſeamen, and 1500 non-commiſſioned officers, paid by the Government as at preſent, and under the ſame regulations, and entitled to the ſame privileges in the Whale fiſhery at Greenland and Davis's Straits.

From an eſtimate of the gains made by the Dutch in this Fiſhery, it appears that, after all charges, including wear and tare of the ſhips employed, there would be a profit of 100,000l. yearly, beſides eſtabliſhing a nurſery for ſeamen. Employing ſeamen in the Government's pay in this branch, would be leſs injurious to the merchants than employing them in any other, becauſe ſhips in the Greenland fiſhery are obliged to carry three times the number of hands required in coaſting veſſels of equal burthen; and never more than 3000 have been employed in it in any one ſeaſon.

The amount of the national debt on the 5th of January laſt was 122,603,336l. 8s. 2d. farthing, bearing an annual intereſt of 4,409,797l. 13s. 8d.

It is ſaid his Majeſty intends going in ſtate to St. Paul's Cathedral, upon the general thankſgiving for Peace.

Feb. 19. The French Court, ſenſible of the defects of their colony and plantation laws, propoſe to form a new code, modelled on the laws of the Britiſh plantations.

Laſt night, when the Marquis of Granby came into one of the boxes at Covent-Garden Theatre, he was received with the loudeſt acclamations from a crouded audience; which he returned with the utmoſt politeneſs.

The current reports are, that the explanation of ſome articles in the Definitive Treaty, which the Duke of Bedford demanded, were judged by the French King's Council ſo injurious both to the honour and to the intereſt of France, that they unanimouſly declared that they ought not to be granted; but the peremptory manner in which his Grace inſiſted on them, determined his Majeſty, who was deſirous of putting an end to the war, coſt what it would, to command his Miniſters to ſign the treaty, with the explanations required, without regard to the remonſtrances of his Council.

It is alſo ſaid that Richard Neville, Eſq; who brought over the Definitive Treaty, received from the King a preſent of 500l. and that it was ratified by his Majeſty laſt Wedneſday.

In the Hague Gazette of laſt Wedneſday, is the following paragraph, dated from that city. "According to letters from different parts, there is no longer any room to doubt but a treaty of peace between the Courts of Vienna, Berlin and Dreſden, is ſigned. Theſe advices differ, however, about the date of this agreeable event. Till Saxony be entirely evacuated, the Auſtrians are to keep poſſeſſion of Pirna, and the Pruſſians of Torgau."

A private letter from the Hague, dated Feb. 15, ſays, "It is reported that the treaty was to be ſigned at Leipſic on the 1ſt inſt. Laſt Saturday, on the arrival of a courier at Sir Joſeph Yorke's, it was reported that a peace was ſigned between the Courts of Vienna, Berlin, and Dreſden, and that this courier was diſpatched by Mr. Mitchell, to carry the news to London. Several of our Miniſters, and other perſons in power, have alſo received this news; but it is this day aſſured, that no courier has yet paſſed through here for England, though one is hourly expected. It is even ſaid that the peace has been already publiſhed at Cleves, and other towns belonging to the King of Pruſſia, on the Lower Rhine."

It is ſaid, that juſt before the Definitive Treaty was ſigned, the Duke of Bedford had actually diſcharged a meſſenger, with an account of his intending ſhortly to return home, becauſe the French Court had refuſed to comply with the preſent terms of the Treaty; but that the meſſenger was, at the requeſt of the French King, ſent for back; who had thereupon called a Council, and notwithſtanding the proteſt of ſeveral of his Council, he immediately ſigned the Definitive Treaty, agreeable to the terms of our Court.

It is ſaid a proclamation will be ſpeedily iſſued out for proclaiming Peace the 10th of next month.

Whitehall, Feb. 19. On Tueſday night laſt Richard Neville, Eſq; Secretary to his Majeſty's Embaſſy at the court of France, arrived with the Definitive Treaty of Peace, ſigned at Paris on Thurſday the 10th inſt. by his Grace the Duke of Bedford, the Duc de Praſlin, and the Marquis de Grimaldi; Ambaſſadors-extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries on the part of his Majeſty, the Moſt Chriſtian King, and the Catholic King: To which M. de Mello, Ambaſſador and Miniſter-plenipotentiary of his Moſt Faithful Majeſty, acceded the ſame day.

London, Feb. 22. A frigate came into the Jamaica fleet the 13th of January, and acquainted them of a peace; upon which they all left the Hampſhire and Portmahon men of war, their convoy; and there is advice of the ſafe arrival of ſeveral of them in England.

The foot guards are to be reduced to 60 men in each company, and the three battalions that are now abroad, are to be filled to that complement with new recruits.

We hear that ſeveral iniquitous practices have been diſcovered, relating to ſome foreign contracts both for the army and navy, and that a ſtrict inquiry will be made into their accounts.

Yeſterday about noon three waggons, containing 34 boxes, and four caſks of gold and ſilver, landed at Deal out of the Goſport man of war from Virginia, came to the Bank of England, guarded by a large number of ſailors.

They write from the Havannah, that Dr. Winteringham, Phyſician to his Majeſty, and Phyſician General to the army, has ordered all his ſhare of the effects taken at the Havannah, to be divided amongſt the poor ſoldiers. As they riſked their lives, and fought for the conqueſt, he ſaid they ought to reap the advantages of the fatigues and difficulties they had gone through. His ſhare is equal to that of Colonel.

The Coventry frigate, from a cruize, is arrived at Plymouth, and has brought in the Peggy and Elizabeth, Bride, from Virginia, which ſhe retook from the Spaniards.

The Right Hon. Charles Townſhend, Eſq; is appointed Firſt Lord of Trade.

And we hear that Lord Hardwicke will be made Preſident of the Council.

We hear that 15 regiments of foot, leſs than was at firſt propoſed, will be kept on foot during a peace.

The Definitive Treaty between Great Britain, France, Spain, and Portugal, was ſigned at Paris by the reſpective Miniſters in the evening of the 10th inſtant, at the Duke of Bedford's hotel, his Grace being confined by the gout.

Letters from Hamburgh of the 11th inſt. inform us, that it was reported there, that the Pruſſian Miniſter had received an expreſs from Leipſic, with advice that the treaty was ſigned at Leipſic on the 8th; and would be publiſhed in Saxony on the 16th: That the Pruſſians, as well as the Auſtrians, were to evacuate that Electorate in the ſpace of ſix weeks, or two months, at the fartheſt; and that what chiefly accelerated this ſalutary work, was the King of Pruſſia's conſenting to give his vote for the Archduke Joſeph to be King of the Romans; and that the Election of this Prince to that dignity would be immediately ſet about.

No authentic account of Peace being ſigned between the Houſes of Auſtria and Brandebourg, had been received at the Hague on the 17th.

The letters from different parts all ſpoke of it, however, as certain; but varied as to the day of its being ſigned; ſome mentioning the 1ſt, others the 5th, and others the 8th. The principal articles are ſaid to be as follows:

1. The Empreſs Queen ſhall cede to the King of Pruſſia the county of Glatz.

2. The Empreſs ſhall alſo cede to him, for an equivalent in money, the Upper quarter of Gueldres.

3. The King of Pruſſia, as Elector of Brandebourg, ſhall not oppoſe the election of a King of the Romans, and ſhall give his vote for the Archduke Joſeph.

4. All other matters ſhall be put on the ſame footing as before the preſent war.

5. The King of Pruſſia ſhall indemnify the King of Poland in money.

We are informed that every thing in the Eaſt Indies, was ſettled to the entire ſatisfaction of both nations.

We hear that we are to remain in poſſeſſion of Martinico and Guadaloupe 3 months longer, from the 1ſt of April, and to have ſome other conſiderable advantages for 3 months longer after that, till the 1ſt of October.

Feb. 24. At 10 o'clock yeſterday the Princes of Mecklenburgh ſet out from their houſe in Pall-Mall, on their return home.

They write from Barcelona of the 18th ult. that the Spaniards are to keep poſſeſſion of the places they conquered from Portugal till the Engliſh have evacuated the Havanna.

Extract of a Letter from Goree, dated Nov. 1.

"I am ſorry to acquaint you of this news, that on the 15th of October, between the hours of two and three in the afternoon, while we were all ſitting at dinner at the Governor's houſe, about twelve in number, unhappily the magazine in Fort Elizabeth blew up, which had in it above eight thouſand five hundred weight of gunpowder. The Governor's houſe, where we dined, was not above twenty yards from it; but, thank God! none of us were hurt, altho' the greateſt part of the houſe tumbled down about us. The parſon that was ſitting in my room, which was not five yards from it, was killed, and I have loſt all my things except what I had on my back. Two ſentinels ſtanding at the Governor's door were killed. Never was a narrower eſcape known; I believe we had ſeveral people killed and wounded. The Negroe town took fire, and was conſumed in a quarter of an hour."

By private advices from Paris we are informed, that the famous Monſieur Lally had been tried there, for certain miſdemeanors and crimes ſuppoſed by him to have been committed in the Eaſt Indies; but his enemies not being able to make any thing capital appear againſt him, we hear he was honourably acquitted.

The ſum to be raiſed by ſubſcription this year, it is ſaid, will be three millions and one half: Each ſubſcriber of 100l. is to have 80l. in annuities, redeemable at pleaſure, at 4 per cent. and 20l. in two lottery tickets.

The Carolina, Friend, from Philadelphia for London, was taken the 14th of laſt month, being ten days after the ceſſation of hoſtilities, by a Spaniſh privateer, and carried into Bilboa. The Spaniard confined Captain Friend a cloſe priſoner, and would not ſuffer him to write.

Feb. 26. His Majeſty's ſhip Ludlow Caſtle, is appointed to go to Senegal and Goree, with an account of the Definitive Treaty being ſigned; they are alſo to acquaint the Governor of Goree what time that place is to be delivered up to the French.

The Hawke, Capt. Watſon, from Virginia, laſt from Ireland, bound to London, is aſhore near Boulogne. The crew were all ſaved, and moſt of the cargo will be ſaved; and they have great hopes of the ſhip.

Wedneſday morning the Reverend Mr. WHITEFIELD preached his farewel ſermon at the Tabernacle in Moorfields, from Revelations xxii. ver. 21. to a very affectionate and crowded auditory, and ſet out in the afternoon in his way to Scotland, in order to embark at Glaſgow for America.

Notwithſtanding the peace is concluded, we ſhall be ſaddled with the expence of ſome foreign troops at leaſt another year, in conſequence of treaties that muſt be fulfilled whilſt they are in force.

Letters from Hamburgh ſay, that the Grand Duke of Ruſſia is relapſed, and dangerouſly ill; and that a grand alliance is upon the anvil between certain Powers.

The Favourite Polly, Campbell, is arrived at Dingle, from Virginia; ſhe took up the crew of the Peggy, Gaſket, from Virginia to London, which foundered at ſea.

Letters from Holland by the laſt mail adviſe, that they had an account from the Eaſt Indies, that a fleet of Engliſh men of war, with a body of land-forces, under Col. Draper, was gone againſt the Philippine Iſlands.

A Dutch and Flanders mail arrived this day, by which we have undoubted intelligence, that the Definitive Treaty of Peace between the King of Pruſſia on the one part, and the Empreſs Queen and the King of Poland on the other, was concluded and ſigned at the Caſtle of Hubertſbourg, on Tueſday the 15th inſt.

But ſome private letters adviſe, that freſh broils are likely to happen between Denmark and Ruſſia, relative to Holſtein.

Mean while they ſend us word from Hanover, that the number of their forces, which in time of peace uſed to be 24,000, will be reduced to 14,000.

The Prince of Pruſſia, accompanied by his brother, made a viſit on the 5th inſt. to the Court of Saxe-Gotha; and a marriage is talked of between his Royal Highneſs and a Princeſs of this Houſe.

It is ſaid that, by the Definitive Treaty, the privilege claimed by the French of fiſhing in the bay of St. Laurence, is entirely renounced; and that in the Eaſt Indies the French are to have no reſtitution of territory, but only the liberty of trading in their comptoirs, under Britiſh protection.

It is ſaid that the lottery of the preſent year will be divided into two claſſes; and that the firſt will be drawn in May, and the ſecond in November.

The Marquis of Granby's Letter of Thanks to the Britiſh Forces in Germany.

"Munſter Jan. 1. Lord Granby has hoped to have had it in his power to have ſeen and taken his leave of the troops, before their embarkation for England; but a ſevere illneſs having detained him at Warburg, and his preſent ſtate of health obliging him to take another rout, he could not leave this country without this public teſtimony of his entire approbation of their conduct ſince he has had the honour of commanding them.

"Theſe ſentiments naturally call for his utmoſt acknowledgments; he therefore returns his warmeſt thanks to the generals, officers, and private men, compoſing the whole Britiſh corps for the bravery, zeal, diſcipline, and good conduct he has conſtantly experienced from every individual; and his moſt particular and perſonal thanks are due to them for their ready obedience, upon all occaſions, to ſuch orders as his ſtation obliged him to give.

"His beſt endeavours have always been directed to their good, by every means in his power; and he has the ſatisfaction to think he has ſome reaſon to flatter himſelf of their being convinced, if not of the efficacy, at leaſt of the ſincerity, of his intentions, if he may judge by the noble return their behaviour has made him; a behaviour, that while it fills him with gratitude, has endeared them to their King and country, and has covered them with glory and honour.

"Highly ſenſible of their merit, he ſhall continue, while he lives, to look upon it as much his duty, as it will for ever be his inclinations, to give them every poſſible proof of his affection and eſteem; which he ſhould be happy to make as apparent as their valour has been, and will be conſpicuous and exemplary to their after ages."

Feb. 28. They write from Briſtol, that an ape, belonging to a ſailor at Totneſs in Devonſhire, ſeeing his wife waſhing her child in warm water, obſerved her diligently, and in the mother's abſence took the child out of the cradle, and ſetting water over the fire, when it was hot, ſtripped the child naked, and waſhed it therewith till it died.

A private letter from Germany, by the laſt poſt, adviſes, that a treaty of peace was ſigned the 2d inſtant, by which the Dutchy of Cleves, as far as the left ſide of the Banks of the Rhine, is to be given to the Empreſs Queen, in the lieu of which Luſatia, and the two Principalities of Upper Sileſia, are to be yielded to the King of Pruſſia.

CHARLES-TOWN (in SOUTH-CAROLINA) March 26.

On the 18th inſtant his Majeſty's ſhip the Epreuve, commanded by Peter Blake, Eſq; going up to Savannah from Cockſpur, ſtruck on Cock-ſpur Point, and the wind blowing very hard at night, ſhe filled and bilged, ſo that the people were obliged to quit her next morning, and gave her over as entirely loſt.

Extract of a letter, dated Havanna, March 18.

"We expect Admiral Keppel here from Jamaica about the middle of May, and imagine we may all leave this place in about three months: Some tranſports are arrived here from Jamaica to carry off the garriſon, but their deſtination is not known. Six Spaniſh prize ſhips of war, all of the line, viz. Tigre, of 70 guns; Reyna, of 70; Soverano, of 70; Aquilon, of 70, and San Antonio, of 60 guns, are now almoſt ready for the ſea, and are to be ſent to England; they are to be manned from the ſhips here and at Jamaica, with ſailors ſufficient to work them, and a number of ſoldiers are to be put on board each ſhip. The America, and the two ſhips of war that were on the ſtocks, are to be burnt.-------The dock-yards have been deſtroyed in ſuch a manner, as will put it out of the power of the Spaniards to build any men of war here for three years at leaſt."

April 2. The Bonetta man of war is returned from St. Auguſtine, whither ſhe carried diſpatches from this Government. The Governor of that place only waits for inſtructions from his Court, to comply with that part of the Preliminaries which regards the ceſſion of Florida to his Majeſty. The privateers that were fitted out there, have been laid up ſome time, and no prize has been ſent in there ſince the ceſſation of hoſtilities in theſe parts. The Biſhop of Cuba is, by invitation from General Keppel, going to return to his dioceſe. The copy of the Preliminaries ſent from hence, was the firſt authenticated account of them the Governor of St. Auguſtine had received.

There are on board four of the ſhips now outward bound, for England, no leſs than 215,585 lb. of indico, and 235 hogſheads; 232 bundles, &c. of deer-ſkins, beſides ſugars, and other valuable commodities: And in the whole fleet, above 100,000 dollars in ſpecie, beſides gold.

NEW-YORK, April 21.

The Duke of Cumberland Packet Boat, Capt. Goodrich, with the Mail from New-York, arrived at Falmouth the 2d of March laſt. Another Packet is expected here from England in a few Days, which no doubt will bring the Copy of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, none of the articles of which, that we can find, had been made public when the laſt Advices brought by Captain Boulderſon, were ſent from London. It is almoſt certain that the Treaty of Peace between the Empreſs Queen, and the King's of Pruſſia and Poland, has been concluded, though we have no particular, nor authoritative Account of it, and we have the greateſt Reaſon to expect a general Peace between all the Powers in Europe.

April 25. On the 21ſt of February laſt His Majeſty's Sloop Ferret, Capt. Clark, carried into Barbados a large Spaniſh Ship, mounting 18 Six and Nine-Pounders, taken ten Days before the Ceſſation of Arms, as ſhe lay at Anchor under the Weſt End of Porto Rico. She was from the Carraccas, and is eſteemed a very rich Prize. [This is another of the Carracca Fleet, out of which the Temeraire Frigate and Jamaica Privateer took two.)

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.

Yeſterday ſailed for London, the Philadelphia Packet, Captain Budden; with whom went Paſſengers the Honourable WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of this Province, and his two Daughters.

The Schooner Eliſabeth, Captain Davidſon, from this Port for Jamaica, was taken on his Paſſage.

The Brigantine Catherine, Captain Simondſon, from this Place for Jamaica, was loſt on Bermuda, when the Captain, and moſt of the People were drowned.

The Schooner Iſabella, Captain Murphey, from Maryland for Jamaica, is taken, and carried to Barracoa.

The James and Mary, Captain Sparks, for this Port from London, was in the Downes the 25th of February.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Hardie, in London; Montgom-

ry, in Cork; Osburn, in Portrush; and Taylor, in Lairn.

From Boston. The Elisabeth, Dunn, in the Downes; and Lion, Allen, at Bristol.

From Virginia. The Sarah, Dixon, at Bristol; Harriot, Duncan, at Plymouth; Nancy, Robinson, at Falmouth; Planter, M'Taggart, at Portsmouth; Sally, Courtenay, at Westhaven; Nautilus, Boys, and Sally, Wood, at Dover; Society, Williamson, at Belfast; and Virginian, Cabe, at Liverpool.

From Maryland. The Dolly, Anderson, at Bea haven, in Ireland.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Joanna, W. Bartlet, from Salem, in New-England. Sloop Ranger, S. Wyat, and Sloop Britannia, A. Smith, Rhode-Island. Schooner Polly, E. Jones, and Sloop Speedwell, J. Antrum, N. Carolina. Brig Speedwell, J. Auten, Brig Tartar, J. Thornton, and Brig Thistle, C. King, N. Providence. Brig Hannah, W. Kidd, Ship Success, S. Nuttle, and Brig Pompey, M. Davidson, Lisbon. Sloop Defiance, N. Thompson, New-England. Brig George, N. Donnell, Georgia. Schooner Wynyaw, W. Blythe, Brig Greyhound, J. Brockington, and Schooner Dublin, J. Murray, S. Carolina. Brig Two Friends, J. Gowell, Piscataqua. Snow Hibernia, J. Ford, Sloop Monckton, F. Parret, and Sloop Experiment, J. Comron, Havannah. Sloop Peggy, E. Williams, and Schooner Martha and Hannah, W. Kilgour, N. York. Schooner Africa, G. Goddard, Jamaica. Schooner Dreadnought, J. Pearce, and Schooner Saunders, T. Staniford, Salem. Sloop Little Charles, R. Patterson, Lewes. Brig Pollinna, J. Harper, St. Eustatia. Sloop Adventure, J. Delason, Tortola. Sloop Sally, H. Tucker, Antigua.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Nabby, J. Godfrey, for Halifax. Sloop Unity, P. Bunker, Rh. Island. Sloop Nancy, W. Boon; Sloop Success, N. Fletcher, and Sloop Polly, W. Price, Grenades. Ship Britannia, T. Tillett, London; Ship Delaware, P. Creighton, Jamaica. Schooner Two Brothers, J. Nickles, and Schooner Saunders, T. Staniford, Boston. Ship King of Prussia, T. Moore, Cape-Fear. Brig Nancy, J. M'Laughlin, Barbados. Sloop Monckton, W. Mitchell, for St. Kitts.

CLEARED. Sloop Manby, J. Davenport, to Virginia. Schooner Susannah and Hannah, D. Dingee, Maryland. Schooner Abigail, P. Groves, New-England. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, New-York. Brig Hound, E. Yorke, Havanna. Schooner Unity, J. Logan, N. Providence. Ship King of Prussia, T. Moore to Cape-Fear.

Just published, and to be sold at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, in Market-street (Price Two Shillings and Six-pence.)

THE LAWS passed in the last Session of ASSEMBLY of the Province of PENNSYLVANIA.

Just published, and to be sold by WILLIAM DUNLAP, at the Newest Printing-Office, on the South Side of the Jersey-Market, Philadelphia, (Price One Shilling,)

THE LAWFULNESS, EXCELLENCY, and ADVANTAGE of INSTRUMENTAL MUSICK in the publick Worship of GOD, urged and enforced from Scripture, and the Example of the far greater Part of Christians in all Ages. Addressed to all (particularly the Presbyterians and Baptists) who have hitherto been taught to look upon the Use of Instrumental Musick in the Worship of GOD as unlawful. By a PRESBYTERIAN.

Musick has Charms to sooth the Savage Breast,
To soften Rocks, and bend the knotted Oak. CONGREVE.

To all Merchants, Masters of Vessels, Pilots and others.

WHEREAS by an Act of Assembly of this Province of Pennsylvania, it is enacted, "That from and "after the Publication hereof, no unhealthy or sickly "Vessels, coming from any unhealthy or sickly Place whatsoever, "shall come nearer than one Mile to any of the Towns or Ports "of this Province or Territories; or shall presume to bring to "Shore such Vessels, nor to land their Goods or Passengers at any of the said Ports or Places, until they shall obtain a "Licence for their Landing at Philadelphia from the Governor "and Council, or from any two Justices of the Peace of any "other Port or County of this Province or Territories, under the "Penalty of One Hundred Pounds for every such Vessel so landing as aforesaid."

And whereas, by one other Act, passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King GEORGE the Third, intituled, "An Act for erecting the Southern Suburbs of the City of "Philadelphia into the District of Southwark," &c. it is, among other Things, further enacted, "That from and after the "Publication of this Act, no unhealthy or sickly Vessels shall "come nearer than one Mile to the Southern Bounds of said District, nor shall presume to bring to Shore such Vessels, nor to "land their Passengers or Goods at any Part of the said District, "until they shall obtain a Licence for their Landing from the "Governor for the Time being, and his Council, or from any "two Justices of the Peace for the County of Philadelphia, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds for every Passenger so landed, "and One Hundred Pounds for every Vessel so brought within a "Mile of the Bounds aforesaid; to be paid by the Commander, "Merchant or Owners of the said Vessel offending in the Premises," to be recovered and appropriated as by said Laws appears.

And as too great a Disregard has been shewn these Laws, by which Means the Lives and Health of the Inhabitants have been fatally exposed, This publick Notice is therefore given (by the Subscriber the Officer) to all Persons concerned therein, that they may govern themselves accordingly, as the Laws will be most rigorously executed against all Delinquents in the Premises.

THOMAS COOMBE, Health Officer.

N. B. The Southern Bounds of the said District extends Half a Mile to the Southward of the present Battery; therefore all such Vessels are not to come nearer than one Mile and a Half of the same.

WHEREAS an Advertisement, signed by me, containing Proposals for a Settlement on the Ohio, was inserted in the Pennsylvania Gazette, of the 21st of April inst. And Whereas it is judged necessary I should desist entirely in the Prosecution thereof, until His Majesty's Pleasure is known concerning the Lands in Question; I therefore think proper to recal my said Proposals, and to acquaint those Persons that might have been desirous of becoming Settlers, that it will be unnecessary for them to apply to me, unless I shall hereafter be enabled, by Authority, to assure them of Success.

¶ T. WEBB, Lieut. of the 48th Regiment.

ABOUT 30 or 40 Years since, two Brothers, of the Name of CLARK, and afterwards a third Brother, of the Name of GEORGE CLARK, came over to this Province from the City of Glouceſter, or from Newent, in the County of Glouceſter, and all died in this City. George Clark, who survived his two Brothers, died without Issue, about 20 Years since, leaving, it is said, considerable Effects behind him, on which some Person in this Province sent over to England, about 18 Years since, an Advertisement, which was published in the News Papers there, to apprize his Relations of their Title to the same. And as no Claimant appeared, another Advertisement, to the same Effect, was again published in England, about four Years since, informing the Relations (if any) where to apply. But this Advertisement not coming to the Knowledge of the Relations till some Time after it was put in the Papers, and they not being able to find out what Paper it was in, they cannot tell where to apply for the necessary Information. They would be therefore obliged to any Person who knew George Clark, and his Circumstances, to acquaint them of the Particulars, by a Letter, directed to WILLIAM CLARK, to be left at the New Printing-Office.

ZACHARIAH POULSON,

BOOKBINDER,

HAS opened Shop at the Sign of the BIBLE, in Second-street, between Arch and Race-streets; where he binds all Sorts of BOOKS, in the best and neatest Manner; and where may be had all Sorts of Chapman Books, Ink-powder, black and red Ink, &c. &c. at the most reasonable Rates. All those who may please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being served in the best Manner,

By their humble Servant,

ZACHARIAH POULSON.

Just imported, and to be sold by

DAVID HALL,

At the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, the following Books, viz.

BEAWSE's Lex Mercatoria; Wood's, Horseman's, and Bridgeman's Conveyancers; Jacob's Law Dictionary; Dittoabridged; Hale's Pleas of the Crown; Godolphin's Orphan's Legacy; Burn's and Shaw's Justices; Scrivener's Guide; Freeholder's Companion; Doctor and Student; Every Man his own Lawyer; Bacon's Law of Awards; Crown Circuit Companion; Library of the Law; Office and Duty of a Coroner; Attorney's and Pleader's Treasury; Laws of the Admiralty; Practicing Attorney; Naval Trade and Commerce; Law of Covenants; Baron and Feme; Shaw's Parish Law; Gilbert's Law of Ejectments; Ditto's Law of Evidence; Fielding on Penal Laws; Spirit of Laws; Law of Executions; Compleat Jury-Man; Law of Arrests; Attorney's Pocket Companion, and Pocket Book; Dalrymple on Feudal Property; Student's Law Dictionary; Guide to Juries; Attorney's Practice in the Court of Common Pleas; Young Clerk's Magazine, &c.

Weston's and Webster's Book-keeping; Newton and Hammond's Algebra; Wilson's, Love's, and Lawrence's Surveying; Potter's Mathematicks; Stone's and Cunn's Euclid; Wingate's, Hill's, and Cocker's Arithmetick; Smith's Longinus; Postlethwaite on Trade; London and Country Brewer; Angeloni's Letters; Rimius's History of the Moravians; Rollin's and Livy's Roman History; Maupertuis's Figure of the Earth; Henault's History of France; Campbell's Lives of the Admirals; Art of ingeniously tormenting; Art of speaking; Gentleman instructed; and Gentleman and Lady instructed; King's British Merchant; Grand Tour through Britain; Handmaid to the Arts; Anson's Voyage, large and small; Ulloa's Voyage to South America.

Voyage to the East-Indies; wherein are many curious and useful Observations and Anecdotes.

Memoirs of Maximilian De Bethun, Duke of Sully, prime Minister of Henry the Great; to which is annexed the Trial of Ravaillac, for the Murder of Henry the Great.

A Description of the Spanish Islands and Settlements, on the Coast of the West-Indies, by a Gentleman that resided many Years in the Spanish Settlements, and illustrated with 32 Maps, &c.

Voyages from Asia to America, for compleating the Discoveries of the North-west Coast of America; to which is prefixed, a Summary of the Voyages made by the Russians on the Frozen Sea, in Search of the North-west Passage, with Maps.

The Wonders of Nature and Art; being an Account of whatever is most curious and remarkable throughout the World; illustrated with Notes, adorned with Copper-plates.

The Spectator, Guardian and Tatler; Female and Universal Spectator; Don Quixotte, and Gil Blas; The World, Connoisseur, Rambler, and Adventurer; Nature Displayed; Pamela; Peregrine Pickle; Memoirs of Ninon De L'Enclos; Tom Brown's Works; Devil on Two Sticks, and Crutches; Pope's, Swift's, Young's Thompson's, Shakespear's, Molliere's, and Congreve's Works; Joseph Andrews, &c. &c. &c.

Of whom also may be had, a Parcel of political Pamphlets.

STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber, living in Fogs Manor, Chester County, a grey Mare, with a short bob Tail; she trots out of Hand, and paces when rid, is about 12 or 13 Hands high, with a long Mane, and shod before. Whoever takes up and secures said Mare, so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by me

¶ JOHN M'NAIR.

WAS LOST,

On the Twenty-fifth of April instant, on Lancaster Road,

ABout NINETEEN POUNDS, in Paper Money, wrapped up in a Piece of brown Paper, amongst which were some Five Pound Bills. Whoever has or shall find the same, and will bring it to MATTHIAS BUSH, in Market-street, Philadelphia, shall have Five Pounds Reward for their Trouble. ⊕

STRAYED away from the Subscriber, living in Hanover Township, Philadelphia County, on the 18th Day of April instant, a likely Horse and Mare; the Horse is of a bay Colour, is about 15 Hands high, seven Years old, strong and well set, of good Courage, and hard to catch, shod all round, has a particular Mark under his Foretop, a long loose Lump, or Kind of Whart, on which the Hair grows long, and was trimmed before he strayed; has a bob Tail, trots and paces well, and hand gallops. The Mare is a Strawberry Roan, near 14 Hands high, about nine Years old, her Mane had been trimmed on the near Side, but was grown middling long when she strayed, had old Shoes on before, a middling long bob Tail, a natural Pacer, and the Brand unknown, if she has any. Whoever takes up the said Horse and Mare, so that the Owner may have them again, shall have Twenty Shillings for each, or Forty Shillings for both, and reasonable Charges, paid by me

¶ JACOB BECHTELL.

ON Friday, the Sixth Day of May next, the Fishing Company of FORT St. DAVID's are desired to give their Attendance at the Falls of Schuylkill, when the Fishery will begin, and continue every other Friday during the Season. ¶

HERO,

A Spruce Horse, a neat Hackney, Part blooded, 15 Hands high, black, handsomely marked, coming eight Years old this Grass, bred by Ebenezer Holmes, of Connecticut, in New-England, got by Colonel John Bryson's noble Monticue, a Colt of the famous Acid, which came from Europe, and out of a fine Mare, a Colt of the Old Peacock's; covers this Spring, at Twenty Shillings each Mare, for the Season, at the Sign of the White Horse, on Conestogoe Road, under the Care of Owen Ashton.

8 JOS. RICHARDSON.

To be SOLD, or LEASED,

A LOT of Ground, situate on the East Side of Seventh-street, a little above Arch-street, containing in Breadth 36 Feet, and in Depth 148 Feet and an Half; bounded on the West by Seventh-street, on the South by Ground belonging to Richard Hockley, Esq; on the East by Land late of Peter Bezalion, and on the North by John Harper's Lot. For further Particulars, and Terms, apply to LYDIA STOW, in Second-street. ⊕

WHEREAS Ann Crane, the Wife of Francis Crane, of Philadelphia, hath eloped from him, without a just Cause; and as he has suffered much by her in several Places, before he came to Philadelphia, by paying extravagant Debts of her contracting, he therefore forewarns all Persons trusting her on his Account, for he will not pay any Debts which she may contract after the Date hereof.

April 27, 1763. FRANCIS CRANE.

ON the 31st Day of January last was left at the House of Joseph Haight, Inn-keeper, in Burlington, by one John Tapley, a bay Horse, Saddle and Bridle. If said Tapley does not come and take him away, he will be sold, to pay his Charges, on the fifth Day of May next. ¶

Burlington, March 24, 1763.

WHEREAS 7 New-York Lottery Tickets were inclosed in a Letter, directed to a Person at Burlington, and entrusted to the Care of John Simmonds, was by Accident left at South River; and said Letter having been since received by the Person to whom it was directed, and the Tickets either dropt or taken out, this is to inform any Person who may have found said Tickets, that the Payment of any Prizes they may draw is stopt at New-York; and that if they will send them to the House of the Subscriber, they shall be paid One Dollar for their Trouble, by

LAMBERT BARNES.

N. B. The Numbers of the Tickets are, 5433, 5434, 5435, 5436, 5437, 5438 and 5439. 4 W.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1763.

On Monday, the second Day of May next, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, will be sold, at the London Coffee-House,

The Privateer HERO,

SAMUEL APPOWEN Commander,

With all her Guns, Warlike and other Stores, as she came from Sea, agreeable to an Inventory to be seen at the said Coffee-House.

This Ship is 98 Feet Keel streight Rabbit, 32 Feet and an Half Beam, 10 Feet 9 Inches Hold, 4 Feet 9 Inches between Decks, was launched last June, and very compleatly fitted, with Plenty of Rigging, Sails and Stores, which have only been used one short Cruize.

TO be sold by public Vendue, on the Premises, on the First Day of May next, or any Time before, at private Sale, a valuable Tract of Land, situate, lying and being in Hunterdon County, in the Province of New-Jersey, within two Miles of Princetown, whereon are a good Stone Dwelling-house, good Orchard, a large Quantity of good Meadow Ground, and more may be made; a suitable Quantity of cleared Land, in good Fence, the Remainder exceedingly well timbered, and the whole conveniently watered. The Farm contains about 110 Acres, adjoining the Plantation whereon the Subscriber lives, from which an Addition of 50 or 100 Acres will be made to the other Farm, if the Purchaser should chuse it. An indisputable Title will be given by

SAMUEL STOCKTON.

TO be sold by publick Vendue, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of Virginia, for enlarging the Town of Alexandria, 58 Lots, or Half Acres of Land. This Town is beautifully situated near the Falls of Patowmack, one of the finest Rivers in North-America; it affords good Navigation for the largest Ships in Europe up to the Town, where there is an excellent Harbour. The Country back is very extensive, and the Soil capable of producing Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Flax, Hemp, &c. in great Perfection. Its equal Convenience for transporting any Commodity to the Waters of the Ohio, is obvious to any One that will give himself the Trouble of examining the Draughts of the Country.

JOHN CARLYLE, Treasurer.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphans Court, for the County of Chester, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the late Dwelling-house of John Lamplugh, late of Lower Chichester Township, in the said County, Shipwright, deceased, will be exposed to Sale by William Lamplugh, Administrator of the Goods and Chattels of the said John Lamplugh deceased, A certain Brick Messuage or Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground thereunto belonging, situate, lying and being in Lower Chichester aforesaid, commonly called Marcus-hook, containing in Breadth, on the River Delaware, 120 Feet, and extending back 540 Feet, being the real Estate of the said Deceased. Attendance will be given on the Day of Sale by the said Administrator.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the said Estate, are desired to pay; and those that have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be paid. ¶

Kennet, April 11, 1763.

TO be sold, by public Vendue, on the 2d Day of May next, by the Subscriber, a valuable Plantation, in the Township aforesaid, containing about 120 Acres, 60 whereof cleared, 12 Acres of good Meadow, chiefly watered, and in very good Repair, on which is erected a good square Log house and Kitchen, and Weaver's Shop of Stone; a tolerable Log-barn, a very good and large Orchard. The Title indisputable. The Purchaser paying Part in Hand, and giving Security, if required, shall have a reasonable Time for the Remainder. At said Time and Place will be sold, a Crop of Wheat and Rye in the Ground, and sundry Articles, too tedious to mention. The Vendue to begin at 10 o'Clock said Day, where Attendance will be given by ⊕ ENOCH EACHUS.

April 13, 1763.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of John Blackwood, late of the Northern Liberties, deceased, by Note or Book Debts, are desired to pay at or before the 10th of May next, or expect to be proceeded against as the Law directs. And all who have any Demands against said Estate, to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be settled and paid by

‖ JANE BLACKWOOD, Executrix.

NOTICE is hereby once more given, That there are in Easton Goal, in the County of Northampton, Two Negroe Men, and one Woman, with a Male Child, of about 3 Years old. One of said Men gives himself the Name of Spencer Lake, and says he run away from one John Pennel, in Maryland, who had hired him of his Master Col. Palmer. The others Names unknown, being New Negroes, and speaking little or no English. It is supposed, by what can be learned from them, that they run-away from Schenectady, or thereabouts. The Masters or Owners of said Negroes are desired to come and pay their Charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be sold for the same, by the Sixteenth of May next, without further Notice, by

JACOB BACHMAN, Jail-keeper. ¶

JOHN DAVID,

GOLDSMITH,

At the Coffee Pot next Door to Second-street Corner, in Chestnut-street,

MAKES and sells all Manner of Gold and Silver Work, in the neatest Manner. Those who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being faithfully served, at the most reasonable Rates.

N. B. He also gives the full Value for old Gold and Silver.

Virginia, February 8, 1763.

TO be sold, at my Warehouses, near the Falls of James River any Quantity of good COAL, from my Pits, in this Colony. SAMUEL DU-VAL.

To be SOLD,

A NEAT four Wheel Chaise, and Harness. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

IN Purſuance of a late Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the Province of Pennſylvania, intituled, "An Act to prevent and remove certain Nuſances in and near the City of Philadelphia," We the Subſcribers, SUPERVISORS of the Highways, in the Townſhip of the Northern Liberties, with the Aſſent of two of His Majeſty's Juſtices for the County of Philadelphia, have limited, directed and appointed, that no Vaults, Wells or Sinks, hereafter to be dug and made in the ſeveral built Parts of the ſaid Northern Liberties, for Privies, or Neceſſary Houſes, ſhall exceed the Depths following, of which all Perſons are deſired to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

In Front-ſtreet, on the Eaſt Side,

From Vine-ſtreet to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, from the Level of the lower Floor of the Dwelling-houſe of Samuel Evans, late of Thomas Boud, Fifteen Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, Seven Feet, to be taken from the Level of the lower Floor of John Godfery Lamburger's Dwelling-houſe, nearly oppoſite the Sugar-houſe.

In Front-ſtreet, on the Weſt Side, Half-way Weſtward to Second-ſtreet, to be taken from the Level of the lower Floor of the Dwelling-houſe of William Wallace,

From Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twelve Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Vine-ſtreet, Fifteen Feet, to be taken from the Level of the lower Floor of the Dwelling-houſe of Samuel Evans.

In Second ſtreet, on the Eaſt Side, Half-way Eaſtward to Front-ſtreet, to be taken from the Level of the Pebbel Pavement, oppoſite Wood-ſtreet,

From Vine-ſtreet to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twenty Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, Twenty Feet, to be taken from the Level of the lower Floor of the North Wing of the Barracks.

In Second-ſtreet, on the Weſt Side, Half-way Weſtward to Third-ſtreet, from the Level of the lower Floor of the North Wing of the Barracks,

From Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twenty Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Vine-ſtreet, Twenty Feet, to be taken from the Level of the Pebbel Pavement, oppoſite Wood-ſtreet.

In Third ſtreet, on the Eaſt Side, Half-way Eaſtward to Second-ſtreet, to be taken from the Level of Second-ſtreet,

From Vine-ſtreet, to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twenty Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, Twenty Feet.

In Third-ſtreet, on the Weſt Side, Half-way Weſtward to Fourth-ſtreet, to be taken from the Level of Second-ſtreet,

From Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twenty Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Vine-ſtreet, Twenty Feet.

In Fourth-ſtreet, on the Eaſt Side, Half way Eaſtward to Third-ſtreet, to be taken from the Level of Second-ſtreet,

From Vine-ſtreet, to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twenty Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, Twenty Feet.

In Fourth-ſtreet, on the Weſt Side, Half-way Weſtward to Fifth-ſtreet, to be taken from the Level of Second-ſtreet,

From Cohockſink, or Stacy's Creek, to Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, Twenty Feet.

From Cohoquinoque, or Peg's Run, to Vine-ſtreet, Twenty Feet.

JOS. CANNON,
JOHN NICE.

¶

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber the laſt Winter, an old black Cow, with a white Spot in her Face. The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, is deſired to take her away. JOHN INGHAM. ¶

TO be ſold at publick Vendue, on Wedneſday, the firſt Day of June next, on the Premiſes, or at private Sale before, ſituated in the County of Hunterdon, on Lamenton River, in New-Jerſey, A good new Forge or Finery, with three Pair of Bellows, and three Fire-places, and all the Utenſils belonging to it, with a good Coal-houſe, and Out-houſes for Forge-men to live in; together with a good Farm, containing 335 Acres of Land, about 100 whereof is cleared; 15 Acres of good Meadow, and as much more may be made with little Trouble, the reſt good Wood Land; the Farm is ſituated adjoining the Forge, and has on it a convenient Dwelling-houſe, with three Fire-places, and a fine Spring of Water near the Door, and a young Orchard of 180 Apple Trees, many whereof are grafted with the beſt of Fruit. Any Perſon or Perſons inclining to purchaſe the Forge only, with the conveniencies thereunto belonging, may have it, with about fifty Acres of good Paſture and Meadow Ground, as there is a Proſpect of getting Timber or Wood Land at a reaſonable Rate, at a ſmall Diſtance from the Forge. Whoever has a Mind to purchaſe, may apply to Chriſtopher Beekman, living on the Premiſes, who will agree on reaſonable Terms, and will give an indiſputable Title for the ſame.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, living in Dorcheſter County, Maryland, in September laſt, A Mulatto Fellow, called Jack Corniſh, about 23 Years of Age, and by Trade a Weaver, about 5 Feet high, his Viſage is round, his Complexion light for a Mulatto, and his Carriage very ſtately, pretending to be very genteel, talkative and complaiſant. Whoever ſecures him, ſo that the Subſcriber can get him, ſhall have Five Pounds, if taken out of the Province, Fifty Shillings if out of the County, and Forty Shillings if taken in the County, paid by

£8 8 Ws. JOHN TURNER.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale, at public Vendue, on the Premiſes, on the 7th Day of May next, at Twelve o'Clock in the Forenoon, a certain Piece or Tract of Land, in Amity Townſhip, Berks County, adjoining Southward to the River Schuylkill, Eaſtward to Walter Campbell's and Philip Trump's Land, Northward to Jacob Waren's Land, and Weſtward to William Winder's Land; containing 43 Acres, with a good Houſe and Barn, a good Piece of Meadow cleared, good Plough Land, and a middling good Orchard; late the Property of Hugh M'Caffery; ſeized and taken in Execution, by

HENRY CHRIST, Sheriff.

Manalen Townſhip, York County, April 1763.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber, the 14th Inſtant, at Night, a ſorrel Horſe, 11 or 12 Years old, 13 or 14 Hands high, paces a Travel, but trots out of Hand, has ſome Saddle-marks, and is

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branded on the near Shoulder thus H B, with his Mane trimmed, and a bob Tail. It is thought he is taken towards Philadelphia or New-York, and is ſuppoſed to be taken by one George Marchel, who went from this Neighbourhood that Night, and was ſeen in York with ſuch a Horſe. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Horſe and Thief, ſo that the Horſe may be had again, and the Thief brought to Juſtice, ſhall have Forty Shillings for each, paid by me CUTHBERT MAINS.

To be LETT on Rent for ever, or SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

SUndry Lots on Society-hill, in Front-ſtreet continued, and others in Second-ſtreet continued, near the New Market, and in Lombard-ſtreet, near the New Market.

A large wooden Tenement and Lot in Second-ſtreet, fronting ſaid New Market, and ſundry Lots in Germantown.

A Stone Houſe in German Square, with about 50 Acres of good Land, great Part of it well timbered. And

Eight Acres of improved Meadow Ground, with a conſtant Stream of Water running through the ſame, adjoining Juſtice Aſhmead's Plantation, in the Northern Liberties. Said Meadow is well ſituated for the Accommodation of the ſaid Stone Houſe, and 50 Acres of Land.

A good Plantation in Cumberland County, containing 200 Acres of Land, 30 Acres of Up-land, and 25 Acres of Meadow Ground, being cleared, and under good Fencing, and the Water of the noted big Spring, a conſtant Stream, running through the Tract, whereon is a Mill Seat.

And to be Lett only, at the Town of Shippensburgh, in the County of Cumberland aforeſaid,

Sundry Lots of Ground in King's and Queen's Streets, at the uſual Rents.

A ſmall Plantation, with a Stone Houſe, and ſome cleared Up-land and Meadowing, at the Weſt End of the ſaid Town. Enquire of the Subſcriber, at Lancaſter, or of his Sons Edward and Joſeph, or Dr. William Shippen, in Philadelphia.

EDWARD SHIPPEN.

¶

JOHN SEARSON

BEING moved to New-York, all Perſons that are indebted to him by Bond, Bill, Book-debt or otherwiſe, are deſired to pay the ſame to Mr. Samuel Johnſon, Attorney at Law, in Second-ſtreet, who has a Letter of Attorney to receive the ſame; and all Perſons who have any Demands againſt him, are deſired to bring in the ſame, that they may be adjuſted.

To be ſold by the ſaid SEARSON, A Ground-rent of Twenty-five Pounds per Annum for ever, iſſuing out of Ground in Paſſyunk Townſhip, within 4 Miles of the City; alſo a Houſe in Second-ſtreet, near the Corner of Callow-hill Street, now letts at Thirty Pounds per Annum. For Terms of Sale apply to ſaid Samuel Johnſton. ¶

Thirty Dollars Reward.

STrayed or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, living in Lebanon Townſhip, Hunterdon County, and Province of Weſt-New-Jerſey, Two black Mares (one of them in April 1761) about 5 Years old, and about 14 Hands high, very well made, branded I L on the near Shoulder and Buttock, with ſome white Hairs in her Forehead, a natural Trotter, ſhort dock'd, with a Switch Tail, a ſhort Head, full ey'd, and round bodied, and very handſome from the Ears to the Heels. The other Mare two Years old, a natural Pacer, and goes well, ſhort dock'd, with a Switch Tail, and a ſmall Star under her Fore-top. She went away in April 1762. Whoever brings the firſt Mare to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Ten Dollars Reward, and all reaſonable Charges; and if the Thief be ſecured, and brought to Juſtice, ſhall have Twenty Dollars; and for the other Mare, if brought to the Subſcriber, Six Dollars; and if ſtolen, and the Thief ſecured, ſhall have Ten Dollars, paid by me

¶ WILLIAM HAZLIT.

Shrewſbury, Eaſt-New-Jerſey, April 10, 1763.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN-AWAY on the 12th Inſt. A Servant Man, named Edward May, an Engliſhman born, can neither read nor write, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, a Bricklayer by Trade, and is a very ſwift Workman, has dark Hair, ſome Marks of the Small-pox in his Face, and has a particular Roll in his Walk: Had on when he went away, A grey Frize Coat, with Glaſs top'd Buttons, and Kings Faces under them, a black Silk Jacket, black Manchester Velvet Breeches, and a checked Shirt. Whoever will ſecure ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOSIAH HALSTEAD.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed that he went off with one Samuel Leonard, late of the ſame Place, who ſupplies the ſaid Servant with Money. £8 5 Ws.

TO be ſold by publick Vendue, on the 16th of May, A Plantation in Tredyffryn, 19 Miles from Philadelphia, in the Great Valley, Cheſter County, containing 100 Acres of Land, in good Repair, between 40 and 50 cleared, 10 Acres Meadow, and as much more may be made, and all watered. There is on ſaid Plantation a good Merchant Mill, with two Pair of Stones, and three Boulting Mills, all go by Water, and the Mill-houſe large enough to hold 4 or 5000 Buſhels of Wheat, and is on a conſtant Stream of Water in the drieſt Seaſons, and in a good Part of the Country for getting of good Wheat, it being about 6 Miles from the White Horſe on Lancaſter Road, and as near to Philadelphia, where great Numbers of Waggons paſs from the back Parts with Wheat. Alſo a good ſtone Houſe, with 3 and 4 Rooms on a Floor, which has been a Tavern near 20 Years, a Barn and Stables, a Stone Milk-houſe, and another Dwelling-houſe may be repaired; good Lime-ſtone and Kiln on the Premiſes; a good Orchard; the cleared Land well limed and dunged. The above Plantation would have been ſold the 6th of April, but on Account of ſome Reſerves relating to ſome Mines on the Land, but is now to be ſold clear of thoſe Incumbrances. Likewiſe, on ſaid Day, one Team of Horſes, one Waggon, one Cart and Gears, two Saddle Horſes, Hogs, Sheep, and ſundry Utenſils of Huſbandry, with the greateſt Part of the Houſhold Furniture, and 5 or 6 Negroes. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, may know the Terms by applying to JOSEPH MITCHELL.

N. B. The Plantation may be entered upon immediately, but if not ſold, to be rented for a Term of Years.

To be SOLD,

A SERVANT Man's Time, who has four Years to ſerve, and is about 24 Years of Age. Enquire of Matthias Bootman, at the Orange Tree, on Glouceſter Road, about a Mile from Philadelphia. ‡

Maryland, Charles County, March 1, 1763.

TO be ſold by the Subſcribers, at public Vendue, on Tueſday the 10th Day of May next, at the late Dwelling-houſe of Mr. John Fendall, deceaſed, for Sterling Caſh, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Virginia or Inſpection Currency, A choice Parcel of Country born Slaves, conſiſting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls; among them are ſeveral Tradeſmen, and Houſe Maids that underſtand Cooking, &c. A Variety of Houſhold Furniture, and ſundry Horſes, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep. Alſo the ſaid John Fendall's Stud of blooded Horſes, Mares and Colts; among which is the Famous Grey Stone Horſe that beat Goodrick's Black a Quarter of a Mile, with 85 odds in Riding; He alſo won a Match of a Quarter of a Mile againſt a Virginia Horſe called Hips, and is thought by Gentlemen, who know him, to be a very ſwift Horſe. He was bred by Col. Taſker, and will be delivered in good Order to the Purchaſer. Time will be allowed for Payment, if required, on giving Bond and Security. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock, and continue till all is ſold. SARAH FENDALL, PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL, Execut. ¶

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Saturday, the 7th Day of May next, at three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Margaret Donaldſon, in Southwark, 2 Lots of Ground; one of them containing in Breadth, on the South Side of Chriſtian-ſtreet, 53 Feet, and in Depth 80 Feet; the other containing in Breadth, on a 30 Feet Alley, 20 Feet, and in Depth 113 Feet; each Lot ſubject to a Ground-rent of Two Shillings per Foot to the Swedes Congregation; late the Property of James Bayley, and taken in Execution by me JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, at the Houſe of Iſaac Williams, on Society Hill, on Monday, the 9th Day of May next, at 5 o'Clock in the Afternoon, a Lot of Ground, with a two Story Brick Kitchen and Waſh-houſe erected thereon, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Third-ſtreet, and adjoining to St. Peter's Church, containing in Front, on ſaid Street, 20 Feet, and in Depth 198 Feet; late the Property of John Davis deceaſed, and taken in Execution by me

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Tueſday, the 10th Day of May next, on the Premiſes, at 5 o'Clock in the Afternoon, three Lots of Ground, lying on the Weſt Side of Fourth-ſtreet, and on the Corner of Apple-tree Alley, between Arch and Saſſafras-ſtreets, containing in Breadth, each Lot, on Fourth-ſtreet 15 Feet 4 Inches, and in Depth 131 Feet. One other Lot, lying on the North Side of Apple-tree Alley, containing in Front, on ſaid Alley, 19 Feet 8 Inches, and in Depth 138 Feet, adjoining the Lands of Thomas Stretch, and Abraham Mitchell; late the Property of Henry Chads, and taken in Execution by me

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 18, 1763.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Wedneſday, the 11th Day of May next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of the Widow M'Vaugh, in Francfort, a Tract of Land, lying and being in the Townſhip of Abington, containing 64 Acres, adjoining the Lands of Nicholas Moore, and Silas Criſpin; late the Property of John Thomas, and Samuel Weſtcomb, and taken in Execution by me

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, April 4, 1763.

THE CONTRIBUTORS to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, are notified to attend at the ſaid Hoſpital, on the Second Day of next Month, between the Hours of Two and Four in the Afternoon, being the Time appointed by Law for the Election of twelve Managers, and a Treaſurer, for the Year enſuing; when the Accounts of the State of that charitable Inſtitution, for the preſent Year, are intended to be laid before them.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Creditors of James Anderſon, late of Buckingham, in the County of Bucks, Pennſylvania, That whereas the ſaid Anderſon hath departed this Province, without paying his Debts, Attachment hath iſſued, and been levied the 21ſt of Third Month, 1763, on all his Goods, Chattels and Credits, found in ſaid County, according to Law of ſaid Province for Debts under Five Pounds, to anſwer his Creditors, that the 10th Day of the Fifth Month next, at the Houſe of the Subſcriber, of Soleſbury Townſhip, in ſaid County, is the Time and Place appointed for the ſaid Creditors to appear, and make Proof of their reſpective Demands, in order that farther legal Meaſures may be taken by JONATHAN INGHAM. ¶

Philadelphia, April 7, 1763.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Members of the Library Company of Philadelphia, that they are to meet, purſuant to their Charter, on Monday, the Second Day of May next, at the Library, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, and a Treaſurer, and to make their Thirty-firſt Annual Payment. FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Secretary.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1763.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Members of the UNION LIBRARY COMPANY, that they are to meet, purſuant to their Charter, on Monday, the 16th of May, at the New Library Room, in Third-ſtreet, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year, and to make their annual Payment.

N. B. The Cellar, under ſaid Library, is to be lett. Enquire of David Evans, next Door. £8

THE Members of the Germantown Library Company are deſired to meet at their Library Room in Germantown, on Monday, the Second Day of May next, between the Hours of Two and Six in the Afternoon, to make their Nineteenth annual Payment, and chooſe Directors, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year. By Order of the Directors,

£8 WOLLERY MENG, Secretary.

THE Members of the ASSOCIATION LIBRARY COMPANY, are deſired to meet at the Library Room, in Philadelphia, on the Second Day of the Fifth Month (May) at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, Treaſurer and Clerk, for the enſuing Year, and to make their Seventh annual Payment.

¶ JOHN ARMITT, Clerk.

THE Members of the AMICABLE LIBRARY are deſired to meet, at the Library Room, the Tenth Day of May next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Directors, Treaſurer and Clerk, for the enſuing Year. ‡

To be RUN for,

At CHRISTINE FERRY, on the third Day of May,

A SUBSCRIPTION Purſe of TEN POUNDS, by any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, full Blood excepted; to run the two Mile Heats, and repeat the Heats; each Horſe to carry nine Stone; Entrance Money Ten Shillings, if entered two Days before the Race is run, or Twenty Shillings at the Poſt. The Entrance Money to be run for the next Day, by any Horſe that never has run for more than Forty Shillings. Entrance Money to be paid to DANIEL M'LONIN, in New-Caſtle, CORNELIUS TOBIN, or DANIEL TURNER, at Chriſtine Ferry. ⊕

TO be ſold, by Way of public Vendue, on the ſecond Day of May next, A Lot of Land, ſituate in Middletown, in the County of Bucks, at the Four-Lane-Ends: There is on it a good bearing Orchard, a Stone Houſe, with three Rooms on a Floor, a good Brick Smith's Shop, and ſundry other Buildings. The Place is very ſuitable for a Blackſmith, or any other Tradeſman, or publick Buſineſs.——The Conditions to be made known at the Time and Place aforeſaid. NATHANIEL ELLICOT. ‖

NOTICE is hereby given to the Managers of St. John's Church Lottery, that the Subſcriber had the good Fortune to draw a Prize in the ſaid Lottery by a Ticket, No. 3282, ſigned by John Singleton, and for which ſaid Prize I have been to him two different Times, but could not get it, and my living at ſuch a great Diſtance, makes me take this Method to inform all the Managers of ſaid Lottery, that if they do not take ſome Method that the Money may be paid unto Mr. John Barr, at Lancaſter, who is appointed to receive it, or to myſelf, living in Frederick Town and County, Maryland, by the 10th Day of May, 1763, they may expect to be proceeded againſt according to Law; by CHARLES BEATTY. ¶

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